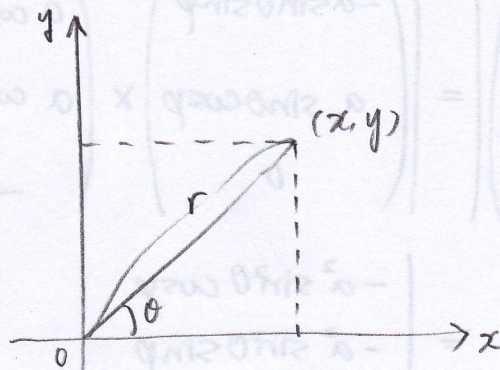


2次元

$$(0 \leq r < \infty)$$

$$(0 \leq \theta < 2\pi)$$

$$\begin{cases} x = r \cos \theta \\ y = r \sin \theta \end{cases}$$



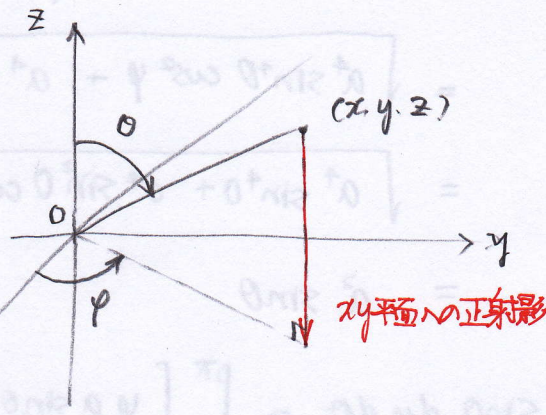
3次元

$$(0 \leq r < \infty)$$

$$(0 \leq \theta < \pi)$$

$$(0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi)$$

$$\begin{cases} x = r \sin \theta \cos \varphi \\ y = r \sin \theta \sin \varphi \\ z = r \cos \theta \end{cases}$$



球の面積

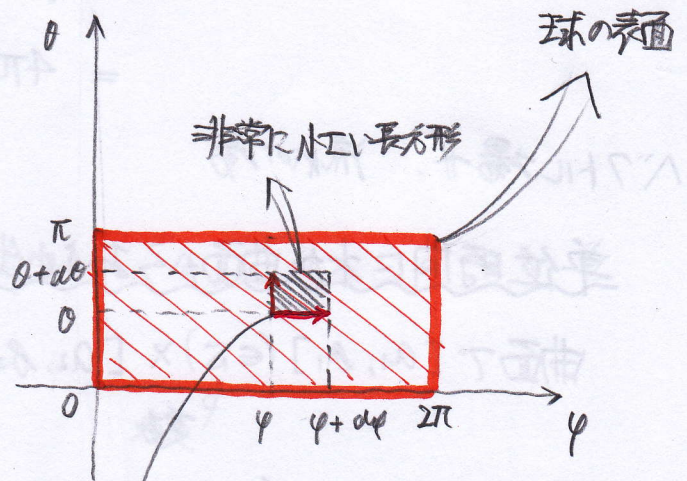
$4\pi a^2$  (天下) 中学校

原点中心で半径aの球

$$r = a$$

$\varphi, \theta$  による parameter 表示

$$\begin{cases} x = a \sin \theta \cos \varphi = f(\varphi, \theta) \\ y = a \sin \theta \sin \varphi = g(\varphi, \theta) \\ z = a \cos \theta = h(\varphi, \theta) \end{cases}$$



非常に小さい平行四辺形になる

この面積は

$$\left| \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial \varphi} \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial \theta} \end{pmatrix} \right| d\varphi d\theta$$

ベクトル積

$$\int_0^\pi \int_0^{2\pi} \left| \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial \varphi} \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial \theta} \end{pmatrix} \right| d\varphi d\theta$$

(計算)

