

高階の微分

$$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$f'(x_0)$ 微分係数

x_0 は動かす

~~f'~~ $f': \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ 1階の微分

$$x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$f''(x_0)$ 2階の微分

$$f'': \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

続けられる

これは高校の話

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

$$x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

微分できる

$f'(x_0): \mathbb{R}^n$ から \mathbb{R}^m への線型写像

の全体と。

セリコド

$$L(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m) = \mathbb{R}^{mn}$$

$m \times n$ の行列で表すことができる。

$$m \left(\underbrace{\left[\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \right]}_n \right) \quad m \times n \text{ 個の实数}$$

二二二、
 $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^n$ 動かす

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow L(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$$

\mathbb{R}^{mn} と同一視

高校の場合

$$n = m = 1$$

$$L(\mathbb{R}; \mathbb{R})$$

1×1 の行列 $[]$

\parallel
 \mathbb{R}

$f' \in$

$x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^n$ で微分

$f'(x_0): \mathbb{R}^n$ から $L(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$ への線型写像

$\varphi: \mathbb{R}^n$ から $L(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$ への線型写像

$$a \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\varphi(a) \in L(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$$

$$b \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$\varphi(a)(b) \in \mathbb{R}^m$$

$$\tilde{\varphi}(a, b):$$

$$\tilde{\varphi}: \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\varphi}(\alpha a, b) &= (\alpha \varphi(a))(b) = \alpha \varphi(a)(b) \\ &= \alpha \tilde{\varphi}(a, b) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\varphi}(a, \alpha b) &= \varphi(a)(\alpha b) \\ &= \alpha \varphi(a)(b) \\ &= \alpha \tilde{\varphi}(a, b) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{\varphi}(a_1 + a_2, b) &= \varphi(a_1 + a_2)(b) \\ &= \varphi(a_1)(b) + \varphi(a_2)(b) \\ &= \tilde{\varphi}(a_1, b) + \tilde{\varphi}(a_2, b)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{\varphi}(a, b_1 + b_2) &= \varphi(a)(b_1 + b_2) \\ &\quad \uparrow \\ &\quad L(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m) \\ &= \varphi(a)(b_1) + \varphi(a)(b_2) \\ &= \tilde{\varphi}(a, b_1) + \tilde{\varphi}(a, b_2)\end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{\varphi}: \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

二重線型性 成り立ち。

$$n=2 \quad m=1$$

内積 $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$

行列式 2×2

$$|a \ b|$$

二重線型性
ε-満T-2

$$f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad f''(x) \quad \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\psi: \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m \quad \text{二重線型写像}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \psi(a_1 + a_2, b) = \psi(a_1, b) + \psi(a_2, b) \circ \\ \psi(a, b_1 + b_2) = \psi(a, b_1) + \psi(a, b_2) \circ \\ \psi(\alpha a, b) = \alpha \psi(a, b) \circ \\ \psi(a, \beta b) = \beta \psi(a, b) \circ \end{array} \right.$$

$$a \in \mathbb{R} \mapsto \psi(a, -): \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

$$\uparrow \\ L(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$$

$$a_1 + a_2$$

\mathbb{R}^n から $L(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$ への線型写像の全体

$$L(\mathbb{R}^n \oplus \mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$$

$$\exists = 2$$

$$\forall = \exists \times 2$$

$$= L(\mathbb{R}^n; L(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m))$$

$\varphi: \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ = 重線型写像

$$\varphi\left(\begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{pmatrix}\right) = \varphi(a_1 e_1 + a_2 e_2, b_1 e_1 + b_2 e_2)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix} = a_1 e_1 + a_2 e_2$$

$$(e_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, e_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix})$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{pmatrix} = b_1 e_1 + b_2 e_2$$

$$= a_1 b_1 \varphi(e_1, e_1) + a_1 b_2 \varphi(e_1, e_2) \\ + a_2 b_1 \varphi(e_2, e_1) + a_2 b_2 \varphi(e_2, e_2)$$

