

## The Morphology of Two-Kanji Compound Words: Data from a Word-Formation Classification Survey<sup>1)</sup>

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In this paper, we discuss the morphological structure of two-kanji compound words. In particular, we present and discuss the results of a classification survey for five important word-formation principles, which was conducted together with a familiarity survey in preparation for primed lexical decision experiments to investigate the role of morphology in the visual word recognition of two-kanji compound words (Joyce, 1999). Our hope in presenting and discussing this data is to highlight the importance of and some of the issues involved in controlling for these variables in psycholinguistic experiments.

**Key words:** two-kanji compound words, morphological structure, mental lexicon, morphemic priming, multilevel interactive-activation framework

Few who are familiar with Japanese psycholinguistics are likely to question Kess and Miyamoto's (in press) comment that one of its most vibrant areas is research into the processing of kana and kanji. The observation, however, surely only serves to heighten the sense of surprise at the virtual absence of psycholinguistic research concerned with the morphological structure of two-kanji compound words.

The scarcity of research into the morphology of two-kanji compound words seems remarkable for a couple of reasons. The most obvious is the fact that the two-kanji compound word is the most common word structure in the Japanese language (Nomura, 1988), according to one estimate accounting for 70 percent of Japanese words (Yokosawa & Umeda, 1988). Another reason is that the diversity in the morphological structure of two-kanji compound words makes them excellent material to investigate the issues surrounding models of morphological processing; issues which have demanded the atten-

tion of many researchers working with other languages (for reviews, see Feldman, 1995; Sandra 1994; Taft 1991, 1994).

In this paper, we briefly discuss the morphology of two-kanji compound words, and, in particular, present and discuss the results of a classification survey for five important word-formation principles. This was conducted, together with a familiarity survey, in preparation for primed lexical decision experiments to investigate the role of morphology in the visual word recognition of two-kanji compound words (Joyce, 1999). Although not without its shortcomings, our hope in presenting and discussing this data is to highlight the importance of and some of the issues involved in controlling for these variables in psycholinguistic experiments, and perhaps to inspire others to improve on our corpus.

### The morphology of two-kanji compound words

Although scholars differ to some extent in what they regard as compound words,<sup>2)</sup> clearly compounding is an extremely productive process of word formation in Japanese (for detailed discus-

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1) This research was made possible by a scholarship to the first author from the Japanese Ministry of Education.

sion of Japanese word formation, see, Okutsu, 1975; Kageyama, 1982; Kuratani, Kobayashi, & Okunishi, 1982; Tamamura, 1985, 1988; Nomura, 1988; Shibatani, 1990; Ozaki, Todome, Nishioka, Yamada, & Yamada, 1992). Here, we shall concentrate on five important principles underlying the formation of two-kanji compound words. These are the 3 syntactic principles of modifier + modified, verb + complement, and complement + verb, and the 2 semantic relationships of associative pairs and synonymous pairs,<sup>3)</sup> as shown in Table 1.

### Syntactic Compounds

Modifier + modified compound words conforming to the syntax of modification, with modifiers proceeding modified nouns, have a right-head structure (Kageyama, 1982). The majority of these compounds are noun + noun compounds, which express a variety of relationships, such as object, means, material, time, and location, as in 山 'mountain'

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- 2) The terms 合成語 (*gōseigo* 'complex words') and 複合語 (*fukugōgo* 'compound words') are often used interchangeably (Tamamura, 1985), and this is also true of the term 熟語 (*jukugo* 'compound word'). For example, under 合成語, Tamamura (1985) distinguishes between 複合語, 疊語 (*jōgo* 'repetition words'), and 派生語 (*haseigo* 'derivative words'), whereas Nomura (1988) includes these latter two groups, as well as abbreviations and phonetic loans, within his classification of 9 patterns of combination underlying two-kanji compound words.
- 3) Our emphasis on the nature of the relationship between the elements of the compound diverges slightly from Tamamura's (1985) detailed discussion of Japanese word-formation, which is organized primarily according to the word class of both the elements and the compound itself. This is also somewhat at odds with Nomura's (1988) classification of 9 combination patterns for two-kanji compound words. Although Nomura's (1988) contrast of nominal and verbal modification and the related division of verbal patterns into those of modification and those with complements undoubtedly provide for a parsimonious linguistic account, it must be noted that this is at the expense of differentiating between the two syntactic patterns of verb + complement and complement + verb, for both are included under a complement pattern. As this reversed ordering of elements is, however, likely to have important consequences for the organization of the Japanese mental lexicon, the distinction is maintained here.

modifying 桜 'cherry' in the compound word 山桜 /yamazakura/ 'mountain cherry.' However, lexicalized examples of adjectival and verbal modification dropping inflectional endings, such as 高値 /takane/ 'high cost' from 高い値, are also extremely common (Okutsu, 1975; Tamamura, 1985).