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial \varphi} \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial \theta} \end{pmatrix} \right| &= \left| \begin{pmatrix} -a \sin \theta \sin \varphi \\ a \sin \theta \cos \varphi \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} a \cos \theta \cos \varphi \\ a \cos \theta \sin \varphi \\ -a \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} \right| \\ &= \left| \begin{pmatrix} -a^2 \sin^2 \theta \cos \varphi \\ -a^2 \sin^2 \theta \sin \varphi \\ -a^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \sin^2 \varphi - a^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \cos^2 \varphi \end{pmatrix} \right| \\ &= \sqrt{a^4 \sin^4 \theta \cos^2 \varphi + a^4 \sin^4 \theta \sin^2 \varphi + a^4 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta} \\ &= \sqrt{a^4 \sin^4 \theta + a^4 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta} \\ &= a^2 \sin \theta \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^\pi \int_0^{2\pi} a^2 \sin \theta \, d\varphi \, d\theta &= \int_0^\pi \left[ \varphi a^2 \sin \theta \right]_0^{2\pi} d\theta \\ &= \int_0^\pi 2\pi a^2 \sin \theta \, d\theta \\ &= 4\pi a^2 \end{aligned}$$

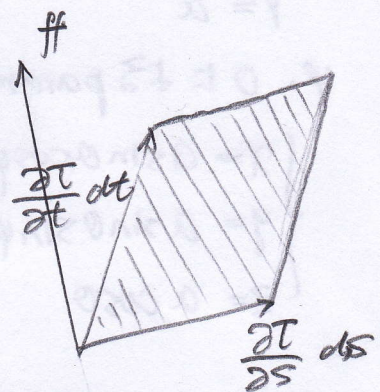
ベクトル場, 流形

単位時間には本曲面からどれくらい出てくるか?

曲面  $T: [a_1, b_1] (\in S) \times [a_2, b_2] (\in T) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$

平行六面体:  $\int_{a_2}^{b_2} \int_{a_1}^{b_1} \# \left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial s} \times \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \right) ds dt$

面積



曲面  $S, T$  表す

$$\iint_S \# d\mathbf{x}$$

大文字 大文字

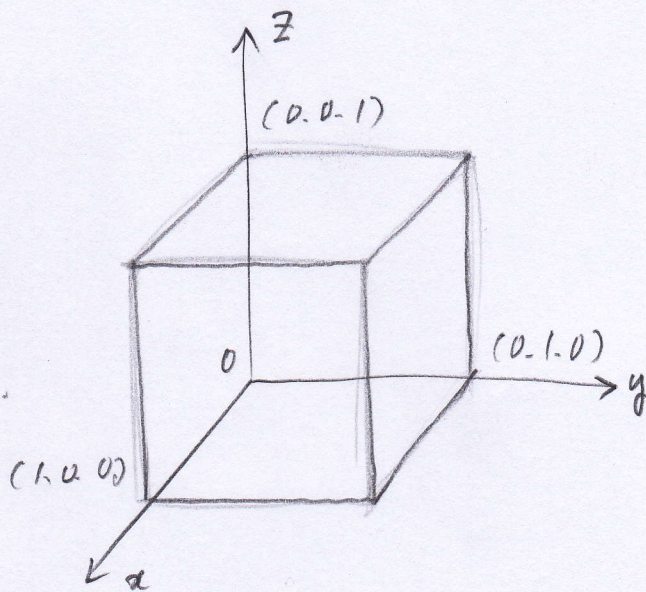
<レポート課題>

問題I

$$r(x, y, z) \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\iint r \, dS \text{ を計算せよ.}$$

(S: 立方体の表面)



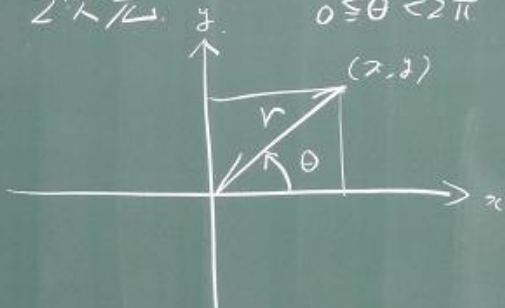
問題II

$$\iint_S r \, dS$$

(S:  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ )

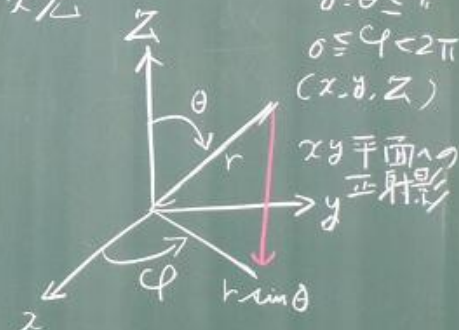
# 極座標

2次元



$$\begin{cases} x = r \cos \theta \\ y = r \sin \theta \end{cases}$$

3次元



$$\begin{cases} x = r \sin \theta \cos \phi \\ y = r \sin \theta \sin \phi \\ z = r \cos \theta \end{cases}$$

