# Thoracic and cardiovascular surgeries in Japan during 2017 

Annual report by the Japanese Association for Thoracic Surgery

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The Japanese Association for Thoracic Surgery has conducted annual surveys of thoracic surgery throughout Japan since 1986 to determine statistics pertaining to the number of procedures performed, based on surgical category. Herein, we summarize the results of the association's annual survey of thoracic surgery performed in 2017.

Adhering to the norm to date, thoracic surgery was classified into three categories: cardiovascular, general thoracic, and esophageal surgeries. Patient data were examined and analyzed for each group. Access to computerized data is available to all members of the association. We honor and value all members' continued professional support and contributions (Tables 1, 2).

Incidence of hospital mortality was included in the survey to determine nationwide status, which has contributed to Japanese surgeons' understanding of the present status of thoracic surgery in Japan, while helping to effect progress for improving operative results by enabling them to compare their work with that of others. In this way, the association has been able to gain a better understanding of present problems and future prospects, which is reflected in its activities and the education of its members.

Thirty-day mortality (so-called operative mortality) is defined as death within 30 days of surgery, regardless of the patient's geographic location, including after the patient is discharged from hospital. Hospital mortality is

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defined as death within any time interval following surgery if the patient has not been discharged from hospital.

Hospital-to-hospital transfer in the category of esophageal surgery is not considered a form of discharge; transfer to a nursing home or a rehabilitation unit is considered hospital discharge, unless the patient subsequently dies because of complications from surgery. Contrastingly, hospital-to-hospital transfer 30 days following surgery in the categories of cardiovascular and general thoracic surgery is considered discharge, as data related to the National Clinical Database (NCD 2017) were employed in this category, and hospital-to-hospital transfer 30 days following surgery is considered discharge according to the NCD.

## Survey abstract

All data pertaining to cardiovascular and thoracic surgeries were obtained from the NCD, whereas data regarding esophageal surgery were collected from a survey questionnaire derived from the Japanese Association for Thoracic Surgery documentation. The reason for this was that NCD information regarding esophageal surgery does not include non-surgical cases (i.e., patients with adjuvant chemotherapy or radiation only).

Because of changes in data collection related to cardiovascular surgery (initially self-reported using questionnaire sheets in each participating institution up to 2014, then by downloading an automatic package from the Japanese Cardiovascular Surgery Database (JCVSD), a cardiovascular sub-section of the NCD), the response rate is not available and is, therefore, not indicated in the cardiovascular surgery category (Table 1). Additionally, the number of institutions (based on surgery count) was not calculated in the cardiovascular surgery category (Table 2).

Table 1 Number of institutions involved in the survey

|  | Questionnaires |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Sent out | Responded | Response rate (\%) |
| (A) Cardiovascular surgery | - | - | - |
| (B) General thoracic surgery | 740 | 678 | 91.6 |
| (C) Esophageal surgery | 568 | 523 | 92.1 |

Table 2 Categories subclassified according to the number of operations performed

| Number of operations performed | Category <br> General thoracic surgery |
| :--- | :---: |
| 0 | 6 |
| $1-24$ | 28 |
| $25-49$ | 72 |
| $50-99$ | 167 |
| $100-149$ | 129 |
| $150-199$ | 100 |
| $\geq 200$ | 176 |
| Total | 678 |
| Number of operations performed | Esophageal surgery |
| 0 | 76 |
| $1-4$ | 114 |
| $5-9$ | 96 |
| $10-19$ | 98 |
| $20-29$ | 47 |
| $30-39$ | 26 |
| $40-49$ | 21 |
| $\geq 50$ | 45 |
| Total | 523 |

## Final report: 2017

## (A) Cardiovascular surgery

We are extremely pleased with the cooperation of our colleagues (members) in terms of completing the cardiovascular surgery survey, thereby undoubtedly improving the quality of this annual report. We are truly grateful for the significant efforts made by all within each participating institution in completing the JCVSD/NCD.

Figure 1 illustrates the development of cardiovascular surgery in Japan over the past 30 years. Aneurysm surgery includes only surgeries for thoracic and thoracoabdominal aortic aneurysms. Extra-anatomic bypass surgery for thoracic aneurysm and pacemaker implantation has been excluded from the survey since 2015. The number of assist device implantation surgeries is not included in the total number of surgical procedures but was nonetheless included in the survey.

A total of 70,078 cardiovascular surgeries including 56 heart transplants were performed in 2017, an increase of $3.3 \%$ compared with that in the 2016 survey results ( $n=$ 67,867 ). The number of cardiovascular surgeries is continuously increasing, despite an apparent decrease in 2015, likely due to major changes in data collection and aggregation approaches.

When compared with data for 2016 [1] and 2007 [2], the number of surgeries in 2017 for congenital heart disease increased by $7.1 \%$ ( 9368 vs. 8744 ) and $0.2 \%$, respectively; procedures for valvular heart disease increased by $0.2 \%$ $(23,312$ vs. 23,254$)$ and $53.2 \%$, respectively; surgery for thoracic aortic aneurysm increased by $8.7 \%$ ( 20,746 vs. $19,078)$ and $114.6 \%$, respectively; ischemic heart procedures decreased by $6.6 \%(13,898$ vs. 14,874$)$ and $23.6 \%$,


Fig. 1 Cardiovascular surgery. IHD ischemic heart disease
Table 3 Congenital (total; 9368)
(1) CPB (+) (total; 7072)

|  | Neonate |  |  |  | Infant |  |  |  | 1-17 years |  |  |  | $\geq 18$ years |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cases | 30-Day motality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |
| PDA | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Coarctation (simple) | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| +VSD | 49 | 0 | 0 | 1 (2.0) | 51 | $2(3.9)$ | 0 | 3 (5.9) | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 113 | 2 (1.8) | 0 | 4 (3.5) |
| +DORV | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| +AVSD | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 (50.0) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 1 (16.7) |
| + TGA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| +Sv | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| +Others | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interrupt. of Ao (simple) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| +VSD | 27 | 0 | 0 | 1 (3.7) | 23 | 0 | 0 | 1 (4.3) | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 | 0 | 0 | $2(3.2)$ |
| +DORV | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| +Truncus | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| + TGA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| +Others | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vascular ring | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PS | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 77 | 1 (1.3) | 0 | 1 (1.3) | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 133 | $1(0.8)$ | 0 | $1(0.8)$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PA } \cdot \text { IVS or } \\ & \text { critical PS } \end{aligned}$ | 15 | 1 (6.7) | 0 | 1 (6.7) | 66 | 0 | 0 | 2 (3.0) | 48 | 0 | 0 | 1 (2.1) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 131 | $1(0.8)$ | 0 | 4 (3.1) |
| TAPVR | 112 | 6 (5.4) | 0 | 9 (8.0) | 59 | 1 (1.7) | 0 | 3 (5.1) | 17 | 0 | 0 | 1 (5.9) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 189 | 7 (3.7) | 0 | 13 (6.9) |
| PAPVR $\pm$ ASD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ASD | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 73 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 583 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 761 | 7 (0.9) | 0 | 7 (0.9) | 1418 | 7 (3.7) | 0 | 7 (0.5) |
| Cor triatriatum | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| AVSD (partial) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 1 (14.3) | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 56 | 0 | 0 | $1(1.8)$ |
| AVSD (complete) | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 117 | 3 (2.6) | 0 | 4 (3.4) | 94 | 2 (2.1) | 0 | 2 (2.1) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 222 | $5(2.3)$ | 0 | 6 (2.7) |
| +TOF or DORV | 2 | 1 (50.0) | 0 | 1 (50.0) | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 1 (7.1) | 0 | $1 \mathrm{z}(7.1)$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 2 (8.0) | 0 | $2(8.0)$ |
| +Others | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| VSD (subarterial) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 106 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 142 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 265 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| vSD <br> (perimemb./ muscular) | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 729 | $1(0.1)$ | 0 | 1 (0.1) | 325 | 0 | 0 | 1 (0.3) | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1092 | 1 (0.1) | 0 | $2(0.2)$ |
| VSD (type unknown) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |  |  |  | 3 |  | 0 |  | 123 | 2 (1.6) | 0 | 2 (1.6) | 131 | 2 (1.5) | 0 | $2(1.5)$ |
| VSD + PS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 0 | 1 (3.1) | 0 | ${ }^{21}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 0 | 1 (1.9) | 0 |

Table 3 continued

|  | Neonate |  |  |  | Infant |  |  |  | 1-17 years |  |  |  | $\geq 18$ years |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |
| DCRV $\pm$ VSD | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aneurysm of sinus of Valsalva | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOF | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 174 | 2 (1.1) | 0 | 3 (1.7) | 212 | 1 (0.5) | 0 | 1 (0.5) | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 436 | 3 (0.7) | 0 | 4 (0.9) |
| $\mathrm{PA}+\mathrm{VSD}$ | 9 | 1 (11.1) | 0 | 1 (11.1) | 76 | 0 | 0 | 2 (2.6) | 108 | 1 (0.9) | 0 | 3 (2.8) | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 208 | 2 (1.0) | 0 | 6 (2.9) |
| DORV | 24 | $1(4.2)$ | 0 | 2 (8.3) | 142 | 0 | 0 | 3 (2.1) | 160 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 337 | 1 (0.3) | 0 | 5 (1.5) |
| TGA (simple) | 97 | 1 (1.0) | 0 | 4 (4.1) | 9 | 1 (11.1) | 0 | 1 (11.1) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 111 | 2 (1.8) | 0 | 5 (4.5) |
| +VSD | 40 | 1 (2.5) | 0 | 1 (2.5) | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 67 | 1 (1.5) | 0 | 1 (1.5) |
| $\mathrm{VSD}+\mathrm{PS}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Corrected TGA | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 1 (3.0) | 0 | 1 (3.0) | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 68 | 1 (1.5) | 0 | 1 (1.5) |
| Truncus arteriosus | 13 | 0 | 0 | 1 (7.7) | 17 | 1 (5.9) | 0 | 1 (5.9) | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 46 | 1 (2.2) | 0 | 2 (4.3) |
| sv | 27 | 0 | 0 | $2(7.4)$ | 151 | 2 (1.3) | 1 (0.7) | 7 (4.6) | 213 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 403 | 2 (0.5) | $1(0.2)$ | 9 (2.2) |
| TA | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 1 (2.6) | 47 | 0 | 0 | 1 (2.1) | 6 | 1 (16.7) | 0 | 1 (16.7) | 97 | 1 (1.0) | 0 | 3 (3.1) |
| HLHS | 33 | 6 (18.2) | 0 | 11 (33.3) | 80 | 0 | 0 | 3 (3.8) | 104 | 3 (2.9) | 0 | 5 (4.8) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 217 | 9 (4.1) | 0 | 19 (8.8) |
| Aortic valve lesion | 11 | 1 (9.1) | 0 | 2 (18.2) | 18 | 1 (5.6) | 0 | 2 (11.1) | 104 | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.0) | 30 | 2 (6.7) | 0 | 2 (6.7) | 163 | 4 (2.5) | 0 | 7 (4.3) |
| Mitral valve lesion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 1 (2.3) | 70 | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.4) | 19 | 2 (10.5) | 0 | 2 (10.5) | 132 | 2 (1.5) | 0 | 4 (3.0) |
| Ebstein | 12 | 4 (33.3) | 0 | 4 (33.3) | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51 | 4 (7.8) | 0 | 4 (7.8) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Coronary } \\ & \text { disease } \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Others | 13 | 2 (15.4) | 0 | 2 (15.4) | 27 | 1 (3.7) | 0 | 3 (11.1) | 49 | 0 | 0 | 1 (2.0) | 232 | 1 (0.4) | 0 | $1(0.4)$ | 321 | 4 (1.2) | 0 | 7 (2.2) |
| Conduit failure | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 1 (5.3) | 0 | $1(5.3)$ | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 1 (3.6) | 0 | 1 (3.6) |
| Redo (excluding conduit failure) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 2 (4.9) | 106 | 2 (1.9) | 0 | 5 (4.7) | 83 | 2 (2.4) | 0 | 3 (3.6) | 230 | 4 (1.7) | 0 | 10 (4.3) |
| Total | 568 | 25 (4.4) | 0 | 44 (7.7) | 2222 | 15 (0.7) | $2(0.09)$ | 44 (2.0) | 2783 | 13 (0.5) | 0 | 27 (1.0) | 1499 | 17 (1.1) | 0 | 18 (1.2) | 7072 | 70 (1.0) | $2(0.0)$ | 133 (1.9) |