Verb + complement compounds, with a left-head structure, are Chinese rather than Japanese in origin, and accordingly only involve Sino-Japanese elements. There appear to be syntactic restrictions with this pattern, for, as Kageyama (1982) observes, there is an absence of indirect objects and transitive subjects as complements, with the majority of these Sino-Japanese compounds being combinations of verb + direct object, such as 登山 'climb' + 山 'mountain' in 登山 /tozan/ 'mountain climbing.' Compounds of the form verb + noun can be difficult to classify correctly, for this structure appears in both the verb + object relationship of 登山 and the modifier + modified relationship, for instance, as in 寝室 /shinshitsu/ '(lit 'sleep' + 'room') bedroom,' which means a room for sleeping in rather than the act of sleeping in a room.

Compound words with the structure of complement + verb can be either Sino-Japanese or native Japanese words. Sino-Japanese compounds with this structure involve examples of subject + predicate, indirect object complements, and adverb complements (Ozaki et al. 1992), such as 外 'outside' + 食 'eat' in 外食 /gaishoku/ 'eating out.' This order of elements is also a native Japanese syntactic structure, resulting in numerous native compounds of this kind. However, many are not two-kanji compound words in the strictest sense, for they are written with two kanji plus a hiragana character, such as 山登り /yamanobori/ 'mountain climbing.' It is not uncommon to have pairs of compound words with similar meanings formed according to the reversed patterns of verb + complement and complement + verb. For instance, 登山 /tozan/ and 山登り /yamanobori/ both mean 'mountain climbing,' and 殺人 /satsujin/ and 人殺し /hitogoroshi/ both mean 'murder.'

### Semantic Compounds

An important characteristic of semantic compounds is that the elements are of the same word

Table 1 Examples of the 5 Word Formation Principles for Two-Kanji Compound Words Surveyed

Word formation principle example	Pronunciation	Element meanings	Compound meaning
Syntactic Compounds			
Principle 1 Modifier + Modified			
山桜	/yamazakura/	'mountain' + 'cherry'	mountain cherry
国道	/kokudô/	'country' + 'road'	national road
高値	/takane/	'high' + 'cost'	high cost
Principle 2 Verb + Complement			
登山	/tozan/	'climb' + 'mountain'	mountain climbing
殺人	/satsujin/	'kill' + 'person'	murder
投球	/tokyu/	'throw' + 'ball'	ball throwing
Principle 3 Complement + Verb			
外食	/gaishoku/	'outside' + 'eat'	eating out
毒殺	/dokusatsu/	'poison' + 'kill'	kill by poison
夜勤	/yakin/	'night' + 'work'	working at night
Semantic Compounds			
Principle 4 Associative Pairs			
親子	/oyako/	'parent' + 'child'	parent and child
生死	/seishi/	'live' + 'die'	life and death
左右	/sayu/	'left' + 'right'	left and right
Principle 5 Synonymous Pairs			
山岳	/sangaku/	'mountain' + 'mountain'	mountains
苦痛	/kutsu/	'hurt' + 'be painful'	pain, suffering
変化	/henka/	'change' + 'change'	change

class, and these can be divided into either associative pairs or synonymous pairs depending on the relationship between the elements.

In the case of associative pair compounds, the conjunction of the two elements may be either inclusive or exclusive in nature, but, as Kageyama (1982) and Shibatani (1990) emphasize, each element is an independent reference. For example, 親 'parent' + 子 'child' in 親子 /oyako/ 'parent and child' refers to two individuals or, more accurately, two classes of individuals, for it can also denote any combination of parent(s) and child(ren), with both elements having equal status. The elements of many associative pair compounds are antonymous, but as Kageyama (1982) also observes the order of the elements is fixed, usually with a priority for positive elements to be first, but there are exceptions to this.