→ a の 4 つの数値が φ の値を決める

$f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$: 線型

$$f\left(\begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix}\right) = f(a_1 e_1 + a_2 e_2)$$

$$= a_1 f(e_1) + a_2 f(e_2)$$

$$\overset{1 \times 2}{[f(e_1), f(e_2)]} \overset{2 \times 1}{\begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix}}$$

$$\overset{1 \times 2}{(a_1, a_2)} \begin{bmatrix} \varphi(e_1, e_1) & \varphi(e_1, e_2) \\ \varphi(e_2, e_1) & \varphi(e_2, e_2) \end{bmatrix} \overset{2 \times 1}{\begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{pmatrix}}$$

内積 $\varphi(a, b) = \varphi(b, a)$ 対称性

$$\varphi(e_1, e_2) = \varphi(e_2, e_1)$$

~~$$\begin{bmatrix} \varphi(e_1, e_1) & \varphi(e_1, e_2) \\ \varphi(e_2, e_1) & \varphi(e_2, e_2) \end{bmatrix}$$~~

行列式 $\varphi(a, b) = -\varphi(b, a)$ 反対称性

$$\varphi(e_1, e_2) = -\varphi(e_2, e_1)$$

$$\varphi(e_1, e_1) = \varphi(e_2, e_2) = 0$$

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

$$f': \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow L(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$$

$$x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$f''(x_0) \in L(\mathbb{R}^n, \mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$$

$$f''(x_0)(a, b) \in \mathbb{R}^m$$

定理

$$f''(x_0)(a, b) = f''(x_0)(b, a)$$

($f''(x_0)$ は対称)

= 以下の証明可

$$d_1, d_2 \in D$$

$$f'(x_0)(a)d = f(x_0 + ad) - f(x_0)$$

$$f''(x_0)(a d_1, b d_2)$$

$$= \underline{f''(x_0)(a d_1)(b d_2)}$$

$$= \{ f'(x_0 + a d_1) - f'(x_0) \} (b d_2)$$

$$= f'(x_0 + a d_1)(b d_2) - f'(x_0)(b d_2)$$

$$= f(x_0 + a d_1 + b d_2) - f(x_0 + a d_1) \\ - \{ f(x_0 + b d_2) - f(x_0) \}$$

$$= f(x_0 + a d_1 + b d_2) - f(x_0 + a d_1) - f(x_0 + b d_2) \\ + f(x_0)$$

$$f''(x_0)(b d_2, a d_1) = \underline{f''(x_0)(b, a) d_1 d_2}$$

2階の微分係数の線形写像

10月11日
17日(月)

高階の微分

$$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$f'(x_0)$$

x_0 を動かす

$$f': \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

微分係数

1階の

$$x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$f''(x_0)$$

2階の微分

$$f'': \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

高校

続いた

$$\mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

f'

$$x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

微分

$$f'(x_0)$$

\mathbb{R}^n から \mathbb{R}^m への線型写像

の全体

$$\mathcal{L}(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$$

$m \times n$ の行列の全体

$$\mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$$

$$M \left(\begin{matrix} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{matrix} \right)$$

$m \times n$ 個の実数

x_0 不動点 $\mathbb{R} \quad n=m=1 \quad |x|$
 $\langle \mathbb{R}; \mathbb{R} \rangle \quad []$

$f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \langle \mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m \rangle$
 \mathbb{R}^{mn}) 同一視

$x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$ 上 微分
 $f'(x_0): \mathbb{R}^n$ から $\langle \mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m \rangle$ への線型写像

$\varphi: \mathbb{R}^n$ から $\langle \mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m \rangle$ への線型写像

$a \in \mathbb{R}$
 $\varphi(a) \in \langle \mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m \rangle$
 $b \in \mathbb{R}^n \quad \varphi(a)(b) \in \mathbb{R}^m$

$\tilde{\varphi}(a, b)$

$\tilde{\varphi}: \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$
 $\tilde{\varphi}(a, b) = (\varphi(a))(b)$