Table 3 (continued)
(2) CPB (-) (total; 2296)

|  | Neonate |  |  |  | Infant |  |  |  | 1-17 years |  |  |  | $\geq 18$ years |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortaily |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |
| PDA | 325 | 11 (3.4) | 0 | 14 (4.3) | 164 | 0 | 0 | 4 (2.4) | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 514 | 11 (2.1) | 0 | 18 (3.5) |
| Coarctation (simple) | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| + vSD | 39 | 2 (5.1) | 0 | 3 (7.7) | 18 | 1 (5.6) | 0 | 2 (11.1) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 3 (5.2) | 0 | 5 (8.6) |
| + DORV | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| + AVSD | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| + TGA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| +sv | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| + Others | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 1 (11.1) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 1 (5.3) |
| Interupt. of Ao (simple) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 (50.0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 (50.0) |
| + vSD | 31 | 1 (3.2) | 0 | 2 (6.5) | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 | 1 (2.3) | 0 | 2 (4.5) |
| + DORV | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| +Truncus | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| + TGA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| +Others | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vascular ring | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PS | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathrm{PA} \cdot \mathrm{IVS}$ or critical PS | 33 | 1 (3.0) | 0 | 1 (3.0) | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 65 | 1 (1.5) | 0 | 1 (1.5) |
| Tapvr | 22 | 2 (9.1) | 0 | 4 (18.2) | 12 | 0 | 0 | 1 (8.3) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 2 (5.7) | 0 | 5 (14.3) |
| PAPVR $\pm$ ASD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ASD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cor triatriatum | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| AVSD (partial) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| AVSD (complete) | 51 | 0 | 0 | 2 (3.9) | 84 | 3 (3.6) | 0 | 4 (4.8) | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 152 | 3 (2.0) | 0 | 6 (3.9) |
| + TOF or DORV | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| + Others | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| VSD (subarterial) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| VSD (perimemb./muscular) | 67 | 2 (3.0) | 0 | 2 (3.0) | 129 | 2 (1.6) | 0 | 3 (2.3) | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 204 | 4 (2.0) | 0 | 5 (2.5) |
| VSD (Type Unknown) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 1 |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| vSD+PS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| DCRV $\pm \mathrm{VSD}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aneurysm of sinus of Valsalva | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOF | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 79 | 1 (1.3) | 0 | 2 (2.5) | 9 | 1 (11.1) | 0 | 1 (11.1) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 108 | 2 (1.9) | 0 | 3 (2.8) |
| PA+VSD | 20 | 2 (10.0) | 0 | 3 (15.0) | 52 | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.9) | 23 | 0 | 0 | 1 (4.3) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95 | 2 (2.1) | 0 | 5 (5.3) |

Table 3 (continued)

|  | Neonate |  |  |  | Infant |  |  |  | 1-17 years |  |  |  | $\geq 18$ years |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |
| DORV | 46 | 0 | 0 | 3 (6.5) | 85 | 1 (1.2) | 0 | 1 (1.2) | 19 | 1 (5.3) | 0 | 1 (5.3) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 151 | 2 (1.3) | 0 | 5 (3.3) |
| TGA (simple) | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| + VSD | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| vSD + PS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Corrected TGA | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 1 (6.7) | 0 | 1 (6.7) | 3 | 1 (33.3) | 0 | 1 (33.3) | 35 | 2 (5.7) | 0 | 2 (5.7) |
| Truncus arteriosus | 18 | 1 (5.6) | 0 | 2 (11.1) | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 1 (3.6) | 0 | 2 (7.1) |
| sv | 50 | 2 (4.0) | 0 | 4 (8.0) | 53 | 3 (5.7) | 0 | 3 (5.7) | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 (20.0) | 128 | 5 (3.9) | 0 | 8 (6.3) |
| TA | 23 | 0 | 0 | 2 (8.7) | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 | 0 | 0 | 2 (4.5) |
| HLhS | 66 | 4 (6.1) | 0 | 17 (25.8) | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 1 (4.8) | 0 | 4 (19.0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 109 | 5 (4.6) | 0 | 21 (19.3) |
| Aortic valve lesion | 8 | 1 (12.5) | 0 | 2 (25.0) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 1 (11.1) | 0 | 2 (22.2) |
| Mitral valve lesion | 3 | 1 (33.3) | 0 | 1 (33.3) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 1 (7.7) | 0 | 1 (7.7) |
| Ebstein | 8 | 0 | 0 | 4 (50.0) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 4 (28.6) |
| Coronary disease | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Others | 13 | 1 (7.7) | 0 | 1 (7.7) | 14 | 0 | 0 | 3 (21.4) | 15 | 2 (13.3) | 0 | 3 (20.0) | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52 | 3 (5.8) | 0 | 7 (13.5) |
| Conduit failure | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Redo (excluding conduit failure) | 16 | 1 (6.3) | 0 | 2 (12.5) | 91 | 2 (2.2) | 0 | 6 (6.6) | 117 | $1(0.9)$ | 0 | 2 (1.7) | 35 | 1 (2.9) | 0 | 2 (5.7) | 259 | 5 (1.9) | 0 | 12 (4.6) |
| Total | 932 | 32 (3.4) | 0 | 70 (7.5) | 957 | 13 (1.4) | 0 | 31 (3.2) | 330 | 7 (2.1) | 0 | 13 (3.9) | 77 | 2 (2.6) | 0 | 4 (5.2) | 2296 | 54 (2.4) | 0 | 118 (5.1) |

[^1]
Table 3 (continued)
(3) Main procedure

|  |  | Neonate |  |  |  | Infant |  |  |  | 1-17 years |  |  |  | $\geq 18$ years |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |
|  |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |
| 1 | SP shunt | 169 | 5 (3.0) | 0 | 12 (7.1) | 356 | 1 (0.3) | 0 | 6 (1.7) | 55 | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.8) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 581 | 6 (1.0) | 0 | 19 (3.3) |
| 2 | PAB | 308 | 3 (1.0) | 0 | 14 (4.5) | 311 | 4 (1.3) | 0 | 9 (2.9) | 15 | 1 (6.7) | 0 | 1 (6.7) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 635 | 8 (1.3) | 0 | 24 (3.8) |
| 3 | Bidirectional Glenn or hemiFontan $\pm \alpha$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 240 | 0 | 0 | 3 (1.3) | 103 | 1 (1.0) | 0 | 1 (1.0) | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 350 | $1(0.3)$ | 0 | 4 (1.1) |
| 4 | Damus-Kaye-Stansel operation | 3 | 1 (33.3) | 0 | 1 (33.3) | 21 | 1 (4.8) | 0 | 1 (4.8) | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 2 (7.1) | 0 | 2 (7.1) |
| 5 | PA reconstruction/repair (including redo) | 19 | 1 (5.3) | 0 | 2 (10.5) | 190 | 4 (2.1) | 0 | 7 (3.7) | 180 | 1 (0.6) | 0 | 3 (1.7) | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 406 | 6 (1.5) | 0 | 12 (3.0) |
| 6 | RVOT reconstruction/repair | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 200 | 1 (0.5) | 1 (0.5) | 2 (1.0) | 338 | 1 (0.3) | 0 | 1 (0.3) | 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 583 | 2 (0.3) | 1 (0.2) | 3 (0.5) |
| 7 | Rastelli procedure | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 96 | 1 (1.0) | 0 | 2 (2.1) | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 135 | 1 (0.7) | 0 | 2 (1.5) |
| 8 | Arterial switch procedure | 143 | 3 (2.1) | 0 | 7 (4.9) | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 170 | 3 (1.8) | 0 | 7 (4.1) |
| 9 | Atrial switch procedure | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 (14.3) | 0 | 1 (14.3) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 (12.5) | 0 | 1 (12.5) |
| 10 | Double-switch procedure | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 11 | Repair of anomalous origin of CA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 12 | Closure of coronary AV fistula | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 13 | Fontan/TCPC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 401 | 2 (0.5) | 0 | 4 (1.0) | 27 | 2 (7.4) | 0 | 2 (7.4) | 429 | 4 (0.9) | 0 | 6 (1.4) |
| 14 | Norwood procedure | 34 | 5 (14.7) | 0 | 8 (23.5) | 70 | 1 (1.4) | 0 | 5 (7.1) | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 108 | 6 (5.6) | 0 | 13 (12.0) |
| 15 | Ventricular septation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 16 | Left-side AV valve repair (including redo) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 1 (2.2) | 77 | 1 (1.3) | 0 | 2 (2.6) | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 138 | 1 (0.7) | 0 | 3 (2.2) |
| 17 | Left-side AV valve replace (including redo) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 (12.5) | 33 | 1 (3.0) | 0 | 1 (3.0) | 13 | 1 (7.7) | 0 | 1 (7.7) | 54 | 2 (3.7) | 0 | 3 (5.6) |
| 18 | Right-side AV valve repair (including redo) | 19 | 6 (31.6) | 0 | 6 (31.6) | 82 | 1 (1.2) | 0 | 2 (2.4) | 85 | 1 (1.2) | 0 | $2(2.4)$ | 72 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 258 | 8 (3.1) | 0 | 10 (3.9) |
| 19 | Right-side AV valve replace (including redo) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 36 | $1(2.8)$ | 0 | 1 (2.8) | 50 | 1 (2.0) | 0 | 1 (2.0) |
| 20 | Common AV valve repair (including redo) | 4 | 1 (25.0) | 0 | 1 (25.0) | 20 | 2 (10.0) | 1 (5.0) | 3 (15.0) | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 3 (9.4) | 1 (3.1) | 4 (12.5) |
| 21 | Common AV valve replace (including redo) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 (12.5) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 1 (7.7) |
| 22 | Repair of supra-aortic stenosis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 1 (10.0) | 19 | 0 | 0 | 1 (5.3) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 2 (6.5) |
| 23 | Repair of subaortic stenosis (including redo) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 24 | Aortic valve plasty $\pm$ VSD closure | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 1 (2.7) | 0 | 1 (2.7) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 1 (1.9) | 0 | 1 (1.9) |
| 25 | Aortic valve replacement | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 1 (3.7) | 0 | 2 (7.4) | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 1 (1.7) | 0 | 2 (3.4) |
| 26 | AVR with annular enlargement | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 3 continued

|  |  | Neonate |  |  |  | Infant |  |  |  | 1-17 years |  |  |  | $\geq 18$ years |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |
|  |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |
| 27 | Aortic root replace (except Ross) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 (14.3) | 0 | 1 (14.3) | 16 | 1 (6.3) | 0 | 1 (6.3) |
| 28 | Ross procedure | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 29 | Bilateral pulmonary artery banding | 143 | 9 (6.3) | 0 | 28 (19.6) | 9 | 0 | 0 | 1 (11.1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 152 | 9 (5.9) | 0 | 29 (19.1) |
| Total |  | 863 | 34 (3.9) | 0 | 79 (9.2) | 1,649 | 15 (0.9) | 2 (0.1) | 42 (2.5) | 1,599 | 13 (0.8) | 0 | 24 (1.5) | 280 | 5 (1.8) | 0 | 5 (1.8) | 4,391 | 67 (1.5) | 2 (0.05) | 150 (3.4) |