In contrast to associative pairs, synonymous pairs involve elements that have similar meanings, such as 山 'mountain' and 岳 'mountain' combined in 山岳 /sangaku/ 'mountains.' Tamamura

(1988) suggests that the two semantic compound principles are similar to the extent that they are both combining elements from a semantic category, the difference being that associative pairs are more often combinations of examples from opposing extremes rather than close synonyms.

## Classification Survey

### Purpose

Although the principles discussed in the previous section are fairly well accepted, the task of classifying a given two-kanji compound word under one of the principles is not always without problems. The aim of this survey was, therefore, to obtain evaluations from native Japanese speakers concerning the appropriateness of classifying a corpus of two-kanji compound words according to the 5 word-formation principles, in preparation for a study to investigate the role of morphology in the visual word recognition of two-kanji compound words (Joyce, 1999).

### Compound Word Selection

A corpus of 1,000 two-kanji compound words was created, based mainly on a list of basic vocabulary for Japanese language teaching (National Language Research Institute, 1984). After collecting all the two-kanji compound words in this list (excluding proper nouns, compound words involving numbers, and words written with kanji outside the Jōyō kanji list), the set was supplemented with a number of compound words from a kanji dictionary for elementary school students (Ishii, 1996), particularly associative pairs, which were poorly represented in the National Language Research Institute's (1984) list. In total, approximately 3,000 words were tentatively classified according to the 5 word-formation principles by the first author. Finally, the corpus of 1,000 compounds was taken from this set by selecting 200 compound words for each word-formation principle.

### Questionnaire

In order to keep the survey task as simple as possible, respondents were asked to evaluate the appropriateness of classifying a list of words according to a single principle. That is, respondents were asked to rate 100 words as examples of a particular word-formation principle on a 7-point scale, with 1 representing bad examples and 7 good examples. When a respondent evaluated a com-

pound word as a bad example of a particular word-formation principle (i.e., with an evaluation of 1 or 2), they were also asked to suggest an alternative classification from one of the other 4 principles, if they felt one of those was more appropriate.

Ten separate lists of 100 words each (2 lists for each principle) were prepared, and each list received 10 evaluations, making a total of 100 completed questionnaire forms. Seventy native Japanese speakers (36 female, 34 male, average age = 27.8, range 18-56, *SD* 7.2) were asked to complete the 100 forms (each person completed between 1 to 5 lists, with the average number completed being 1.42, *SD* 1.01).

### Results

The complete corpus of 1,000 two-kanji compound words is listed in the appendix, with average evaluation scores, standard deviations, and suggested alternative classifications. The average evaluation scores for each word-formation principle are plotted as accumulative percentage curves in Figure 1.

With this kind of graph, a normal distribution would appear as a straight diagonal line from 0% to 100%, but here the distributions are clearly skewed in favour of higher ratings. This indicates that the majority of these words were highly rated as

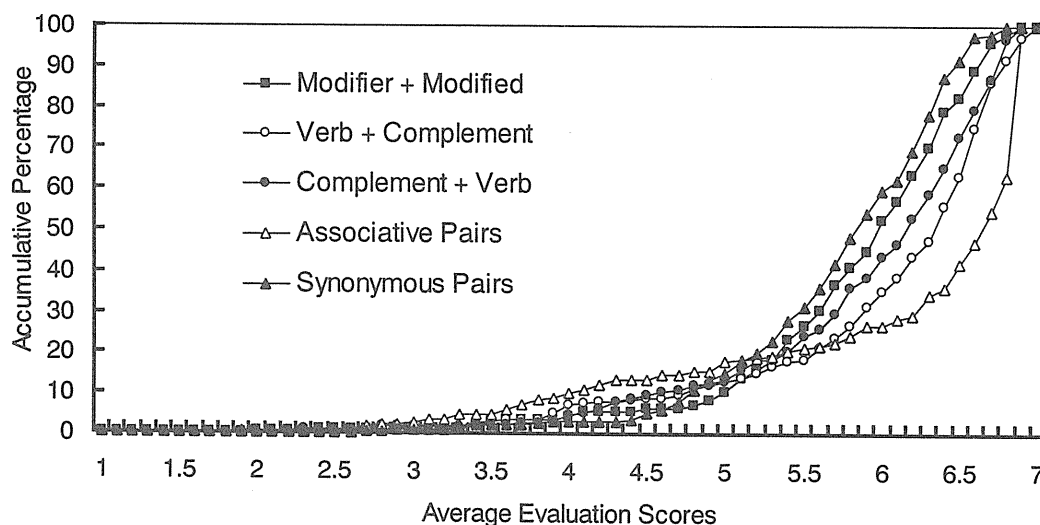


Fig. 1 Results of classification survey plotted as accumulative percentage curves for each word-formation principle.