$0 \leq r < \infty$   
 $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$   
 $0 \leq \phi < 2\pi$

$(x, y, z)$   
xy平面への  
正射影

# 球の表面積

$4\pi a^2$  (天下)

原点中心 半径 a の球  
 $r = a$

$(\phi, \theta)$  parameter 表示

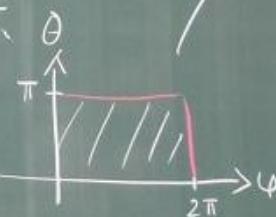
$$\begin{cases} x = a \sin \theta \cos \phi \\ y = a \sin \theta \sin \phi \\ z = a \cos \theta \end{cases}$$

像 (image)

球の表面



長方形



# 球の表面積 中文字

$4\pi a^2$  (天下)

原点中心 半径  $a$  の球  
 $r=a$

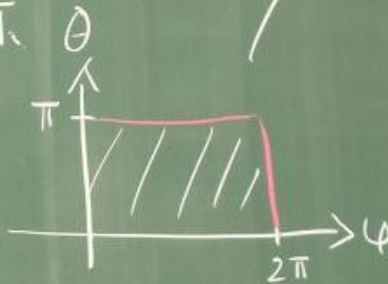
$(\varphi, \theta)$  = 3 parameter 表示

$x = a \sin \theta \cos \varphi$

$y = a \sin \theta \sin \varphi$

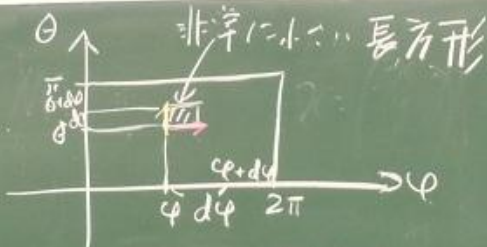
$z = a \cos \theta$

長方形



像 (image)

球の表面



$\Sigma \Sigma$

像

非常に小さな平行四辺形

面積

$$\begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial \varphi} \end{vmatrix} d\varphi \times \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial \theta} \end{vmatrix} d\theta$$

外積

$$\int_0^\pi \int_0^{2\pi} \left| \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \psi} \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \psi} \end{pmatrix} \right| d\varphi d\theta$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \psi} \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \psi} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -a \sin \theta \sin \varphi \\ a \sin \theta \cos \varphi \\ 0 \\ -a \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} +a \cos \theta \cos \varphi \\ a \cos \theta \sin \varphi \\ -a \sin \theta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -a^2 \sin^2 \theta \cos \varphi \\ -a^2 \sin^2 \theta \sin \varphi \\ -a^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \sin^2 \varphi - a^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \cos^2 \varphi \\ -a^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & a^4 \sin^4 \theta \cos^2 \varphi \\ & + a^4 \sin^4 \theta \sin^2 \varphi \\ & + a^4 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta \\ & = \sqrt{a^4 \sin^4 \theta} \\ & = a^2 \sin^2 \theta \end{aligned}$$