$\begin{aligned} & \text { Table } 4 \text { Acquired }(\text { total, }(1) \\ & \text { (1) Valvular heart disease (total; } 23,312)\end{aligned}+(2)+(4)+(5)+(6)+(7)+$ isolated operations for arrhythmia in (3): 39,734.

|  | Valve | Cases | Operation |  |  |  |  | 30-Day m | lity |  |  | Hospital | ality | Redo |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mechanical | Bioprosthesis | Repair | Unknown | WITH CABG | Hospital |  | After dis |  |  |  | Cases | 30-Day m | ality | Hospital mortality |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Replace | Repair | Replace | Repair | Replace | Repair |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |
| Isolated | A | 10,690 | 1511 | 8505 | 293 | 381 | 2641 | 187 (1.9) | 4 (1.4) | 1 (0.01) | 0 | 308 (3.1) | 12 (4.1) | 627 | 21 (3.4) | 0 | 35 (5.6) |
|  | M | 4687 | 498 | 832 | 3264 | 93 | 593 | 52 (3.9) | 29 (0.9) | 2 (0.2) | 0 | 70 (5.3) | 39 (1.2) | 542 | 31 (5.7) | 2 (0.4) | 38 (7.0) |
|  | T | 615 | 11 | 94 | 503 | 7 | 57 | 2 (1.9) | 15 (3.0) | 0 | 0 | 7 (6.7) | 32 (6.4) | 110 | 6 (5.5) | 0 | 12 (10.9) |
|  | P | 32 | 2 | 21 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 (4.4) | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 1 (5.0) |
| A + M |  | 1415 |  |  |  |  | 247 | 68 (4.8) |  | 1 (0.1) |  | 112 (7.9) |  | 161 | 15 (9.3) | 0 | 18 (11.2) |
|  | A |  | 276 | 1030 | 57 | 52 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | M |  | 188 | 434 | 756 | 37 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A+T |  | 569 |  |  |  |  | 94 | 18(3.2) |  | 0 |  | 29 (5.1) |  | 73 | 5 (6.9) | 0 | 5 (6.9) |
|  | A |  | 85 | 446 | 13 | 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | T |  | 0 | 6 | 550 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{T}$ |  | 3924 |  |  |  |  | 346 | 63(1.6) |  | 1 (0.03) |  | 107 (2.7) |  | 421 | 12 (2.9) | 0 | 20 (4.8) |
|  | M |  | 403 | 1033 | 2402 | 86 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | T |  | 3 | 55 | 3833 | 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{M}+$ |  | 1196 |  |  |  |  | 155 | 52(4.4) |  | 0 |  | 84 (7.0) |  | 123 | 7 (5.7) | 0 | 15 (12.2) |
|  | A |  | 217 | 890 | 42 | 47 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | M |  | 165 | 448 | 554 | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | T |  | 0 | 8 | 1175 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Others |  | 184 | 9 | 34 | 4 | 137 | 21 | 7(3.8) |  | 0 |  | 10 (5.4) |  | 39 | 3 (7.7) | 0 | 4 (10.3) |
| Total |  | 23,312 |  |  |  |  | 4156 | 517(2.2) |  | 5 (0.02) |  | 837 (3.6) |  | 2116 | 100 (4.7) | 2 (0.1) | 148 (7.0) |

Cases 30 -Day mortality

| $\left(\tau^{\prime} \mathrm{I}\right)$ | $\varsigma \varsigma$ | z£9t |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\left(\tau^{\prime} \mathrm{I}\right)$ | $\varsigma \varsigma$ | z£9t |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

$\longrightarrow$
Table 4 (continued)

| (2) Ischemic heart disease (total, (A)+(B); 13,898) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) Isolated CABG (total; (a) +(b); 12,629) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (a-1) On-pump arrest CABG (total; 2875) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Primary, elective |  |  |  | Primary, emergent |  |  |  | Redo, elective |  |  |  | Redo, emergent |  |  |  | Artery only | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Artery } \\ & + \text { svg } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Svg } \\ & \text { only } \end{aligned}$ | Others | Unclear |
|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1VD | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 (12.5) | 0 (0.0) | 1 (12.5) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 29 | 6 | 0 | 1 |
| 2VD | 303 | 2 (0.7) | 0 | 4 (1.3) | 31 | 0 (0.0) | 1 (3.2) | 0 (0.0) | 1 | 0 (0.0) | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 | 272 | 18 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 VD | 1015 | 8 (0.8) | 1 (0.1) | 14 (1.4) | 124 | 8 (6.5) | 0 (0.0) | 12 (9.7) | 6 | 0 (0.0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 80 | 1019 | 34 | 2 | 10 |
| LMT | 924 | 10 (1.1) | 0 | 13 (1.4) | 277 | 12 (4.3) | 0 (0.0) | 13 (4.7) | 10 | 1 (10.0) | 0 | 1 (10.0) | 4 | 1 (25.0) | 0 | 1 (25.0) | 107 | 1025 | 71 | 5 | 7 |
| No info | 97 | 2 (2.1) | 0 | 2 (2.1) | 28 | 4 (14.3) | 0 (0.0) | 6 (21.4) | 1 | 0 (0.0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 80 | 13 | 1 | 7 |
| Total | 2384 | 22 (0.9) | 1 (0.0) | 33 (1.4) | 468 | 25 (5.3) | 1 (0.2) | 32 (6.8) | 18 | 1 (5.6) | 0 | 1 (5.6) | 5 | 1 (20.0) | 0 | 1 (20.0) | 269 | 2425 | 142 | 11 | 28 |
| Kawasaki | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 (0.0) | 0 (0.0) | 0 (0.0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| On dialysis | 246 | 9 (3.7) | 0 (0.0) | 14 (5.7) | 57 | 7 (12.3) | 1 (1.8) | 7 (12.3) | 4 | 1 (25.0) | 0 | 1 (25.0) | 3 | 1 (33.3) | 0 | 1 (33.3) | 22 | 258 | 24 | 1 | 5 |

(), \% mortality
CABG coronary artery bypass grafting, $1 V D$ one-vessel disease, $2 V D$ two-vessel disease, $3 V D$ three-vessel disease, $L M T$ left main trunk, $S V G$ saphenous vein graft

(0, \% mortality
LMT includes LMT alone or LMT with other branch diseases
$C A B G$ coronary artery bypass grafting, $I V D$ one-vessel disease, $2 V D$ two-vessel disease, $3 V D$ three-vessel disease, $L M T$ left main trunk, $S V G$ saphenous vein graft
Table 4 (continued)

| (b) Off-pump CABG (tota; 7,431 ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Including cases of planned off-pump CABG in which, during surgery, the change is made to an on-pump CABG or on-pump beating-heart procedure) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Primary, elective |  |  |  | Primary, emergent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Artery | Artery | Svg | Others | Unclear |
|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1VD | 347 | 1 (0.3) | 0 | 4 (1.2) | 45 | 1 (2.2) | 0 | 1 (2.2) | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 284 | 79 | 33 | 0 | 4 |
| 2 VD | 948 | 1 (0.1) | 1 (0.1) | 4 (0.4) | 117 | 4 (3.4) | 0 | 5 (4.3) | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 364 | 666 | 38 | 2 | 7 |
| 3 VD | 2341 | 19 (0.8) | 1 (0.0) | 35 (1.5) | 301 | 7 (2.3) | 0 | 10 (3.3) | 14 | 0 | 0 | 1 (7.1) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 598 | 1978 | 60 | 12 | 10 |
| LMT | 2394 | 26 (1.1) | 0 | 38 (1.6) | 622 | 21 (3.4) | 0 | 27 (4.3) | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 913 | 2031 | 91 | 6 | 10 |
| no info | 185 | 1 (0.5) | 0 | 2 (1.1) | 49 | 2 (4.1) | 0 | 2 (4.1) | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 (25.0) | 0 | 1 (25.0) | 84 | 142 | 13 | 2 | 4 |
| Total | 6215 | 48 (0.8) | 2 (0.0) | 83 (1.3) | 1134 | 35 (3.1) | 0 | 45 (4.0) | 66 | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.5) | 16 | 1 (6.3) | 0 | 1 (6.3) | 2243 | 4896 | 235 | 22 | 35 |
| Kawasaki | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| On <br> dialysis | 725 | 15 (2.1) | 1 (0.1) | 34 (4.7) | 123 | 9 (7.3) | 0 | 11 (8.9) | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 (25.0) | 0 | 1 (25.0) | 202 | 618 | 33 | 3 | 5 |
| (), \% mortality |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LMT includes LMT alone or LMT with other branch diseases |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$C A B G$ coronary artery bypass grafting, $I V D$ one-vessel disease, $2 V D$ two-vessel disease, $3 V D$ three-vessel disease, $L M T$ left main trunk, $S V G$ saphenous vein grat
(c) Cases of conversion, during surgery, from off-pump CABG to on-pump CABG or on- pump beating-heart CABG (these cases are also included in category (b))

|  | Primary, elective |  |  |  | Primary, emergent |  |  |  | Redo, elective |  |  |  | Redo, emergent |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |
| Converted to arrest | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 (0.0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Converted to beating | 131 | 5 (3.8) | 0 | 9 (6.9) | 45 | 6 (13.3) | 0 | 6 (13.3) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 165 | 5 (3.0) | 0 | 9 (5.5) | 51 | 6 (11.8) | 0 | 6 (11.8) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| On dialysis | 31 | 1 (3.2) | 0 | 3 (9.7) | 9 | 4 (44.4) | 0 | 4 (44.4) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 4 (continued)

| (B) Operation for complications of MI (total; 1269) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chronic |  |  |  | Acute |  |  |  | Concomitant operation |  |  |
|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |  |  |  |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  | CABG | MVP | MVR |
| Infarctectomy or aneurysmectomy | 122 | 7 (5.7) | 0 | 8 (6.6) | 24 | 5 (20.8) | 0 | 7 (29.2) | 87 | 22 | 10 |
| VSP closure | 66 | 10 (15.2) | 0 | 13 (19.7) | 242 | 60 (24.8) | 0 | 81 (33.5) | 86 | 2 | 3 |
| Cardiac rupture | 28 | 7 (25.0) | 1 (3.6) | 10 (35.7) | 221 | 64 (29.0) | 0 | 86 (38.9) | 35 | 2 | 5 |
| Mitral regurgitation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1) Papillary muscle rupture | 21 | 1 (4.8) | 0 | 1 (4.8) | 47 | 14 (29.8) | 0 | 17 (36.2) | 28 | 15 | 53 |
| 2) Ischemic | 295 | 15 (5.1) | 0 | 29 (9.8) | 36 | $10(27.8)$ | 1 (2.8) | 14 (38.9) | 235 | 193 | 138 |
| Others | 80 | 3 (3.8) | 0 | 4 (5.0) | 87 | 20 (23.0) | 0 | 30 (34.5) | 58 | 10 | 6 |
| Total | 612 | 43 (7.0) | 1 (0.2) | 65 (10.6) | 657 | 173 (26.3) | 1 (0.2) | 235 (35.8) | 529 | 244 | 215 |
| (), \% mortality |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acute, within 2 weeks from the onset of myocardial infarction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$M I$ myocardial infarction, $C A B G$ coronary artery bypass grafting, $M V P$ mitral valve repair, $M V R$ mitral valve replacement, $V S P$ ventricular septal perforation
(3) Operation for arrhythmia (total,

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | Concomitant operation |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Isolated | Congenital | Valve | IHD | Others | Multiple combination |  |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |  |  |  | 2 categories | 3 categories |
| Maze | 3286 | 52 (1.6) | 1 (0.03) | 89 (2.7) | 120 | 185 | 2844 | 561 | 257 | 627 | 46 |
| For WPW | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| For ventricular tachyarrhythmia | 35 | 2 (5.7) | 0 | 3 (8.6) | 2 | 1 | 10 | 18 | 5 | 7 | 1 |
| Others | 1741 | 34 (2.0) | 3 (0.17) | 52 (3.0) | 31 | 124 | 1512 | 324 | 145 | 370 | 24 |
| Total | 5066 | 88 (1.7) | 4 (0.08) | 144 (2.8) | 153 | 311 | 4369 | 903 | 407 | 1005 | 71 |

Except for 153 isolated cases, all remaining 4913 cases are doubly allocated, one for this subgroup and the other for the subgroup corresponding to the concomitant operations
WPW, Wolff-Parkinson-White syndrome; IHD, ischemic heart disease
Table 4 (continued)


[^2]Table 4 (continued)

| (7) Other open-heart operation (total; 1231) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |
| Open-heart operation | 516 | 63 (12.2) | 1 (0.2) | 88 (17.1) |
| Non-open-heart operation | 715 | 66 (9.2) | 1 (0.1) | 108 (15.1) |
| Total | 1231 | 129 (10.5) | 2 (0.2) | 196 (15.9) |

respectively. Data for individual categories are summarized in Tables 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 .