examples of the relevant principles. For instance, compounds receiving a mean rating of 5.5 or over account for 73% of the modifier + modified compounds, 81.5% of the verb + complement compounds, 75.5% of the complement + verb compounds, 78.5% of the associative pairs, and 68.5% of the synonymous pairs.

On the problem, noted earlier, with syntactic compounds of deciding whether the form verb + noun is an example of the modifier + modified principle or the verb + complement principle, although, some items received somewhat mixed evaluations, generally there seems to have been fairly good agreement among respondents. For example, although the verb + noun forms of 寝室 'bedroom' and 決心 /kesshin/ ('lit. 'decide' + 'heart/mind') 'determination, resolution' were both tentatively assigned to the modifier + modified principle, 寝室 was rated as a good example with a score of 6.8, whereas 決心 was rated as a bad example with a low score of 2 and 9 out of the 10 respondents suggesting that this would be more appropriately classified as an example of the verb + complement principle.

With respect to the semantic compounds, the division between associative pairs and synonymous pairs would indeed, as Tamamura (1988) suggested, seem to be more of a continuum than a well-defined dichotomy. The distribution for associative pairs is most distinctive, with 37% of these compound words rated with a score of 6.9. This suggests that for many of these compound words the relationship between the elements is unambiguous. However, from the more mixed evaluations and suggested alternative classifications for some of the other items, it would seem that some respondents regarded the elements of those compounds as being more synonymous. For instance, although 妻 /tsuma/ 'wife' and 子 /ko/ 'child(ren)' in 妻子 /saishi/ refer to 'wife and child(ren),' and presumably no one would regard these as being interchangeable, it seems that some Japanese people are prepared to treat them as synonymous, perhaps in the sense that they are both examples of the hyponym category of 'dependent.'

## Familiarity Survey

### Purpose

Word frequency and word familiarity effects are among the most robust findings in experimental psychology (Rubenstein, Garfield, & Millikan, 1970; for review, see also Gernsbacher, 1984), which any experiment of visual word recognition must control for. Unfortunately, as Wydell (1991) has commented, word frequency counts in Japanese suitable for psychological research purposes have not been readily available.<sup>4)</sup> Wydell (1991) points out that although the National Language Research Institute has conducted two major word frequency surveys, one of magazines (1962-1964) and one of newspapers (1976), both were conducted before major script reforms, and in particular before the Jōyō Kanji list was promulgated in 1981, and are thus "out of date" (p. 100). To control for word familiarity in the preparation of the lexical decision experiments (Joyce, 1999), a second survey was conducted to obtain familiarity ratings for the 1,000 selected compound words.

### Questionnaire

The 1,000 words rated in the classification survey were combined and randomized into 10 lists of 100 words each. Ten copies of each list were prepared, and native Japanese speakers were asked to rate the compound words for familiarity on a 7-point scale, with 1 representing low-familiarity words and 7 high-familiarity words. Sixty-three Japanese people (26 females, 37 males; average age = 27.65, range 20-56, SD 7.0) rated the 100 questionnaire sheets (each respondent rating between 1 to 3 lists, with average number completed being 1.58, SD 0.58).

4) Although the situation now appears to be improving somewhat, with the recent publication of single kanji frequency data (Yokoyama, Sasahara, Nozaki, & Long, 1998), and the planned release of the Japanese language database from the NTT Basic Research Laboratory in October 1999 (<http://www.san-seido-publ.co.jp/publ/ntt@database.html>), these were either unsuitable or unavailable for the preparation of the compound word study (Joyce, 1999).

## Results

The familiarity scores for the compound words are listed in the appendix, and the results are plotted as accumulative percentage curves for each word formation principle in Figure 2.

