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Non-projected Calabi-Yau supermanifolds over  $\mathbb{P}^2$ . (English) Zbl 07124448 Math. Res. Lett. 26, No. 4, 1027-1058 (2019).

This paper is concerned with the obstruction of supermanifolds to be projected, concentrating on supermanifolds of a complex projective space  $\mathbb{P}^n_{\mathbb{C}}$  as the associated reduced manifold and seeking to find the most general conditions for such supermanifolds to be non-projected. It is shown that only varieties of bosonic dimension 1 and 2 admit non-projected structures. The authors succeed in classifying non-projected supermanifolds over  $\mathbb{P}^1$  of odd dimension 2. They provide a necessary and sufficient condition for the supermanifold over  $\mathbb{P}^2$  to be non-projected. What is indeed remarkable, these supermanifolds turn out to be no other but Calabi-Yau supermanifolds [S. Noja et al., J. High Energy Phys. 2017, No. 4, Paper No. 94, 43 p. (2017; Zbl 1378.83088)]. It is established that these supermanifolds are not embeddable into a split projective superspace. The authors hold that the role of embedding spaces in supergeometry has to be played by super Grassmannians, establishing that all of the non-projected supermanifolds over  $\mathbb{P}^2$  are embeddable into a certain super Grassmannian (Theorem 6.1).

The authors then investigate the supermanifolds corresponding to two distinct choices of the fermionic sheaf  $\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{M}}$ , namely,

• the case when  $\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{M}}$  is the decomposable sheaf

$$\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2}\left(-1
ight)\oplus\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2}\left(-2
ight)$$

• the non-decomposable case when is the cotangent bundle  $\Omega^1_{\mathbb{P}^2}$  of  $\mathbb{P}^2$ .

In the decomposable case, it is shown that it is neither projective nor  $\Pi$ -pprojective. In the non-decomposable case, it is demonstrated that it coincides with the  $\Pi$ -projective plane  $\mathbb{P}^2_{\Pi}$  introduced by Yu. I. Manin [Gauge fields and complex geometry. (Kalibrovochnye polya i kompleksnaya geometriya) (Russian). Moskva: "Nauka". Glavnaya Redaktsiya Fiziko-Matematicheskoj Literatury. (1984; Zbl 0576.53002); Prog. Phys. 5, 231–234 (1982; Zbl 0535.70018)] in a completely different way. It is established that this unexpected correspondence is only a particular case of a general fact [S. Noja, J. Geom. Phys. 124, 286–299 (2018; Zbl 1388.58004)], meaning that  $\Pi$ -projective geometry arises naturally as one considers the cotangent bundle of projective spaces as the fermionic bundle over  $\mathbb{P}^n$ .

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## MSC:

53D37 Mirror symmetry, symplectic aspects; homological mirror symmetry; Fukaya category

- 32Q25 Calabi-Yau theory
- 58C50 Analysis on supermanifolds or graded manifolds
- 58A50 Supermanifolds, etc. (global analysis)

Full Text: DOI