In 2017, among 9368 procedures for congenital heart disease, 7072 open-heart surgeries were performed with an overall hospital mortality of $1.9 \%$. Compared with data for 2007, the number of surgeries for neonates and infants has not changed significantly; however, hospital mortality decreased significantly from 13.7 to $7.7 \%$ for neonates and from 3.9 to $2.0 \%$ for infants. In 2017, atrial septal defect was once again the most common disease (1418 cases) for the first time in 3 years. This was primarily due to a doubling in the number of surgeries for patients above the age of 18 years (from 372 to 761 cases). Ventricular septal defect (perimemb/muscular) was the second most common health issue ( 1092 cases) and had previously been the most common disease in 2015 and 2016. In the past 10 years, hospital mortality for complex congenital heart disease was as follows (2007 [2], 2012 [3], and 2017): complete atrioventricular septal defect $(4.3 \%, 3.2 \%$, and $2.7 \%$, respectively), tetralogy of Fallot $(1.4 \%, 1.1 \%$, and $0.9 \%$, respectively), transposition of the great arteries with intact septum $(2.7 \%, 2.6 \%$, and $4.5 \%$, respectively) and with ventricular septal defect $(5.6 \%, 3.2 \%$, and $1.5 \%$, respectively), and single ventricle $(5.4 \%, 5.5 \%$, and $2.2 \%$, respectively) and hypoplastic left heart syndrome ( $20.1 \%$, $10.2 \%$, and $8.8 \%$, respectively). Right heart bypass surgery is now commonly performed ( 350 bidirectional Glenn procedures excluding 28 Damus-Kaye-Stansel procedures and 429 Fontan type procedures including total cavopulmonary connection) at an acceptable hospital mortality rate ( $1.1 \%$ and $1.4 \%$ ). The Norwood type I procedure was performed in 108 cases, with a relatively low hospital mortality rate of $12.0 \%$ (Table 9).

The total number of procedures for valvular heart disease is increasing. The number of isolated aortic valve replacement/repair with/without coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG) $(n=10,690)$ increased by $12.9 \%$ from the previous year $(n=9472)$ and by $10.3 \%$ from 5 years ago ( $n$ $=9688$ ), despite the rapid spread of transcatheter aortic valve replacement ( $n=4632$ in 2017). On the other hand, the number of isolated mitral valve replacement/repair with/without CABG ( $n=4687$ ) remained stable, with a $2.4 \%$ increase from the previous year $(n=4576)$ and a $1.5 \%$ increase from 5 years ago ( $n=4617$ ). Aortic and mitral valve replacements with bioprosthesis procedures were performed in 10,871 cases and 2747 cases, respectively. The ratio for employing bioprosthesis increased dramatically from the $30 \%$ level in the early 2000s [4,5] and was $83.9 \%$ and $68.7 \%$ in the aortic and mitral positions, respectively, in 2017. Additionally, CABG was performed as a concomitant procedure in $17.8 \%$ for all valvular procedures ( $15.7 \%$ in 2007 [2] and $18.2 \%$ in 2012 [3]). Repair of the valve was a popular procedure in mitral and tricuspid
Table 5 Thoracic aortic aneurysm (total; 20, 746) (1) Dissection (total; 10, 086)

Ao, aorta; AVP, aortic valve repair; AVR aortic valve replacement; MVP, mitral valve repair; MVR, mitral valve replacement; CABG. coronary artery bypass grafting; TEVAR, thoracic endovascular aortic (aneurysm) repair, BR, branch reconstruction
Table 5 (continued)
(2) Non-dissection (total; 10,660)

O, \% mortality
$A o$ aorta, $A V P$ aortic

Table 6 Pulmonary thromboembolism (total; 174)

|  | Cases | 30 -Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |
| Acute | 101 | $11(10.9)$ | 0 | $12(11.9)$ |
| Chronic | 73 | $3(4.1)$ | 0 | $7(9.6)$ |
| Total | 174 | $14(8.0)$ | 0 | $19(10.9)$ |

(), \% mortality

Table 7 Implantation of VAD (total; 172)

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality | Hospital <br> mortality |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | HospitalAfter <br> discharge |  |
| Implantation of <br> VAD | 172 | $5(2.9)$ | $7(4.1)$ |

(), mortality \%

VAD ventricular assist device

Table 8 Heart transplantation (total; 56)

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital <br> mortality |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Hospital | After <br> discharge |  |
| Heart transplantation | 56 | $1(1.8)$ | 0 | $1(1.8)$ |
| Heart and lung <br> transplantation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 56 | $1(1.8)$ | 0 | $1(1.8)$ |

(), mortality \%
valve positions ( 6976 cases in the mitral and 6061 cases in the tricuspid) but is less frequently observed in aortic valve positions ( 405 patients, only $2.7 \%$ of all aortic valve procedures). Mitral valve repair constituted $29.9 \%$ of all valvular operations and $62.2 \%$ of all mitral valve procedures. Hospital mortality for single valve replacement was
$3.1 \%$ and $5.3 \%$ for the aortic and mitral positions, respectively, whereas for mitral valve repair, this was only $1.2 \%$. The hospital mortality for redo valve surgery was $3.4 \%$ and $5.7 \%$ in the aortic and mitral positions, respectively. Finally, overall hospital mortality did not show dramatic improvement during the past 10 years ( $3.8 \%$ in 2007 [2], $3.2 \%$ in 2012 [3], and $3.6 \%$ in 2017).

Isolated CABG was performed in 12,629 cases, representing only $73.0 \%$ of the number performed 10 years ago ( $n=17,295$ ) [2]. Among these, off-pump CABG was intended in 7431 cases $(58.8 \%)$ at a success rate of $97.1 \%$. The percentage of intended off-pump CABG in 2017 was less than $60 \%$ for the first time in 13 years, since 2004 [4]. Hospital mortality associated with primary elective CABG procedures in 10,283 cases was $1.6 \%$, unchanged from 2003 (1.5\%) [5]. Hospital mortality for primary emergency CABG in 2211 cases was still as high as $7.1 \%$. The result of conversion from off-pump CABG was $2.9 \%$, and hospital mortality in this context was $6.9 \%$. Hospital mortality was higher in patients with end-stage renal failure on dialysis, regardless of surgical procedures (on-pump arrest, on-pump beating, and off-pump). In this report, the number of concomitant CABGs alongside other major procedures was not included in the category of ischemic heart disease but in other categories such as valvular heart disease and thoracic aortic aneurysm. Accordingly, the overall number of CABGs, including concomitant CABG with other major procedures, remained more than 18,000 cases per year ( 18,327 cases) in 2017.

Measures for arrhythmia were performed primarily as concomitant procedures in 5066 cases, with hospital mortality of $2.8 \%$. Implantation of pacemaker and implantable cardioverter-defibrillator was not included in this category.

In 2017, 20,746 procedures were performed for thoracic and thoracoabdominal aortic diseases; 10,086 and 10,660 were for aortic dissection and non-dissection, respectively. The number of surgeries for aortic dissection increased by $6.9 \%$ this year, compared with that in the preceding year ( $n$ $=9441$ ). The hospital mortality of procedures for 5995 Stanford type A acute aortic dissections remained as high as $11.2 \%$. The number of procedures for non-dissected aneurysm increased by $10.6 \%$, with overall hospital mortality of $5.5 \%$, and $4.3 \%$ and $22.5 \%$ for unruptured and ruptured aneurysms, respectively. The rate of thoracic endovascular aortic repair (TEVAR) among all operative
procedures for aortic diseases is increasing. A total of 3563 patients with aortic dissection underwent stent graft placement: 1969 TEVARs and 1594 open stent graftings, respectively. The number of TEVARs for type B chronic aortic dissections was 1505 cases and accounted for $68.3 \%$ of total cases. The hospital mortality rates associated with TEVAR for type B aortic dissection were $11.0 \%$ and $3.1 \%$ in acute and chronic cases, respectively. A total of 4656 patients with non-dissected aortic aneurysm underwent stent graft placement, comprising 3269 TEVARs (a $6.7 \%$ increase compared with that in 2016, $n=3063$ ) and 1387 open stent graftings (a $16.2 \%$ increase compared with that in 2016, $n=1194$ ). The hospital mortality rates for TEVARs and open stenting were as follows: TEVAR, $2.8 \%$ and $21.7 \%$ for unruptured and ruptured aneurysms, respectively, and open stent grafting, $5.1 \%$ and $28.7 \%$ for unruptured and ruptured aneurysms, respectively.

## (B) General thoracic surgery

The 2017 survey of general thoracic surgery comprised 678 surgical units, with the bulk of data submitted via a webbased collection system of the NCD [1]. In total, 85,307 procedures were reported by general thoracic surgery departments in 2017, twice the number of operations in 2000 and 12,560 more than in 2012 (Fig. 2).

In 2017, 44,140 procedures for primary lung cancer were performed, a number that has increased annually. The 2017 value was 2.4 times that of 2000. Procedures for lung cancer represented $52 \%$ of all general thoracic surgery instances.

The number of video-assisted thoracoscopic surgery (VATS) instances, defined by a surgical procedure utilizing a skin incision longer than 8 cm and/or a minithoracotomy (hybrid) approach, has been noted since the 2015 annual report. The number of VATS procedures for benign pulmonary tumors and primary lung cancer, and the total number of VATS procedures in 2016 are shown in

Table 9 Total cases of general thoracic surgery during 2017

|  | Cases | $\%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Benign pulmonary tumor | 2197 | 2.6 |
| Primary lung cancer | 44,140 | 51.7 |
| Other primary malignant pulmonary tumor | 423 | 0.5 |
| Metastatic pulmonary tumor | 8950 | 10.5 |
| Tracheal tumor | 120 | 0.1 |
| Mesothelioma | 698 | 0.8 |
| Chest wall tumor | 691 | 0.8 |
| Mediastinal tumor | 5197 | 6.1 |
| Thymectomy for MG without thymoma | 189 | 0.2 |
| Inflammatory pulmonary disease | 2423 | 2.8 |
| Empyema | 2962 | 3.5 |
| Bullous disease excluding pneumothorax | 400 | 0.5 |
| Pneumothorax | 14,499 | 17.0 |
| Chest wall deformity | 193 | 0.2 |
| Diaphragmatic hernia including traumatic | 28 | 0.0 |
| Chest trauma excluding diaphragmatic hernia | 443 | 0.5 |
| Lung transplantation | 68 | 0.1 |
| Others | 1686 | 2.0 |
| Total | 85,307 | 100.0 |

Tables $10,11,13,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,25,26$, and 27 , respectively.