Generally, this figure shows a bias toward high-familiarity words, which is consistent with the fact that the majority of these words came from a survey of basic vocabulary for Japanese language education (National Language Research Institute, 1984). However, the distribution for associative pair compounds is closer to a normal distribution, which is probably because more of these items were selected from an elementary school kanji dictionary (Ishii, 1996), which in itself is not a reliable indication of frequency of use in daily life.

Since our survey was conducted, Nozaki, Shimizu, and Yokoyama (1999) have recently presented the results of a frequency count for two-kanji compound words based on the Asahi Newspaper corpus for 1993, from which they extracted 7,395,051 tokens for 34,934 types. With permission, the newspaper frequency counts for our corpus of 1,000 two-kanji compound words have been added to the appendix. The correlation between the familiarity evaluations and the newspaper frequency counts was calculated for the 1,000 compound words, and this was significant at the 0.01 level,  $r = 0.191$ .

However, a comparison of the familiarity evaluations and the newspaper frequency counts is instructive in highlighting the issue of how subjective and objective measures can differ. Unlike personal frequency estimates, which can be influenced by how often a word is spoken, heard, and written, in addition to read, by definition frequency counts of printed material are based on samples of written language usage (Gernsbacher, 1984), and in the case of newspapers particularly tend to show a bias in terms of subject matter. As Nozaki, et al. (1999) point out, the fact that the most frequent and fourth most frequent words in the corpus are 朝刊 /chōkan/ 'morning edition' and 夕刊 /yūkan/ 'evening edition' is of course a product of this source, as to a large extent are the high frequencies for words associated with politics and economics, included in the list of the 20 most frequent compound words shown in Table 2.

## General Discussion

Although two-kanji compound words occupy a central position within the Japanese lexicon and are potentially of great importance for our understanding of wider questions concerning the representation of polymorphemic words in the mental lexicons of all languages, there have regrettably been very few studies concerned with the mor-

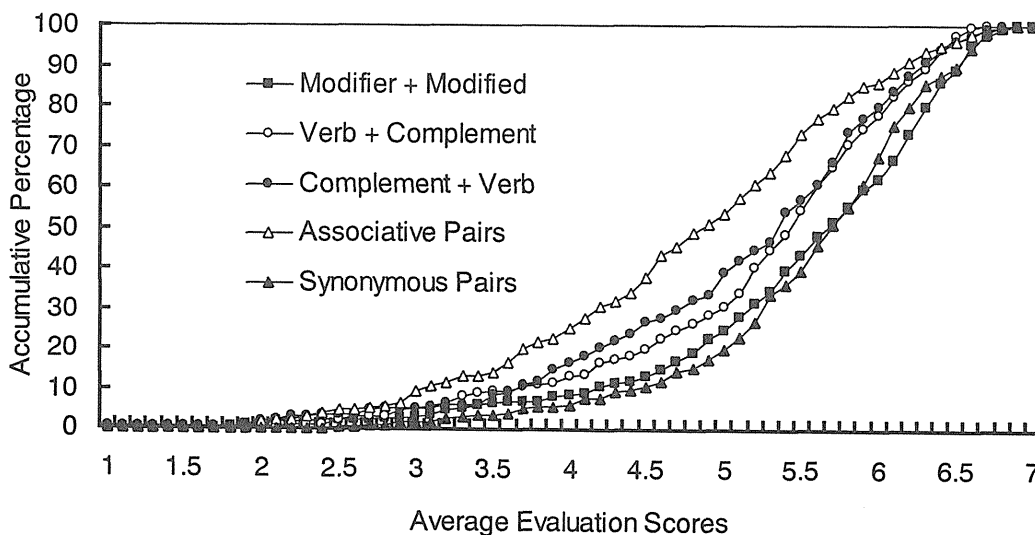


Fig. 2 Results of familiarity survey plotted as accumulative percentage curves for each word-formation principle.

