

### Text S1.

The coordinate transformation matrix in equation (5) for a rotation from the ship frame to the reference frame and is given by

$$\mathbf{T} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \varphi \cos \theta & -\sin \varphi \cos \phi + \cos \varphi \sin \theta \sin \phi & \sin \varphi \sin \phi + \cos \varphi \sin \theta \cos \phi \\ \sin \varphi \cos \theta & \cos \varphi \cos \phi + \sin \varphi \sin \theta \sin \phi & -\cos \varphi \sin \phi + \sin \varphi \sin \theta \cos \phi \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \sin \phi & \cos \theta \cos \phi \end{pmatrix} \quad (\text{S1})$$

where  $\theta$  is the pitch angle,  $\phi$  is the roll angle, and  $\varphi$  is the yaw angle. In (S1) and throughout this study, right-handed reference frames are employed and the right-hand rule is used to determine the sign of angles  $\theta$ ,  $\phi$ , and  $\varphi$ .

**Table SI.** General condition of measurements

Date	Route	Weather condition	Average solar radiation (W/m <sup>2</sup> )	Run	Time (JST)	$\bar{t}$ (°C)	$\bar{U}$ (m/s)	Significant wave height (m)
June 16, 2018	Tsuchuura-Itako	Cloudy	291	1-1	10:10-10:25	14.1	7.2	0.22
				1-2	10:18-10:33	14.3	8.5	0.20
				1-3	10:20-10:35	14.3	8.6	0.21
				1-4	10:33-10:48	14.5	8.1	0.21
June 16, 2018	Itako-Tsuchiura	Cloudy	144	2-1	15:20-15:35	15.3	8.4	0.28
				2-2	15:30-15:45	15.3	7.0	0.29
				2-3	15:35-15:50	15.3	7.1	0.29
				2-4	15:45-16:00	15.3	6.2	0.29
				2-5	15:50-16:05	15.3	5.6	0.28
June 17, 2018	Tsuchuura-Itako	Cloudy	562	3-1	10:07-10:22	16.7	5.3	0.05
				3-2	10:15-10:30	16.8	4.9	0.05
				3-3	10:20-10:35	16.9	4.6	0.11
				3-4	10:30-10:45	17.1	4.7	0.04
				3-5	10:35-10:50	17.2	5.1	0.06
June 17, 2018	Itako-Tsuchiura	Cloudy	237	4-1	15:30-15:45	18.8	4.3	0.14
				4-2	15:40-15:55	18.9	4.3	0.18
				4-3	15:45-16:00	19.0	4.0	0.19
June 24, 2018	Tsuchuura-Itako	Cloudy	185	5-1	10:20-10:35	19.6	2.2	0.04
				5-2	10:25-10:40	19.5	2.0	0.04
				5-3	10:35-10:50	19.5	1.4	0.06
June 24, 2018	Tsuchuura-Itako	Cloudy/ Sunny	287	6-1	15:27-15:42	22.8	2.7	0.10
				6-2	15:35-15:50	22.9	2.9	0.10
				6-3	15:42-15:57	23.0	2.4	0.10
September 23, 2018	Tsuchuura-Tamatsukuri	Sunny	577	7-1	9:52-10:07	23.2	5.2	0.10

The significant wave height was measured at the Koshin Observatory of the Kasumigauyura River Office near the center of the lake.  $\bar{t}$  is the average air temperature and  $\bar{U}$  is the average wind speed.

**Table III.** List of ship-based measurements

Category	Items	Equipment	Sampling intervals	Average time	Height above the upper deck
Turbulence	3 components wind speed and air temperature	Sonic anemometer thermometer (R3A or Windmaster, Gill Instruments Ltd.)	0.1 s	N/A	4.6 m
	H <sub>2</sub> O and CO <sub>2</sub> concentration	Open-path infrared gas analyzer (LI-7500, LI-COR, Inc.)	0.1 s	N/A	
Meteorology	Water surface temperature	Infrared radiation thermometer (505, Minorta)	5 s	1 min	3.8 m
	Air temperature and specific humidity	Temperature and humidity probe (HMP45C, Vaisala, KK) with a radiation shield	5 s	1 min	3.6 m
	Downward short and long wave radiation	4-component radiometer (CNR-1, Kipp & Zonen B.V.)	5 s	1 min	3.7 m
Ship motion	Three-axis accelerations, angular rates, and angles; position	Inertial measurement system (INS) (IMU-440CA-200, MEMSIC INC.)	0.1 s	N/A	2.3 m

The sensors were installed on a 4.2-m mast located next to the bridge on the starboard side. The upper deck floor is 2.9 m above water surface.