In 2017, 2197 procedures were conducted for benign pulmonary tumors (Table 10), a similar number to that recorded in 2016. Hamartoma was the most frequent diagnosis in procedures for benign pulmonary tumors. VATS was performed for 2071 patients ( $94 \%$ ).

Additional information on primary malignant pulmonary tumors is shown in Tables 11 and 12. With regard to lung cancer sub-type, adenocarcinoma was by far the most frequent diagnosis ( $71 \%$ of all lung cancer procedures), followed by squamous cell carcinoma (18\%). Sublobar resection was performed in 11,784 lung cancer cases ( $27 \%$ of all cases) and lobectomy in 31,584 cases ( $72 \%$ of

General Thoracic Surgery


Calendar Year
Fig. 2 General thoracic surgery

Table 10 Benign pulmonary tumor

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | By VATS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |
| Benign pulmonary tumor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hamartoma | 518 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 498 |
| Sclerosing hemangioma | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 73 |
| Papilloma | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 |
| Mucous gland adenoma bronchial | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Fibroma | 132 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 129 |
| Lipoma | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Neurogenic tumor | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 |
| Clear cell tumor | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Leiomyoma | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 |
| Chondroma | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Inflammatory myofibroblastic tumor | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Pseudolymphoma | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 |
| Histiocytosis | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| Teratoma | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Others | 1350 | 2 (0.1) | 2 (0.1) | 5 (0.4) | 1264 |
| Total | 2197 | 2 (0.1) | 2 (0.09) | 5 (0.2) | 2071 |

(), mortality \%
all cases). Sleeve lobectomy was performed in 496 cases, and pneumonectomy was required in 403 cases $(0.9 \%$ of all cases). VATS lobectomy for lung cancer was performed in 21,992 cases ( $70 \%$ of all lobectomy cases). The number of VATS procedures for primary lung cancer was slightly higher in 2017 than that in 2016. The number of the patients aged 80 years or older who underwent lung cancer surgery was 5779 (13\%). In total, 121 patients died prior to hospital discharge within 30 days following surgery, and 32 patients died following discharge within 30 days after surgery. Therefore, 153 patients died within 30 days after surgery (30-day mortality rate $0.3 \%$ ). In total, 247 patients died prior to discharge (hospital mortality rate $0.6 \%$ ), and the 30 -day mortality rate, according to procedure, was $0.2 \%$ for segmentectomy, $0.3 \%$ for lobectomy, and $2 \%$ for pneumonectomy. Interstitial pneumonia was the leading cause of death following lung cancer surgery, followed by pneumonia, respiratory failure, and cardiovascular events.

Procedures for metastatic pulmonary tumors, 8950 of which were performed in 2017, are shown in Table 13. In this instance, colorectal cancer was the most frequent diagnosis ( $47 \%$ of all cases).

Table 11 Primary malignant pulmonary tumor

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | VATS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |
| Primary malignant pulmonary tumor | 44,563 | $\begin{array}{r} 122 \\ (0.3) \end{array}$ | 32 (0.1) | 247 (0.6) | 32,206 |
| Lung cancer | 44,140 | $121$ (0.3) | 31 (0.1) | 244 (0.6) | 32,206 |
| Adenocarcinoma | 31,119 | 52 (0.2) | 13 (0.0) | 91 (0.3) |  |
| Squamous cell carcinoma | 8132 | 56 (0.7) | 14 (0.2) | 121 (1.5) |  |
| Large cell carcinoma | 301 | 1 (0.3) | 1 (0.3) | 4 (1.3) |  |
| LCNEC | 601 | 3 (0.5) | 0 | 4 (0.7) |  |
| Small cell carcinoma | 823 | 2 (0.2) | 0 | 4 (0.5) |  |
| Adenosquamous carcinoma | 571 | 1 (0.2) | 2 (0.4) | 2 (0.4) |  |
| Carcinoma with pleomorphic, sarcomatoid or sarcomatous elements | 493 | 2 (0.4) | 0 | 9 (1.8) |  |
| Carcinoid | 233 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Carcinomas of salivary-gland type | 38 | 0 | 0 | 1 (2.6) |  |
| Unclassified | 43 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Multiple lung cancer | 1464 | 3 (0.2) | 1 (0.1) | 6 (0.4) |  |
| Others | 322 | 1 (0.3) | 0 | 2 (0.6) |  |
| Wedge resection | 7099 | 14 (0.2) | 8 (0.1) | 28 (0.4) | 6299 |
| Segmental excision | 4685 | 9 (0.19) | 2 (0.0) | 16 (0.3) | 3698 |
| (Sleeve segmental excision) | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Lobectomy | 31,584 | 85 (0.3) | 18 (0.1) | 179 (0.6) | 21,992 |
| (Sleeve lobectomy) | 496 | 1 (0.2) | 2 (0.4) | 2 (0.4) | 71 |
| Pneumonectomy | 403 | 8 (2.0) | 1 (0.2) | 15 (3.7) | 33 |
| (Sleeve pneumonectomy) | 10 | 2 (20.0) | 0 | 2 (20.0) | 2 |
| Other bronchoplasty | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Pleuropneumonectomy | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Others | 335 | 5 (1.5) | 2 (0.6) | 6 (1.8) | 180 |
| Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Sarcoma | 56 | 1 (1.8) | 1 (1.8) | 1 (1.8) |  |
| AAH | 117 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Others | 250 | 0 | 0 | 2 (0.8) |  |

(), mortality \%

There were 46 procedures for malignant tracheal tumor in 2017; however, 21 patients were treated with sleeve resection and reconstruction (Table 14).

Pleural tumors numbered 698 in 2017 (Table 15). Diffuse malignant pleural mesothelioma was the most frequent histologic diagnosis. Total pleurectomy was performed in 104 cases and extrapleural pneumonectomy in 65 cases. The 30-day mortality rate was $0 \%$ following total pleurectomy and $2 \%$ after extrapleural pneumonectomy, both representing better outcomes than before.

In total, 691 chest wall tumors were resected in 2017 (Table 16), 362 ( $52 \%$ ) of which were benign. Among the 329 malignant chest wall tumors, 189 ( $57 \%$ ) were metastatic tumors.

Table 12 Details of lung cancer operations

| TNM |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| c-Stage | Cases |
| IA1 | 7464 |
| IA2 | 12,312 |
| IA3 | 7771 |
| IB | 5228 |
| IIA | 1661 |
| IIB | 3846 |
| IIIA | 2802 |
| IIIB | 524 |
| IIIC | 25 |
| IVA | 449 |
| IVB | 70 |
| NA | 1988 |
| Total | 44,140 |
| Sex | Cases |
| Male | 27,089 |
| Female | 14,051 |
| NA | 0 |
| Total | 41,140 |
| Cause of death | Case |
| Cardiovascular | 23 |
| Pneumonia | 43 |
| Pyothorax | 2 |
| Bronchopleural fistula | 11 |
| Respiratory failure | 25 |
| Pulmonary embolism | 5 |
| Interstitial pneumonia | 78 |
| Brain infarction or bleeding | 11 |
| Others | 62 |
| Unknown | 15 |
| Total | 275 |


| p-Stage | Cases |
| :--- | ---: |
| O(pCR) | 2940 |
| IA1 | 8908 |
| IA2 | 9422 |
| IA3 | 4873 |
| IB | 5999 |
| IIA | 1242 |
| IIB | 4579 |
| IIIA | 4026 |
| IIIB | 818 |
| IIIC | 17 |
| IVA | 982 |
| IVB | 69 |
| NA | 265 |

Table 12 continued

| p-Stage | Cases |
| :--- | ---: |
| Total | 44,140 |
| Age (years) | Cases |
| $<20$ | 20 |
| $20-29$ | 38 |
| $30-39$ | 209 |
| $40-49$ | 1226 |
| $50-59$ | 3768 |
| $60-69$ | 14,080 |
| $70-79$ | 19,020 |
| $80-89$ | 5681 |
| $\geq 90$ | 98 |
| NA | 0 |
| Total | 44,140 |

Mediastinal tumors were resected in 5197 patients in 2017, a slight increase from the previous year (Table 17). Thymic epithelial tumor-including 1939 thymomas, 368 thymic carcinomas, and 39 thymic carcinoids-was the most frequent mediastinal tumor type in 2017.

Thymectomy for myasthenia gravis was performed in 508 patients (Table 18); 319 procedures were associated with thymoma, and the remaining was not associated with thymoma.

Procedures for non-neoplastic disease were performed for 22,634 patients. There were 2423 cases of lung resection for inflammatory lung diseases (Table 19), $20 \%$ of which were associated with atypical mycobacterium infections and $15 \%$ with fungal infections. Procedures for inflammatory nodules were performed in cases where lung cancer was suspected prior to surgery (in 918 cases, $38 \%$ ).

The 2962 procedures for empyema (Table 20) comprised 2226 cases $(75 \%)$ of acute empyema and 736 cases of chronic empyema. Bronchopleural fistula was reported in 453 patients with acute empyema and in 355 patients with chronic empyema. The hospital mortality rate was $15 \%$ among patients with acute empyema with fistula.

In 2017, 101 operations were performed for descending necrotizing mediastinitis (Table 21). The hospital mortality rate was $7 \%$. Furthermore, 400 procedures were conducted for bullous diseases (Table 22); lung volume reduction surgery was performed in only 28 patients.

A total of 14,499 procedures were performed for spontaneous pneumothorax (Table 23). The 11,113 procedures for primary pneumothorax comprised 2838 patients ( $26 \%$ ) who underwent bullectomy only and 7488 patients (67\%) who underwent an additional procedure. There were 3386

Table 13 Metastatic pulmonary tumor

Table 14 Tracheal tumor

(), mortality \%

Table 15 Tumor of pleural origin

| Histological classification |  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |
| Tumor of pleural origin |  |  |  |  |  |
| Solitary fibrous tumor |  |  | 131 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Diffuse malignant pleural mes | oma | 264 | 2 (0.8) | 0 | 8 (3.0) |
| Localized malignant pleural m | elioma | 35 | 1 (2.9) | 0 | 1 (2.9) |
| Others |  | 268 | 1 (0.4) | 1 (0.4) | 5 (1.9) |
| Total |  | 698 | 4 (0.6) | 1 (0.1) | 14 (2.0) |
| Operative procedure | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  |  | Hospital mortality |
|  |  | Hospital |  | After discharge |  |
| Extrapleural pneumonectomy | 65 |  |  | 0 | 1 (1.5) |
| Total pleurectomy | 104 | 0 |  | 0 | 3 (2.9) |
| Others | 95 |  |  | 0 | 4 (4.2) |
| Total | 264 |  |  | 0 | 8 (3.0) |

(), mortality \%
procedures for secondary pneumothorax, where COPD was by far the most prevalent associated disease (69\%). The hospital mortality rate for secondary pneumothorax associated with COPD was $2.6 \%$.

The 2017 survey reported 193 procedures for chest wall deformity (Table 24). However, this may have been underestimated, because the Nuss procedure for pectus excavatum was more likely to have been performed in pediatric surgery centers not associated with the Japanese Association for Thoracic Surgery.

Diaphragmatic hernia was treated surgically in 28 patients (Table 25). This figure may also have been underestimated, as procedures may have been classified as gastrointestinal surgery.

The survey reported 443 procedures for chest trauma excluding iatrogenic injuries (Table 26). In this context, hospital mortality rate was $5 \%$.

Table 27 shows procedures for other diseases, including 89 cases of arteriovenous malformation and 92 cases of pulmonary sequestration.

A total of 68 lung transplantations were performed in 2017 (Table 28): 57 patients received lung transplants from brain-dead donors, and 11 patients received transplants from living, related donors.