Table 2 Newspaper Frequency for 20 Most Frequent Two-Kanji Compound Words

Position	Word	Frequency	Position	Word	Frequency
1	朝刊	80369	11	経済	21158
2	日本	70757	12	改革	20820
3	東京	32056	13	首相	20644
4	夕刊	31849	14	昨年	19889
5	大阪	30638	15	企業	19110
6	問題	30564	16	調査	17917
7	政治	28003	17	午後	17818
8	会社	22676	18	事件	17115
9	二十	22327	19	選挙	16936
10	政府	21589	20	国際	16730

*Note.* Based on Nozaki, Shimizu, and Yokoyama (1999) p. 753.

phological structure of two-kanji compound words. Having presented the results of a word-formation classification survey for two-kanji compound words, we should like to underline the importance of such data for the control of stimulus items, by briefly reviewing some studies that support the notion that the morphemic elements of two-kanji compound words play a role in visual word recognition.

Contrasting word frequency and kanji character frequency, Tamaoka and Hatsuzuka (1995) found an effect of kanji character frequency, which can be seen as a characteristic of the underlying morpheme, when overall word frequency was maintained in unprimed lexical decision and naming task experiments. They explained their results in terms of serial left-to-right processing of the compound words, with the reversed pattern for the two tasks being attributed to the nature of the tasks.

More recently, Tamaoka and Hatsuzuka (1998) compared three groups of two-kanji compound words. The first group was of opposite-concept kanji compounds, the second was of similar-concept kanji compounds, and the third was a control group of 2 closely related kanji. In terms of the 5 word-formation principles discussed here, the first of these would be included as associative pair compounds; the second correspond to synonymous pair compounds; with the control group involving various other principles. They found that the first group was processed more slowly than the second in a lexical decision task but not in a naming task, with both groups being slower than the control group in both tasks. However, it is unclear how the compound words used in the experiments were clas-

sified into these three groups, for inspection of their stimulus lists suggests that several of the compounds in the control group would have been more appropriately included as similar-concept kanji compounds. This was confirmed by the results of a small survey of 20 native Japanese speakers for a randomized list of all the stimulus items conducted by the first author. Of the 26 control group items, 5 were consistently classified as similar-concept kanji compounds (17-20 respondents), with another 5 items being very frequently classified as such (10-14 respondents). Given that the results of their experiments hinge on comparisons with this control group, this confounding of type of compound amongst their groups would appear to seriously undermine the credibility of their results.

In a primed lexical decision task, Hirose (1992) compared the facilitation on the identification of a two-kanji compound word when a single-kanji prime was either the first element of the compound, the second element, or an unrelated kanji. Hirose (1992) found that although both the first- and the second-element conditions showed significant priming compared to the unrelated condition, reaction times for the first-element condition were significantly faster than those for the second-element condition. Hirose (1992) interpreted this as evidence of serial processing of compound words (from left to right). Moreover, he concluded that the lexicon for compound words is structured so that words that share the same first kanji are linked in clusters, but words sharing the same kanji as a second element are not.

However, given the diversity in the mor-

phological relationships underlying compound words, Joyce (1999) sought to test Hirose's (1992) hypothesis, by contrasting 5 word-formation principles as experimental conditions in two priming experiments based on the results of the surveys reported here.

Although the first experiment was very similar to Hirose (1992; Exp. 1), with a long stimulus onset asynchrony (SOA) of 3000 ms, the second used a short SOA of 250 ms (including 50 ms mask). In both experiments, although reaction times for the first-element and the second-element conditions were significantly faster than for the unrelated condition, significant differences between the first- and second-element conditions were only obtained in the verb + complement condition. This lack of significant differences between the first and second elements of two-kanji compound words provides little support for Hirose's (1992) hypothesis. Although non-significant in most cases, interestingly, there was a slight tendency in the data for differences in the pattern of priming from the first- and second-element conditions for both modifier + modified and verb + complement principles compared to the other three principles.

As his results are more consistent with the multilevel interactive-activation framework (McClelland & Rumelhart, 1981; Rumelhart & McClelland, 1982; Taft, 1991, 1994), Joyce (1999) has proposed a version for the Japanese mental lexicon based on the recently modified model for Chinese by Taft, Liu, and Zhu (1999). Incorporating lemma units to mediate the links between access representation and semantic units, this model has the advantages of eliminating the representational redundancy in previous models, of solving the problem of homographs, and of providing an effective way to capture varying degrees of semantic transparency between polymorphemic words. Another advantage of incorporating the lemma units within the model is that they provide an important interface for the kind of syntactic, semantic and morphological information that underlies Japanese word-formation.

