

MR4044857 46S99 57P99

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Diffeological vector spaces. (English summary)

Pacific J. Math. **303** (2019), no. 1, 73–92.

This paper considers several classes of diffeological vector spaces, the containment between some two of which is the main topic of the paper. Any vector space has a smallest diffeology making it a diffeological vector space (called the fine diffeology). The collection of fine diffeological vector spaces is denoted by \mathcal{FV} . The collection of diffeological vector spaces whose finite-dimensional subspaces are all fine is written \mathcal{FFV} . A diffeological vector space V is said to be in \mathcal{SD} (resp. \mathcal{SV}) if the smooth (resp. smooth linear) functionals $V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ separate points of V . A diffeological vector space V is said to be in \mathcal{PV} if for every linear subduction $f: W_1 \rightarrow W_2$ and every smooth linear map $g: V \rightarrow W_2$, there exists a smooth linear map $h: V \rightarrow W_1$ such that $g = f \circ h$. The authors write \mathcal{DV} for the collection of diffeological vector spaces V such that a function $p: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow V$ is smooth if and only if $l \circ p: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is smooth for each smooth linear functional $l: V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. The authors write \mathcal{HT} for the collection of diffeological vector spaces whose natural topologies (called D -topologies) are Hausdorff.

The main results of the paper are:

1. It holds that $\mathcal{FV} \subset \mathcal{PV} \subset \mathcal{SV} \subseteq \mathcal{SD} \subset \mathcal{FFV}$, and $\mathcal{SD} \subset \mathcal{HT}$.
2. When restricted to finite-dimensional vector spaces, the collections \mathcal{FV} , \mathcal{PV} , \mathcal{SV} , \mathcal{SD} and \mathcal{FFV} agree.
3. When restricted to V in \mathcal{DV} , the collections \mathcal{SV} , \mathcal{SD} , \mathcal{FFV} and \mathcal{HT} agree.

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