The number of VATS procedures has increased annually to reach 68,458 ( $80 \%$ of all general thoracic surgeries) in 2017 (Table 29).

The details of tracheobronchoplasty, pediatric surgery, and combined resection of neighboring organs are shown in Tables 30, 31, 32, and 33.

Table 16 Chest wall tumor

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | VATS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |
| Chest wall tumor |  |  | $6(4.3)$ | 65 |  |
| Primary malignant tumor | 140 | $1(0.7)$ | $1(0.7)$ | 0 | 77 |
| Metastatic malignant tumor | 189 | 0 | $1(0.5)$ | $1(0.3)$ | 281 |
| Benign tumor | 362 | $1(0.3)$ | 0 | $7(1.0)$ | 423 |
| Total | 691 | $2(0.3)$ | $2(0.3)$ |  |  |

(), mortality \%

Table 17 Mediastinal tumor

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | By VATS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |
| Mediastinal tumor | 5197 | 3 (0.1) | 3 (0.06) | 9 (0.2) | 3808 |
| Thymoma* | 1939 | 1 (0.1) | 2 (0.1) | 3 (0.2) | 1222 |
| Thymic cancer | 368 | 0 | 1 (0.3) | 1 (0.3) | 189 |
| Thymus carcinoid | 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 |
| Germ cell tumor | 85 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 59 |
| Benign | 66 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51 |
| Malignant | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Neurogenic tumor | 489 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 447 |
| Congenital cyst | 1185 | 1 (0.1) | 0 | 1 (0.1) | 1071 |
| Goiter | 68 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 |
| Lymphatic tumor | 185 | 0 | 0 | 1 (0.5) | 134 |
| Excision of pleural recurrence of thymoma | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| Thymolipoma | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 |
| Others | 793 | 1 (0.1) | 0 | 3 (0.4) | 604 |

(), mortality \%

Table 18 Thymectomy for myasthenia gravis with thymoma

Table 19 Operations for nonneoplastic diseases

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | By VATS |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |
| Thymectomy for myasthenia | 508 | 0 | 0 | $1(0.2)$ | 298 |
| gravis with thymoma | 319 | 0 | 0 | $1(0.3)$ | 175 |

(), mortality \%

|  | Cas | 30-Day mortality |  |  |  | Hospital mortality |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hospital |  | After discharge |  |  |  |
| Operations for non-neoplastic diseases | 22,63 | 4214 (0.9) |  | 31 (0.1) | 467 (2.1) |  |  |
|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  |  | Hospital mortality |  | VATS |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A. Inflammatory pulmonary disease | 2423 | 3 (0.1) | 2 (0.1) |  | 9 (0.4) |  | 2165 |
| Tuberculous infection | 46 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 41 |
| Mycobacterial infection | 496 | 0 | 1 (0.2) |  | 1 (0.2) |  | 447 |
| Fungal infection | 361 | 1 (0.3) | 0 |  | 3 (0.8) |  | 284 |
| Bronchiectasis | 58 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 43 |
| Tuberculous nodule | 79 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 70 |
| Inflammatory pseudotumor | 918 | 0 | 1 (0.1) |  | 0 |  | 858 |
| Interpulmonary lymph node | 76 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 74 |
| Others | 389 | 2 (0.5) | 0 |  | 5 (1.3) |  | 348 |

(), mortality \%

Table 20 B. Empyema

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | By VATS |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |
| Acute empyema | 2226 | $54(2.4)$ | $5(0.2)$ | $128(5.8)$ | 1858 |
| With fistula | 453 | $26(5.7)$ | $1(0.2)$ | $69(15.2)$ | 251 |
| Without fistula | 1756 | $27(1.5)$ | $4(0.2)$ | $57(3.2)$ | 1592 |
| Unknown | 17 | $1(5.9)$ | 0 | $2(11.8)$ | 15 |
| Chronic empyema | 736 | $20(2.7)$ | $3(0.4)$ | $58(7.9)$ | 406 |
| With fistula | 355 | $9(2.5)$ | $2(0.6)$ | $23(6.5)$ | 148 |
| Without fistula | 357 | $11(3.1)$ | $1(0.3)$ | $33(9.2)$ | 236 |
| Unknown | 24 | 0 | 0 | $2(8.3)$ | 22 |
| Total | 2962 | $74(2.5)$ | $8(0.3)$ | $186(6.3)$ | 2264 |

(), mortality \%

Table 21 C. Descending necrotizing mediastinitis

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | VATS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  | $7(6.9)$ |
| C. Descending necrotizing mediastinitis | 101 | $5(5.0)$ | 0 | 75 |  |
| (), mortality $\%$ |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 22 D. Bullous diseases

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | VATS |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |
| D. Bullous diseases | 400 | $2(0.5)$ | 0 | $5(1.3)$ | 371 |
| Emphysematous bulla | 308 | $2(0.6)$ | 0 | $5(1.6)$ | 289 |
| Bronchogenic cyst | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| Emphysema with LVRS | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 |
| Others | 51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42 |

(), mortality \%

LVRS lung volume reduction surgery

Table 23 E. Pneumothorax

| Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |  | VATS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | After discharge |  |  |  |  |
| 14,499 70 (0.5) |  | 16 (0.1) |  |  | 14,783 |
| Spontaneous pneumothorax |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operative procedure | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | VATS |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |
| Bullectomy | 2838 | 2 (0.1) | 1 (0.04) | 8 (0.3) | 2791 |
| Bullectomy with additional procedure | 7488 | 7 (0.1) | 1 (0.01) | 17 (0.2) | 7382 |
| Coverage with artificial material | 7233 | 7 (0.1) | 1 (0.01) | 17 (0.2) | 7130 |
| Parietal pleurectomy | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 |
| Coverage and parietal pleurectomy | 79 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 78 |
| Others | 148 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 146 |
| Others | 783 | 6 (0.8) | 3 (0.4) | 12 (1.5) | 745 |
| Unknown | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Total | 11,113 | 15 (0.1) | 5 (0.04) | 37 (0.3) | 10,922 |

Secondary pneumothorax

| Associated disease | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | VATS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |
| COPD | 2350 | 28 (1.2) | 6 (0.3) | 62 (2.6) | 2289 |
| Tumorous disease | 130 | 5 (3.8) | 2 (1.5) | 14 (10.8) | 124 |
| Catamenial | 157 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 154 |
| LAM | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39 |
| Others (excluding pneumothorax by trauma) | 708 | 22 (3.1) | 3 (0.4) | 43 (6.1) | 655 |
| Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Operative procedure | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | VATS |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |  |
| Bullectomy | 571 | 6 (1.1) | 3 (0.5) | 18 (3.2) | 551 |
| Bullectomy with additional procedure | 2016 | 25 (1.2) | 6 (0.3) | 44 (2.2) | 1979 |
| Coverage with artificial material | 1914 | 24 (1.3) | 5 (0.3) | 43 (2.2) | 1881 |
| Parietal pleurectomy | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Coverage and parietal pleurectomy | 29 | 1 (3.4) | 0 | 1 (3.4) | 29 |
| Others | 65 | 0 | 1 (1.5) | 0 | 61 |
| Others | 793 | 24 (3.0) | 2 (0.3) | 57 (7.2) | 726 |
| Unknown | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Total | 3386 | 55 (1.6) | 11 (0.3) | 119 (3.5) | 3261 |

[^3]Table 24 F. Chest wall deformity

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital <br> mortality |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
|  |  | Hospital | After <br> discharge |  |
| F. Chest wall <br> deformity | 193 | $1(0.5)$ | 0 | $1(0.5)$ |
| Funnel chest | 182 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Others | 11 | $1(9.1)$ | 0 | $1(9.1)$ |

(), mortality \%

Table 25 G. Diaphragmatic hernia

|  | Cases | 30 -Day mortality |  | Hospital <br> mortality | VATS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | HospitalAfter <br> discharge |  |  |  |
| G. | 28 | $1(3.6)$ | 0 | $1(3.6)$ | 19 |
| Diaphragmatic <br> hernia |  |  |  |  |  |
| Congenital | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Traumatic | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Others | 14 | $1(7.1)$ | 0 | $1(7.1)$ | 10 |
| (), mortality $\%$ |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 26 H. Chest trauma

|  | Cases | 30 -Day mortality |  | Hospital <br> mortality |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | HospitalAfter <br> discharge | VATS |  |  |
| H. Chest <br> trauma | 443 | $20(4.5)$ | 0 | $23(5.2)$ |
| (), mortality $\%$ |  |  | 289 |  |

Table 28 Lung transplantation

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital <br> mortality |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Single-lung <br> transplantation from <br> brain-dead donor | 29 | 0 | 0 | $3(10.3)$ |
| After <br> discharge |  |  |  |  |
| Bilateral lung <br> transplantation from <br> brain-dead donor | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lung transplantation from <br> living donor | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total lung transplantation | 68 | 0 | 0 | $3(4.4)$ |
| Donor of living donor lung <br> transplantation | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (), mortality $\%$ |  |  |  |  |

Table 29 Video-assisted thoracic surgery

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital <br> mortality |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | HospitalAfter <br> discharge |  |  |  |
| Video-assisted <br> thoracic surgery | 68,458 | 218 <br> $(0.3)$ | $51(0.07)$ | $470(0.7)$ |

(), mortality \%
(including thoracic sympathectomy 160)\%

Table 27 I. Other respiratory surgery

|  | Cases | 30 -Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality | VATS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  | 1161 |
| I. Other respiratory surgery | 1585 | $38(2.4)$ | $5(0.3)$ | $79(5.0)$ | 84 |
| Arteriovenous malformation* | 89 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 84 |
| Pulmonary sequestration | 92 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $33(6.1)$ |
| Postoperative bleeding • air leakage | 492 | $17(3.5)$ | $1(0.2)$ | $4(6.5)$ | 52 |
| Chylothorax | 62 | $2(3.2)$ | 0 | $45(5.3)$ | 602 |
| Others | 850 | $19(2.2)$ | $4(0.5)$ |  |  |

[^4]Table 30 Tracheobronchoplasty

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |
| Tracheobronchoplasty | 774 | 7 (0.9) | 4 (0.5) | 16 (2.1) |
| Trachea | 40 | 0 | 0 | 1 (2.5) |
| Sleeve resection with reconstruction | 28 | 0 | 0 | 1 (3.6) |
| Wedge with simple closure | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Wedge with patch closure | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total laryngectomy with tracheostomy | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Others | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Carinal reconstruction | 31 | 1 (3.2) | 0 | 2 (6.5) |
| Sleeve pneumonectomy | 12 | 2 (16.7) | 0 | 2 (16.7) |
| Sleeve lobectomy | 492 | 1 (0.2) | 2 (0.4) | 2 (0.4) |
| Sleeve segmental excision | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bronchoplasty without lung resection | 29 | 1 (3.4) | 0 | 1 (3.4) |
| Others | 156 | 2 (1.3) | 2 (1.3) | 8 (5.1) |

(), mortality \%

Table 31 Pediatric surgery

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | \(\begin{array}{l}Hospital <br>


\)\cline { 3 - 4 } mortality\end{array}$]$| HospitalAfter <br> discharge |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pediatric <br> surgery | 292 | $3(1.0)$ |
|  | 0 | $3(1.0)$ |