Specifically for the Japanese mental lexicon, the model is a very promising approach to modeling the complex relationships between meaning, orthography and phonology that arise from the Japanese writing system's multi-script nature and its

dual-reading system.

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## Appendix

Results of classification survey (CS) (averaged evaluations (E), standard deviations (SD), and main suggested alternative classification (A)(number of such responses indicated by superscript figure)) and of familiarity survey (FS) (averaged evaluations (E) and standard deviations (SD)), together with newspaper frequency counts (NFC), by word formation principle

	CS			FS	NFC		CS			FS	NFC		CS			FS	NFC				
	E	SD	A	E	SD		E	SD	A	E	SD		E	SD	A	E	SD				
Modifier + modified compounds						40	新米	6.5	0.9	5.1	1.2	222	80	下旬	6.2	0.9	5.7	1.0	2168		
1	左手	6.9	0.3	5.5	1.8	240	41	高利	6.5	0.5	4.1	1.7	33	81	灰皿	6.2	1.2	5.7	1.6	41	
2	冷水	6.9	0.3	5.2	1.3	92	42	低圧	6.5	0.7	1.9	1.0	5	82	喜劇	6.2	0.8	5.6	1.9	220	
3	急病	6.9	0.3	4.9	1.7	32	43	温泉	6.4	0.7	6.6	0.5	657	83	裸足	6.2	1.2	5.1	1.7	77	
4	旧家	6.9	0.3	3.6	2.1	43	44	先週	6.4	0.9	6.5	0.9	540	84	本棚	6.2	1.4	5.0	1.4	59	
5	国道	6.8	0.4	6.4	1.4	1199	45	仮説	6.4	0.5	6.5	1.1	101	85	近況	6.2	0.8	4.7	1.8	51	
6	寝室	6.8	0.4	5.2	1.9	125	46	豚肉	6.4	1.3	6.4	1.1	112	86	買値	6.2	1.6	2 <sup>1</sup>	3.4	1.7	3
7	丸顔	6.8	0.4	4.5	1.5	0	47	難問	6.4	1.1	6.2	1.2	260	87	良心	6.1	1.2	6.3	1.3	137	
8	重罪	6.8	0.4	4.3	2.1	14	48	紅茶	6.4	0.8	6.2	0.8	72	88	学歴	6.1	0.9	6.0	1.3	408	
9	夕飯	6.7	0.5	6.7	0.7	26	49	大雨	6.4	0.7	6.0	0.8	433	89	牛乳	6.1	1.4	5.9	1.5	389	
10	古本	6.7	0.5	6.6	0.5	22	50	外国	6.4	0.7	5.9	1.0	3802	90	北緯	6.1	1.2	5.7	1.6	60	
11	夜景	6.7	0.5	6.3	0.8	45	51	半額	6.4	0.9	5.6	1.4	217	91	矢印	6.1	1.1	5.2	1.2	22	
12	大幅	6.7	0.5	6.2	1.1	948	52	車庫	6.4	0.7	5.6	1.4	163	92	火山	6.1	1.2	5.1	1.5	623	
13	昼食	6.7	0.5	6.1	1.0	402	53	雨量	6.4	1.3	5.4	1.1	285	93	武器	6.1	1.1	4.9	1.9	1535	
14	俗語	6.7	0.5	5.9	1.5	5	54	油絵	6.4	1.1	5.4	2.0	97	94	産地	6.1	0.9	4.8	1.8	671	
15	早朝	6.7	0.5	5.7	1.3	764	55	迷子	6.4	0.7	5.1	1.6	30	95	新宅	6.1	1.3	2.8	1.7	10	
16	砂浜	6.7	0.5	5.4	1.8	159	56	太鼓	6.4	0.7	5.0	1.8	285	96	食費	6.0	1.3	6.4	0.7	135	
17	短期	6.7	0.5	5.4	1.8	817	57	県庁	6.4	0.9	4.8	2.0	519	97	美術	6.0	1.3	6.4	1.3	1744	
18	偽物	6.7	0.5	5.4	1.5	49	58	昔話	6.4	1.1	4.6	1.6	81	98	白菜	6.0	1.6	6.3	1.3	52	