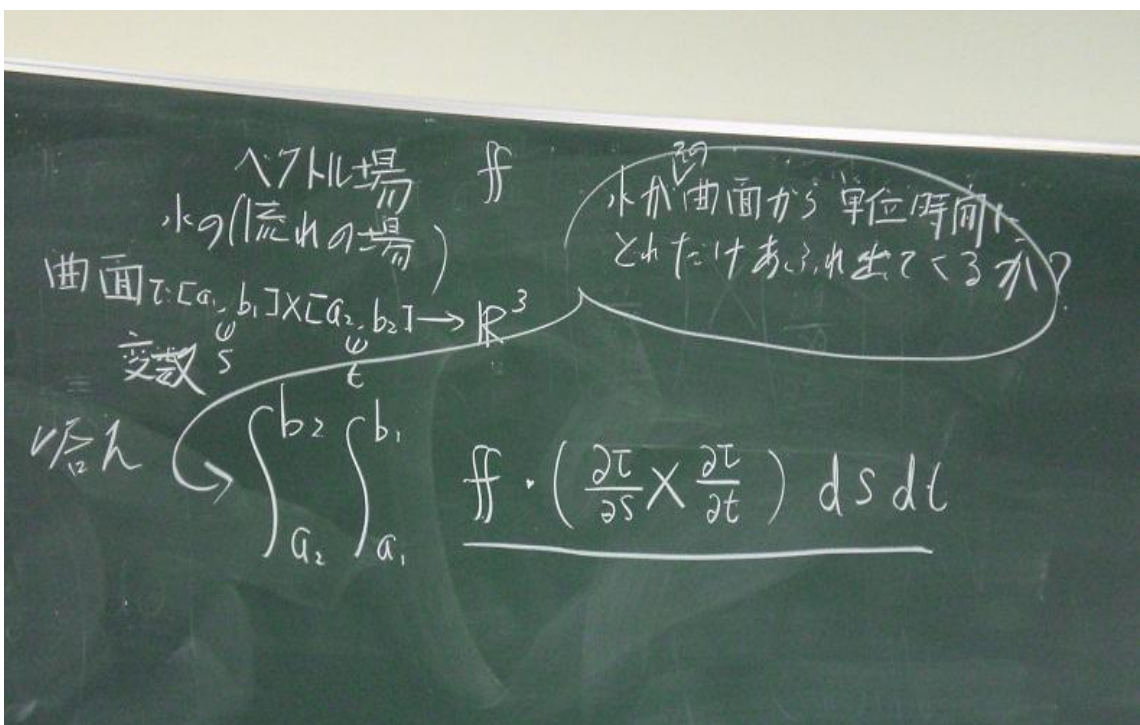
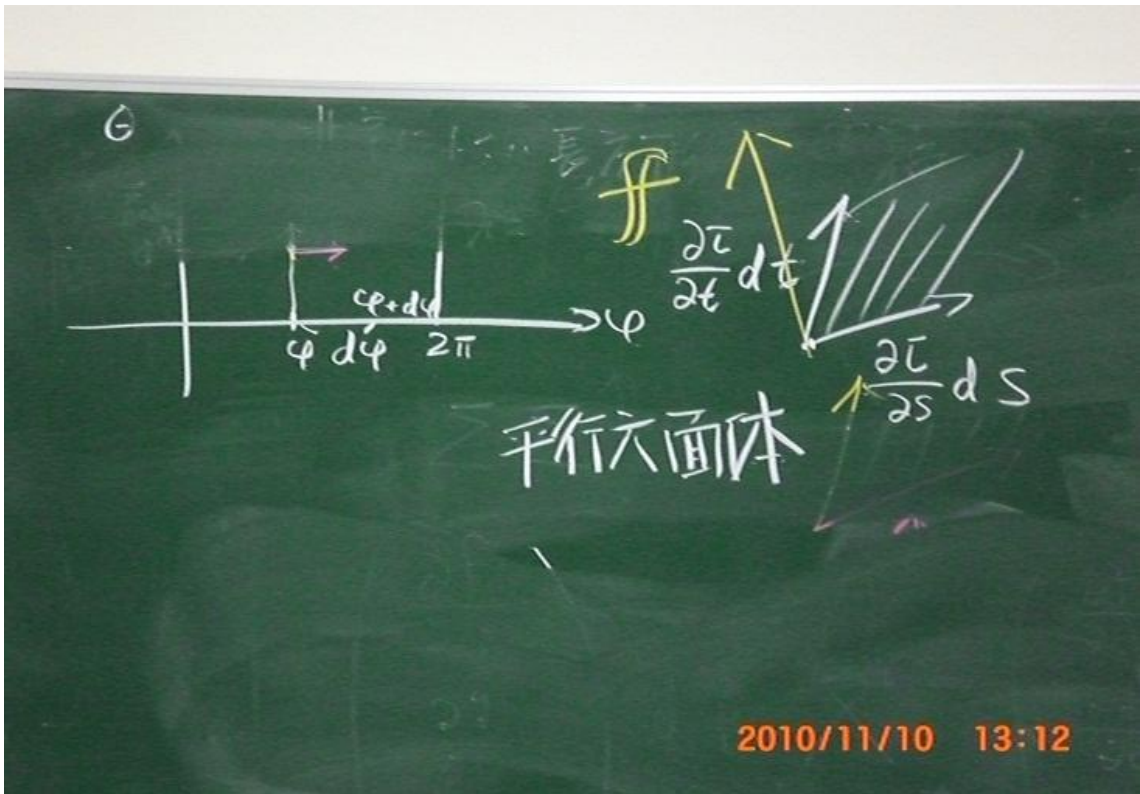
$$\begin{aligned}
 & a^4 \sin^4 \theta \cos^2 \varphi \\
 & + a^4 \sin^4 \theta \sin^2 \varphi \\
 & + a^4 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta \\
 & \sqrt{a^4 \sin^4 \theta + a^4 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta} \\
 & = \sqrt{a^4 \sin^2 \theta} \\
 & = a^2 \sin \theta
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_0^\pi \int_0^{2\pi} a^2 \sin \theta \, d\varphi \, d\theta \\
 & = \int_0^\pi [ \varphi a^2 \sin \theta ]_0^{2\pi} \, d\theta \\
 & = \int_0^\pi 2\pi a^2 \sin \theta \, d\theta \\
 & = [ -2\pi a^2 \cos \theta ]_0^\pi \\
 & = 4\pi a^2
 \end{aligned}$$