(), mortality \%

Table 32 Combined resection of neighboring organ(s)

| Combined resection of neighboring organ (s) Organ resected | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hospital $7(0.5)$ | After discharge 0 |  |
|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital mortality |
|  |  | Hospital | After discharge |  |
| A. Primary lung cancer |  |  |  |  |
| Aorta | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Superior vena cava | 14 | 1 (7.1) | 0 | 1 (7.1) |
| Brachiocephalic vein | 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 (12.5) |
| Pericardium | 108 | 1 (0.9) | 0 | 2 (1.9) |
| Pulmonary artery | 127 | 1 (0.8) | 0 | 1 (0.8) |
| Left atrium | 19 | 1 (5.3) | 0 | 2 (10.5) |
| Diaphragm | 55 | 1 (1.8) | 0 | 1 (1.8) |
| Chest wall (including ribs) | 352 | 4 (1.1) | 0 | 12 (3.4) |
| Vertebra | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Esophagus | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 716 | 9 (1.3) | 0 | 20 (2.8) |
| B. Mediastinal tumor |  |  |  |  |
| Aorta | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Superior vena cava | 54 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Brachiocephalic vein | 107 | 0 | 0 | 2 (1.9) |
| Pericardium | 351 | 0 | 0 | 3 (0.9) |
| Pulmonary artery | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 (33.3) |
| Left atrium | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Diaphragm | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Chest wall (including ribs) | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vertebra | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Esophagus | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lung | 476 | 0 | 0 | 2 (0.4) |
| Total | 1037 | 0 | 0 | 8 (0.8) |

(), mortality \%

Table 33 Operation of lung cancer invading the chest wall of the apex

|  | Cases | 30-Day mortality |  | Hospital <br> mortality |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | Hospital <br> After <br> discharge |  |
| 15. Operation of lung <br> cancer invading the <br> chest wall of the apex | 743 | $7(0.9)$ | $2(0.3)$ | $15(2.0)$ |
| (), mortality \% |  |  |  |  |
| Includes tumors invading the anterior apical chest wall and posterior <br> apical chest wall (superior sulcus tumor, so-called Pancoast type) |  |  |  |  |

Table 34 Distribution of number of esophageal operations in 2017 in each institution

| Esophageal surgery |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Number of <br> operations in <br> 2017 | Benign <br> esophageal <br> diseases | Malignant <br> esophageal <br> disease | Benign+ <br> malignant |
| 0 | 235 | 95 | 76 |
| $1-4$ | 218 | 126 | 114 |
| $5-9$ | 52 | 89 | 96 |
| $10-19$ | 14 | 88 | 98 |
| $20-29$ | 1 | 45 | 47 |
| $30-39$ | 2 | 27 | 26 |
| $40-49$ | 0 | 13 | 21 |
| $\geqq 50$ | 1 | 40 | 45 |
| Total | 523 | 523 | 523 |

## (C) Esophageal Surgery

During 2017, a total of 12,336 patients with esophageal diseases were registered from 523 institutions (response rate: $92.1 \%$ ) affiliated with the Japanese Association for Thoracic Surgery and/or the Japan Esophageal Society. Among these institutions, there were 139 (26.6\%) where 20 or more patients underwent esophageal surgeries within the year 2017, indicating no definite shift from esophageal procedures to high-volume institutions when compared with the data from 2016 (24.5\%) (Table 34). Among 2427 patients with a benign esophageal disease, 1614 (66.5\%) underwent surgery and 73 (3.0\%) underwent endoscopic resection, whereas 740 (30.5\%) patients did not undergo surgical treatment (Tables 35, 36). Among 10,554 patients with a malignant esophageal tumor, 8525 ( $80.8 \%$ ) underwent resection, esophagectomy was performed for 6319 (74.1\%), and endoscopic mucosal resection (EMR) or endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) was performed for 2170 ( $25.5 \%$ ); 2025 ( $23.8 \%$ ) patients did not undergo any resection (Tables 36 and 37). Annual trends among registered inpatients with esophageal diseases have not changed for the past last decades (Fig. 3).

Among benign esophageal diseases (Table 35), hiatal hernia, achalasia, esophageal varices, and esophagitis (including reflux esophagitis) were the most common conditions in Japan. On the other hand, benign esophageal tumors, spontaneous rupture of the esophagus, and congenital esophageal atresia were common diseases that were surgically treated in addition to the aforementioned diseases. Open surgery was performed in 1009 (57.7\%) patients with a benign esophageal disease, with 30-day mortality in 3 ( $0.3 \%$ ) patients, whereas thoracoscopic and/ or laparoscopic surgery was performed for 605 (37.5\%) patients, with no instances of 30-day mortality. The
difference in these death rates between open and scopic surgery appears to be related to conditions requiring open surgery.

The majority of malignant diseases were carcinomas (Table 36). Among esophageal carcinomas, the incidence of squamous cell carcinoma was $88.8 \%$, whereas that of adenocarcinomas, including Barrett's cancer, was $4.3 \%$. The resection rate for patients with a squamous cell carcinoma was $79.9 \%$, whereas that for patients with adenocarcinoma was $93.8 \%$.

On the basis of location, cancer in the thoracic esophagus was the most common (Table 37). Among 4303 patients ( $40.9 \%$ of total esophageal malignancies) with superficial esophageal cancers within mucosal and submucosal layers, 6319 ( $60.1 \%$ ) patients underwent esophagectomy, whereas 2170 (20.6\%) patients underwent EMR or ESD. The 30-day mortality rate and hospital mortality rate after esophagectomy for patients with a superficial cancer were $0.5 \%$ and $1.0 \%$, respectively.

Multiple primary cancers were observed in 2077 $(19.8 \%)$ of all 10,514 patients with esophageal cancer. Synchronous cancer was found in 1008 (9.3\%) patients, whereas metachronous cancer was observed in 1063 $(10.1 \%)$ patients. The stomach and head and neck were common sites for both synchronous and metachronous malignancies (Table 37).

Among esophagectomy procedures, transthoracic esophagectomy via right thoracotomy was most commonly adopted for patients with a superficial cancer, as well as for those with advanced cancer (Table 38). Transhiatal esophagectomy, which is commonly performed in Western countries, was adopted in only $9.1 \%$ of patients with a superficial cancer or advanced cancer who underwent esophagectomy in Japan. Thoracoscopic and/or laparoscopic esophagectomy was adopted for 1434 patients ( $74.0 \%$ ) with a superficial cancer and for 2422 patients ( $55.3 \%$ ) with an advanced cancer. The number of cases of thoracoscopic and/or laparoscopic surgery for superficial or advanced cancer has been increasing for a number of years (Fig. 4).

Combined resection of the neighboring organs during the resection of an esophageal cancer was performed in 296 patients (Tables 38 and 39). Resection of the aorta, together with esophagectomy, was performed in eight cases. Tracheal and/or bronchial resection combined with esophagectomy was performed for 20 patients, with both 30-day mortality rate and hospital mortality rate at $0 \%$. Lung resection combined with esophagectomy was performed for 60 patients, with both 30-day mortality rate and hospital mortality rate at $0 \%$.

Salvage surgery following definitive (chemo)radiotherapy was performed for 230 patients, with 30-day mortality rate at $1.7 \%$ and hospital mortality rate at $2.6 \%$ (Table 38).
Table 35 Benign esophageal diseases

|  | Operation (+) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Endoscopic resection | Operation$(-)$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of patients |  |  | Hospital mortality |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Open | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T/ } \\ & \text { L*3 } \end{aligned}$ | Open surgery |  |  | T/L*3 |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\sim 30$ days | 31- <br> 90 days | Total (including after 91-day mortality) | $\sim 30$ days | 3190 days | Total (including after 91-day mortality) |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Achalasia | 261 | 146 | 115 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 32 | 293 |
| 2. Benign tumor | 140 | 86 | 54 | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.2) | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.9) | 2 (1.4) | 39 | 14 | 193 |
| (1) Leiomyoma | 78 | 46 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 1 (2.2) | 0 | 0 | 1 (3.1) | 2 (2.6) | 26 | 10 | 114 |
| (2) Cyst | 16 | 10 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
| (3) Others | 46 | 30 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 4 | 63 |
| (4) Not specified | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3. Diverticulum | 42 | 28 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 13 | 55 |
| 4. Hiatal hernia | 797 | 446 | 351 | 0 | 1 (0.2) | 1 (0.2) | 0 | 1 (0.3) | 1 (0.3) | 2 (0.3) |  | 140 | 937 |
| 5. Spontaneous rupture of the esophagus | 110 | 96 | 14 | 1 (1.0) | 2 (2.1) | 3 (3.1) | 0 | 2 (14.3) | 2 (14.3) | 5 (4.5) |  | 10 | 120 |
| 6. Esophago-tracheal fistula | 14 | 13 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 4 | 18 |
| 7. Congenital esophageal atresia | 13 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 7 | 20 |
| 8. Congenital esophageal stenosis | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 19 | 21 |
| 9. Corrosive stricture of the esophagus | 10 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 6 | 16 |
| 10. Esophagitis, esophageal ulcer | 93 | 52 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 93 |
| 11. Esophageal varices | 56 | 56 | 0 | 1 (1.8) | 0 | 1 (1.8) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.8) |  | 471 | 527 |
| (1) Laparotomy | 12 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 12 |
| (2) Sclerotherapy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 89 | 89 |
| (3) EVL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 329 | 329 |
| 12. Others | 76 | 63 | 13 | 1 (1.6) | 1 (1.6) | 2 (3.2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 (2.6) | 34 | 24 | 134 |
| Total | 1614 | 1009 | 605 | 3 (0.3) | 4 (0.4) | 8 (0.8) | 0 | 3 (0.5) | 4 (0.7) | ${ }_{(0.7)}$ | 73 | 740 | 2427 |

[^5]Table 36 Malignant esophageal diseases (histologic classification)

|  |  | Resection (+) | Resection (-) | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Carcinomas |  | 8473 | 2025 | 10,498 |
| 1 | Squamous cell carcinoma | 7455 | 1870 | 9325 |
| 2 | Basaloid(-squamous)carcinoma | 86 | 8 | 94 |
| 3 | Carcinosarcoma | 48 | 5 | 53 |
| 4 | Adenocarcinoma in the Barrett's esophagus | 426 | 28 | 454 |
| 5 | Other adenocarcinoma | 369 | 62 | 431 |
| 6 | Adenosquamous carcinoma | 20 | 3 | 23 |
| 7 | Mucoepidermoid carcinoma | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 8 | Adenoid cystic carcinoma | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| 9 | Endocrine cell carcinoma | 39 | 26 | 65 |
| 10 | Undifferentiated carcinoma | 8 | 6 | 14 |
| 11 | Others | 16 | 17 | 33 |
| Other malignancies |  | 36 | 4 | 40 |
| 1 | Malignant non-epithelial tumors | 8 | 1 | 9 |
| 2 | Malignant melanoma | 20 | 2 | 22 |
| 3 | Other malignant tumors | 8 | 1 | 9 |
| Not specified |  | 16 | 0 | 16 |
| Total |  | 8525 | 2029 | 10,554 |

