

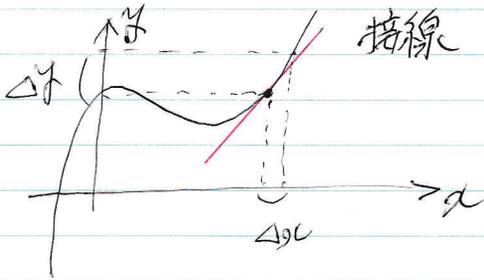
微積分 演習 第6回

微分

曲がっているのはイヤ



まっすぐなもので置きかえよう



$\Delta x \rightarrow \Delta y$ 複雑な関数

接線のほうでは

$\Delta y = a \Delta x$
比例定数

比例関数
(小学校)

$a = f'(x)$

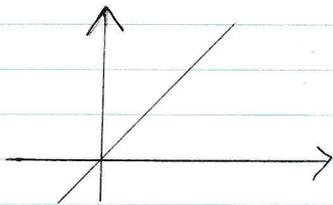
微分して出てくるのは比例関数
比例定数で特徴づけられる

三角形の合同のときは

- 二辺夾角
- 二角夾辺
- 三辺

で特徴づけ

まっすぐなものを扱う代数
線形代数



グラフを描くと
原点を通る直線

$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad (x, y, \alpha \in \mathbb{R})$ のとき

$$\begin{cases} f(x+y) = f(x) + f(y) \\ f(\alpha x) = \alpha f(x) \end{cases}$$

が成り立つとき
線形関数

$$f(\alpha) = f(1\alpha) = \alpha \underbrace{f(1)}_a \quad (\text{比例})$$

対心

比例関数 \longleftrightarrow 比例定数

$$f(x) = ax \longleftrightarrow a$$

比例関数全体
線形空間

$$f + g \longleftrightarrow a + b$$

$$\alpha f \longleftrightarrow \alpha a$$

$$f \longleftrightarrow a$$

$$g \longleftrightarrow b$$

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m \quad (x, y \in \mathbb{R}^n \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R})$$

線形関数

$$\begin{cases} f(x+y) = f(x) + f(y) \\ f(\alpha x) = \alpha f(x) \end{cases}$$

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} = x_1 e_1 + \cdots + x_n e_n \quad \text{基底}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= f(x_1 e_1 + \cdots + x_n e_n) \\ &= f(x_1 e_1) + \cdots + f(x_n e_n) \\ &= x_1 f(e_1) + \cdots + x_n f(e_n) \end{aligned}$$

$$f(e_1) = a_1 = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} \\ \vdots \\ a_{m1} \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^m$$

$$f(e_2) = a_2 = \begin{pmatrix} a_{12} \\ \vdots \\ a_{m2} \end{pmatrix}$$

 \vdots

$$f(e_n) = a_n = \begin{pmatrix} a_{1n} \\ \vdots \\ a_{mn} \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{と書く}$$

$[a_1 \dots a_n]$ 並べ方

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \dots & a_{mn} \end{bmatrix} = A \quad m \times n \text{ の行列}$$

線形関数 $m \times n$ 行列

$$\begin{array}{ccc} f & \longleftrightarrow & A \\ g & \longleftrightarrow & B \end{array}$$

$$f + g \longleftrightarrow A + B \quad \text{成分ごとに足し算}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & \dots & a_{mn} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & \dots & b_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ b_{m1} & \dots & b_{mn} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11}+b_{11} & \dots & a_{1n}+b_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1}+b_{m1} & \dots & a_{mn}+b_{mn} \end{bmatrix}$$

$n=m=1$ のとき $[a]$ 1×1 行列
数 として見る

$n=m=2$ のとき

$$\begin{aligned} (f+g)x &= f(x) + g(x) \\ &= Ax + Bx \\ &= (A+B)x \end{aligned} \quad \curvearrowright$$

丁寧に書くと

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{pmatrix} \longleftrightarrow f$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \end{pmatrix} \longleftrightarrow g$$

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= Ax \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 g(x) &= Bx \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} b_{11}x_1 + b_{12}x_2 \\ b_{21}x_1 + b_{22}x_2 \end{pmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(f+g)(x) = \underset{\text{定義}}{f(x) + g(x)}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} b_{11}x_1 + b_{12}x_2 \\ b_{21}x_1 + b_{22}x_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + b_{11}x_1 + b_{12}x_2 \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + b_{21}x_1 + b_{22}x_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} (a_{11} + b_{11})x_1 + (a_{12} + b_{12})x_2 \\ (a_{21} + b_{21})x_1 + (a_{22} + b_{22})x_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= (A + B)x$$

$$(\alpha f)(x) = \alpha f(x)$$

$$= \alpha \begin{pmatrix} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \alpha a_{11}x_1 + \alpha a_{12}x_2 \\ \alpha a_{21}x_1 + \alpha a_{22}x_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= (\alpha A)x$$

$$\alpha f \longleftrightarrow \alpha A$$

線形写像 $f \longleftrightarrow A$ 2×2
 線形写像 $g \longleftrightarrow B$ とする

合成 $g \circ f$ は線形関数

$$\begin{aligned} (g \circ f)(x+y) &= g(f(x+y)) \\ &= g(f(x) + f(y)) \\ &= g(f(x)) + g(f(y)) \\ &= (g \circ f)(x) + (g \circ f)(y) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (g \circ f)(\alpha x) &= g(f(\alpha x)) \\ &= g(\alpha f(x)) \\ &= \alpha g(f(x)) \\ &= \alpha (g \circ f)(x) \end{aligned}$$

$g \circ f \longleftrightarrow$ 行列の積

$$\begin{aligned} (g \circ f)(x) &= g(f(x)) \\ &= g \begin{pmatrix} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} b_{11}(a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2) + b_{12}(a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2) \\ b_{21}(a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2) + b_{22}(a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2) \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \underbrace{(b_{11}a_{11} + b_{12}a_{21})}_{1.1 \text{成分}} x_1 + \underbrace{(b_{11}a_{12} + b_{12}a_{22})} x_2 \\ \underbrace{(b_{21}a_{11} + b_{22}a_{21})} x_1 + \underbrace{(b_{21}a_{12} + b_{22}a_{22})} x_2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

(注) 一般に行列の積 $AB \neq BA$

宿題 計算せよ

$$\begin{pmatrix} 250 & 150 \\ 120 & 90 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 5 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$f(x_1, x_2) = \begin{pmatrix} f_1(x_1, x_2) \\ f_2(x_1, x_2) \end{pmatrix}$$

(x_1, x_2) で微分すると
 $\mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ 線形関数が出てくる
 2×2 行列で表される

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_2} \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_2} \end{bmatrix}$$

合成関数の微分は

$$(g \circ f)' = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial g_1}{\partial y_1}(f(x)) & \frac{\partial g_1}{\partial y_2}(f(x)) \\ \frac{\partial g_2}{\partial y_1}(f(x)) & \frac{\partial g_2}{\partial y_2}(f(x)) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_1}(x) & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_2}(x) \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_1}(x) & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_2}(x) \end{pmatrix}$$