上7H場 f  
 小9(元Hの場)  
 曲面  $\tau(a_1, b_1) \times (a_2, b_2) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$   
 変数  $s, t$   
 小水<sup>29</sup> 曲面が5 単位時間  
 と1.1が、れ出てる水?

$$\int_{a_2}^{b_2} \int_{a_1}^{b_1} f \cdot \left( \frac{\partial \tau}{\partial s} \times \frac{\partial \tau}{\partial t} \right) \, ds \, dt$$





$$\iint_S f \cdot d\mathbf{S} \quad \text{未習の月 D705}$$

立方体  $(x, y, z) \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}$

$$\text{II} \quad \iint_S r \cdot d\mathbf{S}$$

I



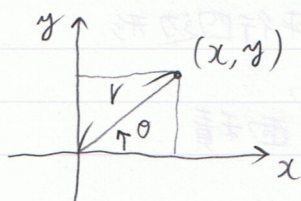
$$\iint_S r \cdot d\mathbf{S}$$

曲面Sは  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$

11/10(水) 3限 微積分 (生物学類)

極座標

2次元



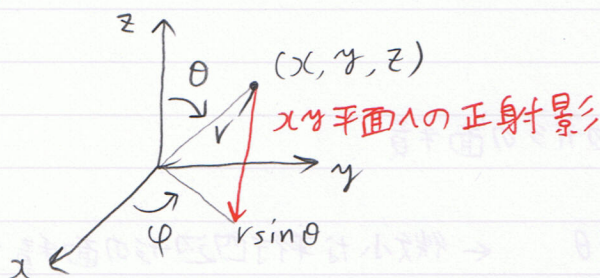
$$0 \leq r < \infty$$

$$0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$$

$$x = r \cos \theta$$

$$y = r \sin \theta$$

3次元



$$0 \leq r < \infty$$

$$0 \leq \theta < \pi$$

$$0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi$$

$$x = r \sin \theta \cos \varphi$$

$$y = r \sin \theta \sin \varphi$$

$$z = r \cos \theta$$

球の表面積

$$4\pi a^2 \text{ (天下り)}$$

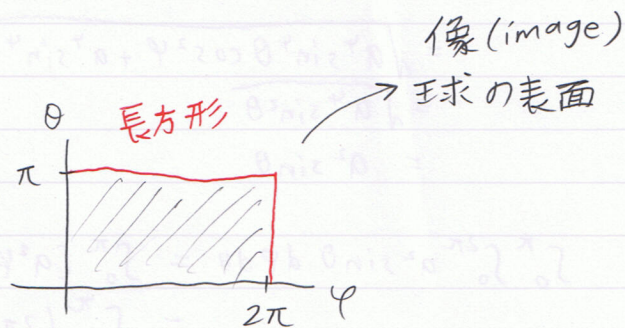
原点中心 半径 a の球

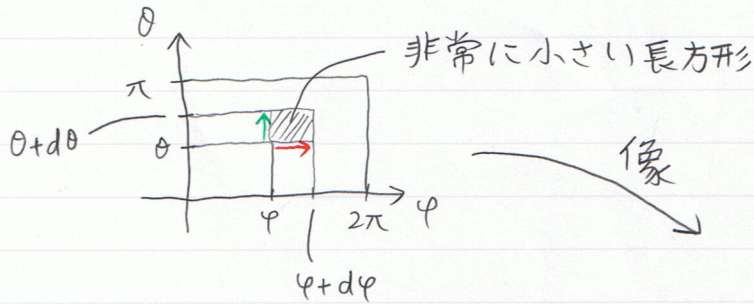
$$r = a$$

 $(\varphi, \theta)$  による parameter 表示

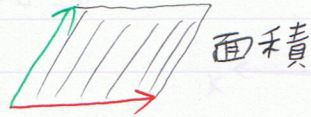
$$\begin{cases} x = a \sin \theta \cos \varphi = f(\varphi, \theta) \\ y = a \sin \theta \sin \varphi = g(\varphi, \theta) \\ z = a \cos \theta = h(\varphi, \theta) \end{cases}$$

と書く





非常に小さな平行四辺形



$$\left| \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial \varphi} \end{pmatrix} d\varphi \times \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial \theta} \end{pmatrix} d\theta \right|$$

↑  
ベクトル積

ベクトルの長さ = 平行四辺形の面積