Resection: including endoscopic resection

Table 37 Malignant esophageal disease (clinical characteristics)

|  | Operation(+) |  |  |  | EMR or ESD | Operation$(-)$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cases | Hospital mortality |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 30 days | $31-$ <br> 90 days | Total (including after 91-day mortality) |  |  |  |
| 1. Esophageal cancer | 6319 | 33 (0.5) | 30 (0.5) | 83 (1.3) | 2170 | 2025 | 10,514 |
| Location |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (1) Cervical esophagus | 223 | 0 | 0 | 2 (0.9) | 102 | 142 | 467 |
| (2) Thoracic esophagus | 5117 | 30 (0.6) | 27 (0.5) | 75 (1.5) | 1637 | 1682 | 8436 |
| (3) Abdominal esophagus | 718 | 2 (0.3) | 3 (0.4) | 5 (0.7) | 119 | 99 | 936 |
| (4) Multiple cancers | 261 | 1 (0.4) | 0 | 1 (0.4) | 216 | 41 | 518 |
| (5) Others/not described | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 96 | 61 | 157 |
| Tumor depth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (A) Superficial cancer (T1) | 1938 | 10 (0.5) | 6 (0.3) | 19 (1.0) | 2162 | 203 | 4303 |
| Mucosal cancer (Tla) | 346 | 1 (0.3) | 1 (0.3) | 4 (1.2) | 1557 | 39 | 1942 |
| (B) Advanced cancer (T2T4) | 4377 | 23 (0.5) | 24 (0.5) | 64 (1.5) | 5 | 1766 | 6148 |
| (C) Not specified | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 56 | 63 |
| 2. Multiple primary cancers | 1167 | 7 (0.6) | 9 (0.8) | 19 (1.6) | 611 | 299 | 2077 |
| 1) Synchronous | 658 | 6 (0.9) | 8 (1.2) | 16 (2.4) | 260 | 145 | 1063 |
| (1) Head and neck | 231 | 1 (0.4) | 2 (0.9) | 4 (1.7) | 133 | 50 | 414 |
| (2) Stomach | 203 | 3 (1.5) | 4 (2.0) | 9 (4.4) | 66 | 34 | 303 |
| (3) Colorectum | 83 | 1 (1.2) | 0 | 1 (1.2) | 16 | 12 | 111 |
| (4) Lung | 42 | 1 (2.4) | 0 | 1 (2.4) | 8 | 17 | 67 |
| (5) Pancreas | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 7 |
| (6) Liver | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 9 |
| (7) Others | 56 | 0 | 1 (1.8) | 0 | 16 | 17 | 89 |
| (8) Triple cancers | 35 | 0 | 1 (2.9) | 1 (2.9) | 17 | 11 | 63 |
| (9) Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2) Metachronous | 509 | 1 (0.2) | 1 (0.2) | 3 (0.6) | 351 | 154 | 1014 |
| (1) Head and neck | 98 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 117 | 31 | 246 |
| (2) Stomach | 104 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 76 | 31 | 211 |
| (3) Colorectum | 70 | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.4) | 35 | 20 | 125 |
| (4) Lung | 47 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 19 | 76 |
| (5) Pancreas | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 |
| (6) Liver | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 8 |
| (7) Others | 148 | 1 (0.7) | 1 (0.7) | 2 (1.4) | 60 | 31 | 239 |
| (8) Triple cancers | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 49 | 20 | 103 |
| (9) Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

(), mortality \%
$E M R$ endoscopic mucosal resection (including endoscopic submucosal dissection)


Fig. 3 Annual trend of inpatients with esophageal diseases. EMR endoscopic mucosal resection (including endoscopic submucosal)

Table 38 Malignant esophageal disease (surgical procedures)

|  | Operation ( + ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EMR or } \\ & \text { ESD } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cases | Hospital mortality |  |  | Thoracoscopic and/or laparoscopic procedure |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Cases | Hospital | mortality |  |  |
|  |  | 30 days | 31- <br> 90 days | Total (including after 91-day mortality) |  | 30 days | 3190 days | Total (including after 91day mortality) |  |
| Superficial cancer (T1) | 1938 | $10(0.5)$ | 6 (0.3) | 19 (1.0) | 1434 | 8 (0.6) | 5 (0.3) | 15 (1.0) | 2162 |
| Mucosal cancer (Tla) | 346 | 1 (0.3) | 1 (0.3) | 4 (1.2) | 210 | 1 (0.5) | 1 (0.5) | 4 (1.9) | 1557 |
| Esophagectomy | 1938 | $10(0.5)$ | 6 (0.3) | 19 (1.0) | 1434 | 8 (0.6) | 5 (0.3) | 15 (1.0) | 2162 |
| (1) Transhiatal esophagectomy, mediascope-assisted esophagectomy | 176 | 0 | 0 | 1 (0.6) | 85 | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.2) |  |
| (2) Transthoracic (rt.) esophagectomy and reconstruction | 1649 | $10(0.6)$ | 5 (0.3) | 16 (1.0) | 1296 | 8 (0.6) | 5 (0.4) | 13 (1.0) |  |
| (3) Transthoracic (lt.) esophagectomy and reconstruction | 31 | 0 | 1 (3.2) | 1 (3.2) | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| (4) Cervical esophageal resection and reconstruction | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| (5) Robot-assisted esophagectomy | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| (6) Others | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| (7) Esophagectomy without reconstruction | 9 | 0 | 0 | 1 (11.1) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 (50.0) |  |
| (8) Not specified | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Advanced cancer (T2-T4) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Esophagectomy | 4377 | 23 (0.5) | 24 (0.5) | 64 (1.5) | 2422 | 11 (0.5) | 10 (0.4) | 28 (1.2) | 5 |
| (1) Transhiatal esophagectomy, mediascope-assisted esophagectomy | 240 | 1 (0.4) | 1 (0.4) | 2 (0.8) | 92 | 0 | 1 (1.1) | 1 (1.1) |  |
| (2) Transthoracic (rt.) esophagectomy and reconstruction | 3818 | 21 (0.6) | 20 (0.5) | 55 (1.4) | 2255 | 10 (0.4) | 9 (0.4) | 25 (1.1) |  |
| (3) Transthoracic (lt.) esophagectomy and reconstruction | 89 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| (4) Cervical esophageal resection and reconstruction | 105 | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.0) | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| (5) Robot-assisted esophagectomy | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| (6) Others | 57 | 1 (1.8) | 1 (1.8) | 2 (3.5) | 22 | 1 (4.5) | 0 | 1 (4.5) |  |
| (7) Esophagectomy without reconstruction | 43 | 0 | 2 (4.7) | 4 (9.3) | 19 | 0 | 0 | 1 (5.3) |  |
| (8) Not specified | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| (Depth not specified) | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Combined resection of other organs | 296 | 3 (1.0) | 3(1.0) | 7 (2.4) |  |  |  |  |  |
| (1) Aorta | 8 | 1 (12.5) | 0 | 1 (12.5) |  |  |  |  |  |
| (2) Trachea, bronchus | 20 | 0 | 0 | 1 (5.0) |  |  |  |  |  |
| (3) Lung | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| (4) Others | 208 | 2 (1.0) | 3 (1.4) | 5 (2.4) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salvage surgery | 230 | 4 (1.7) | 1 (0.4) | 6 (2.6) | 70 | 1 (1.4) | 0 | 1 (1.4) | 25 |



Fig. 4 Annual trend of video-assisted esophagectomy for esophageal malignancy

Table 39 Mortality after combined resection of the neighbouring organs

| Year | Esophagectomy |  |  | Combined resection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Aorta |  |  | Tracheobronchus |  |  | Lung |  |  | Others |  |  |
|  | a | b | c | a | b | c | a | b | c | a | b | c | a | b | c |
| 1996 | 4194 | 120 | 2.86\% | 7 | 3 | 42.86\% | 24 | 0 | 0.00\% | 50 | 2 | 4.00\% | 78 | 4 | 5.13\% |
| 1997 | 4441 | 127 | 2.86\% | 1 | 0 | 0.00\% | 34 | 5 | 14.71\% | 56 | 1 | 1.79\% | 94 | 3 | 3.19\% |
| 1998 | 4878 | 136 | 2.79\% | 4 | 0 | 0.00\% | 29 | 0 | 0.00\% | 74 | 1 | 1.35\% | 128 | 2 | 1.56\% |
| 1999 | 5015 | 116 | 2.31\% | 5 | 0 | 0.00\% | 23 | 2 | 8.70\% | 68 | 0 | 0.00\% | 122 | 1 | 0.82\% |
| 2000 | 5350 | 81 | 1.51\% | 2 | 0 | 0.00\% | 23 | 2 | 8.70\% | 69 | 0 | 0.00\% | 96 | 1 | 1.04\% |
| 2001 | 5521 | 110 | 1.99\% | 1 | 0 | 0.00\% | 26 | 1 | 3.85\% | 83 | 3 | 3.61\% | 99 | 2 | 2.02\% |
| 2002 | 4904 | 66 | 1.35\% | 3 | 1 | 33.33\% | 20 | 2 | 10.00\% | 63 | 0 | 0.00\% | 63 | 1 | 1.59\% |
| 2003 | 4639 | 45 | 0.97\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 24 | 2 | 8.33\% | 58 | 0 | 0.00\% | 88 | 1 | 1.14\% |
| 2004 | 4739 | 64 | 1.35\% | 2 | 0 | 0.00\% | 17 | 0 | 0.00\% | 59 | 5 | 8.47\% | 119 | 2 | 1.68\% |
| 2005 | 5163 | 52 | 1.01\% | 1 | 0 | 0.00\% | 11 | 1 | 9.09\% | 67 | 1 | 1.49\% | 73 | 1 | 1.37\% |
| 2006 | 5236 | 63 | 1.20\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 17 | 0 | 0.00\% | 62 | 2 | 3.23\% | 122 | 3 | 2.46\% |
| 2007 | 4990 | 60 | 1.20\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 25 | 1 | 4.00\% | 44 | 1 | 2.27\% | 138 | 2 | 1.45\% |
| 2008 | 5124 | 63 | 1.23\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 17 | 1 | 5.88\% | 48 | 1 | 2.08\% | 185 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 2009 | 5260 | 63 | 1.20\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 19 | 2 | 10.53\% | 58 | 2 | 3.45\% | 211 | 3 | 1.42\% |
| 2010 | 5180 | 45 | 0.87\% | 2 | 0 | 0.00\% | 33 | 0 | 0.00\% | 58 | 0 | 0.00\% | 245 | 5 | 2.04\% |
| 2011 | 5430 | 38 | 0.70\% | 4 | 0 | 0.00\% | 26 | 0 | 0.00\% | 41 | 0 | 0.00\% | 179 | 5 | 2.79\% |
| 2012 | 6055 | 47 | 0.78\% | 2 | 0 | 0.00\% | 23 | 1 | 4.35\% | 69 | 0 | 0.00\% | 240 | 1 | 0.42\% |
| 2013 | 5824 | 41 | 0.70\% | 2 | 0 | 0.00\% | 44 | 0 | 0.00\% | 77 | 1 | 1.30\% | 156 | 3 | 1.92\% |
| 2014 | 6244 | 47 | 0.75\% | 2 | 0 | 0.00\% | 24 | 0 | 0.00\% | 77 | 3 | 3.90\% | 227 | 3 | 1.32\% |
| 2015 | 6151 | 39 | 0.63\% | 3 | 0 | 0.00\% | 15 | 0 | 0.00\% | 67 | 3 | 4.48\% | 266 | 4 | 1.50\% |
| 2016 | 6158 | 40 | 0.65\% | 3 | 0 | 0.00\% | 12 | 0 | 0.00\% | 56 | 0 | 0.00\% | 155 | 1 | 0.65\% |
| 2017 | 6319 | 33 | 0.52\% | 8 | 1 | 12.50\% | 20 | 0 | 0.00\% | 60 | 0 | 0.00\% | 208 | 2 | 0.96\% |
| Total | 116,815 | 1496 | 1.28\% | 52 | 5 | 9.62\% | 506 | 20 | 3.95\% | 1364 | 26 | 1.91\% | 3292 | 50 | 1.52\% |

a: number of patients who underwent the operation
b: number of patients died within 30 days after operation
c: \% ratio of b/a, i.e., direct operative mortality

We aim to continue our efforts to gather all-encompassing survey data via more active collaboration with the Japan Esophageal Society and other related institutions.

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[^1]:    (), \% mortality

[^2]:    
    HOCM hypertrophic obstructive cardiomyopathy, $D C M$ dilated cardiomyopathy, $A V R$ aortic valve replacement, $M V R$ mitral valve replacement, $M V P$ mitral valve repair, $C A B G$ coronary artery bypass grafting

[^3]:    (), mortality \%

[^4]:    (), mortality \%

[^5]:    (), mortality
    $T / L$ thoracoscopic and/or laparoscopic \%