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{\varphi}(a, \alpha b) &= \underline{\varphi(a)}(\alpha b) \\ &= \alpha \varphi(a)(b) \\ &= \alpha \tilde{\varphi}(a, b)\end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{\varphi}(a, b_1 + b_2) = \underline{\varphi(a)}(b_1 + b_2)$$

内積

$$a, b \in \mathbb{R}$$

行列式 2×2

$$|a \ b|$$

$$f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\langle \mathbb{R}^n, \mathbb{R}^m \rangle$$

$$\boxed{n=2 \quad m=1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= \varphi(a)(b_1) + \varphi(a)(b_2) \\ &= \tilde{\varphi}(a, b_1) + \tilde{\varphi}(a, b_2)\end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{\varphi}: \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

$$f''(x)$$

$$\mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

二重線型性

$$\tilde{\varphi}(a_1 + a_2, b) = \varphi(a_1 + a_2)(b)$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= \varphi(a_1)(b) + \varphi(a_2)(b) \\ &= \tilde{\varphi}(a_1, b) + \tilde{\varphi}(a_2, b)\end{aligned}$$

$$\psi: \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m \quad \text{二重線型写像}$$

$$\psi(a_1 + a_2, b) = \psi(a_1, b) + \psi(a_2, b) \quad \circ$$

$$\psi(a, b_1 + b_2) = \psi(a, b_1) + \psi(a, b_2) \quad \circ$$

$$\psi(\alpha a, b) = \alpha \psi(a, b) \quad \circ$$

$$\psi(a, \beta b) = \beta \psi(a, b) \quad \circ$$

$$a \in \mathbb{R} \mapsto \psi(a, -): \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m \in \mathcal{L}(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$$

$$a_1 + a_2$$

\mathbb{R}^n 上の $\mathcal{L}(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$ の線型写像の全体

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathcal{L}(\mathbb{R}^n, \mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m) \\ &= \mathcal{L}(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathcal{L}(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)) \end{aligned}$$

$\varphi: \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ = 重线性写像 $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$: 非零 $\varphi(e_1, e_1) = -\varphi(e_1, e_1) \times 2 \dots$

$f\left(\begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix}\right) = f(a_1 e_1 + a_2 e_2)$
 $= a_1 f(e_1) + a_2 f(e_2)$

$[f(e_1), f(e_2)] \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix}$

$2 \times 1 \quad 1 \times 1$
 $2 \times 2 \quad 2 \times 1$

$e_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \varphi\left(\begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{pmatrix}\right) = \varphi(a_1 e_1 + a_2 e_2, b_1 e_1 + b_2 e_2)$

$e_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix} = a_1 e_1 + a_2 e_2$
 $\begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{pmatrix} = b_1 e_1 + b_2 e_2$

$= a_1 b_1 \varphi(e_1, e_1) + a_1 b_2 \varphi(e_1, e_2) + a_2 b_1 \varphi(e_2, e_1) + a_2 b_2 \varphi(e_2, e_2)$

$(a_1, a_2) \begin{bmatrix} \varphi(e_1, e_1) & \varphi(e_1, e_2) \\ \varphi(e_2, e_1) & \varphi(e_2, e_2) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{pmatrix}$

内积 行列式 $\varphi(a, b) = \varphi(b, a)$ 对称性 $\Rightarrow \varphi(e_1, e_2) = \varphi(e_2, e_1)$
 $\varphi(a, b) = -\varphi(b, a)$ 反对称性 $\Rightarrow \varphi(e_1, e_2) = -\varphi(e_2, e_1)$
 $\varphi(e_1, e_1) = \varphi(e_2, e_2) = 0$

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

$$f': \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(\mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$$

$$x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$f''(x_0) \in \mathcal{L}(\mathbb{R}^n, \mathbb{R}^n; \mathbb{R}^m)$$

$$f''(x_0)(a, b) \in \mathbb{R}^m$$

定理

$$f''(x_0)(a, b) = f''(x_0)(b, a)$$

($f''(x_0)$ は対称)

⇨ 示が証明す