$$\int_0^\pi \int_0^{2\pi} \left| \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial \varphi} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial \varphi} \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial \theta} \end{pmatrix} \right| d\varphi d\theta \quad \leftarrow \text{微小な平行四辺形の面積を} \\ \text{足し合わせると球の表面積になる}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \begin{pmatrix} -a \sin \theta \sin \varphi \\ a \sin \theta \cos \varphi \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} a \cos \theta \cos \varphi \\ a \cos \theta \sin \varphi \\ -a \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} \right| \\ &= \left| (-a^2 \sin^2 \theta \cos \varphi, -a^2 \sin^2 \theta \sin \varphi, -a^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \sin^2 \varphi - a^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \cos^2 \varphi) \right| \\ &= \sqrt{a^4 \sin^4 \theta \cos^2 \varphi + a^4 \sin^4 \theta \sin^2 \varphi + a^4 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta} \\ &= \sqrt{a^4 \sin^2 \theta} \\ &= a^2 \sin \theta \end{aligned}$$

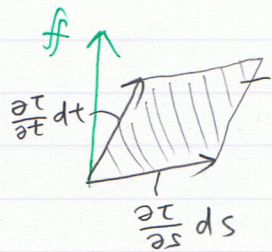
$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^\pi \int_0^{2\pi} a^2 \sin \theta d\varphi d\theta &= \int_0^\pi [a^2 \varphi \sin \theta]_0^{2\pi} d\theta \\ &= \int_0^\pi (2\pi a^2 \sin \theta) d\theta \\ &= 2\pi a^2 [-\cos \theta]_0^\pi \\ &= 2\pi a^2 \cdot 2 \\ &= 4\pi a^2 \end{aligned}$$

ベクトル場  $f$   
(流れの場)

水がその曲面から単位時間にどれだけあふれ出てくるか?

曲面  $\tau = [a_1, b_1] \times [a_2, b_2] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$

変数  $\begin{matrix} \curvearrowright \\ \rightarrow s \\ \rightarrow t \end{matrix}$



この微小な平行四辺形を  
流れる水の量は左の3つの  
ベクトルで張られる平行六面体の  
体積

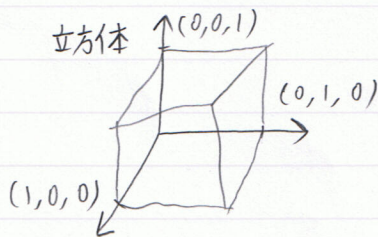
$$\int_{a_2}^{b_2} \int_{a_1}^{b_1} f \cdot \left( \frac{\partial \tau}{\partial s} \times \frac{\partial \tau}{\partial t} \right) ds dt$$

$$\iint_S f \cdot dS$$

微小な平行四辺形の面積を表すベクトル

問題 I

立方体



$$v(x, y, z) \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\iint_S v \cdot dS$$

↑  
立方体

問題 II

$$\iint_S v \cdot dS$$

曲面  $S$  は  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a$