19	背骨	6.7	0.5	5.3	2.0	66	59	上官	6.4	0.5	3.0	1.8	31	99	晴天	6.0	1.7	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.1	1.0	36
20	粉菓	6.7	0.7	5	1.4	0	60	純綿	6.4	0.5	1.8	1.0	0	100	制服	6.0	0.9	6.1	1.3	551	
21	下層	6.7	0.5	3.5	2.0	27	61	住所	6.3	0.8	6.9	0.3	922	101	公園	6.0	1.3	6.1	1.3	2588	
22	空路	6.7	0.5	3.4	1.4	131	62	視力	6.3	1.2	6.7	1.0	138	102	恋人	6.0	0.9	6.1	1.2	278	
23	多数	6.6	0.5	6.4	0.7	2130	63	体重	6.3	1.1	6.6	0.8	598	103	政党	6.0	0.9	5.8	1.2	6011	
24	小型	6.6	0.7	6.4	1.3	1128	64	表面	6.3	0.8	5.9	1.4	682	104	農村	6.0	1.2	5.7	1.2	797	
25	洋画	6.6	0.5	6.2	0.9	211	65	茶色	6.3	0.9	5.9	1.6	213	105	内線	6.0	1.4	5.3	1.2	108	
26	赤飯	6.6	0.7	6.1	1.3	22	66	黒板	6.3	0.9	5.8	1.0	137	106	講堂	6.0	1.0	5.2	1.8	223	
27	弱点	6.6	0.9	6	1.1	201	67	同時	6.3	0.7	5.8	1.6	490	107	冬季	6.0	1.2	5.2	1.3	397	
28	前例	6.6	0.5	5.4	1.6	206	68	高齢	6.3	0.7	5.8	1.1	2248	108	人権	6.0	1.1	4.9	1.1	2093	
29	側面	6.6	0.7	5.3	1.9	609	69	上級	6.3	0.7	5.6	1.6	220	109	風速	6.0	1.0	3.9	1.2	369	
30	円形	6.6	0.9	4.7	2.0	180	70	人命	6.3	1.3	5.3	1.3	86	110	鈍痛	6.0	1.9	3 <sup>1</sup>	3.2	1.7	3
31	少量	6.6	0.5	4.7	1.4	194	71	川岸	6.3	1.1	4.9	1.7	80	111	休日	5.9	1.7	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.8	0.4	956
32	漁港	6.6	0.7	4.6	1.9	238	72	借家	6.3	1.1	4.9	2.2	90	112	長男	5.9	1.8	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.8	0.6	2443
33	家主	6.6	0.7	4.2	2.1	80	73	別種	6.3	1.1	3.9	1.2	10	113	駅前	5.9	2.1	6.6	0.7	815	
34	我国	6.6	0.5	3.2	1.6	1	74	今回	6.2	1.0	6.6	0.7	12688	114	男性	5.9	1.7	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.6	0.7	5881
35	船賃	6.6	0.5	3.1	1.9	5	75	漢字	6.2	1.2	6.6	0.8	343	115	敬語	5.9	1.5	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.4	1.0	123
36	去年	6.5	0.5	6.3	1.2	1441	76	市民	6.2	1.3	6.5	0.7	7757	116	目薬	5.9	1.4	5.1	1.5	25	
37	物価	6.5	0.8	6.3	1.1	1032	77	旅館	6.2	1.1	6.5	0.7	401	117	鉄棒	5.9	1.3	4.9	2.0	75	
38	東部	6.5	0.8	6	1.4	1044	78	名札	6.2	1.0	6.4	1.1	29	118	空腹	5.9	1.7	2 <sup>2</sup>	4.9	1.6	25
39	暗室	6.5	0.7	5.4	1.4	222	79	愛犬	6.2	0.8	5.9	1.1	60	119	医学	5.8	1.7	3 <sup>1</sup>	6.6	0.7	748

	CS			FS		NFC		CS			FS		NFC		CS			FS		NFC					
	E	SD	A	E	SD			E	SD	A	E	SD			E	SD	A	E	SD						
120	売店	5.8	1.6		6.4	0.7	151	164	現代	5.3	1.6		6.3	0.8	2820	6	授賞	7.0	0		5.1	1.6	238		
121	細胞	5.8	1.5		6.2	1.0	972	165	幼児	5.3	2.2	5 <sup>1</sup>	6.0	1.2	462	7	送金	6.9	0.3		6.4	1.1	210		
122	悪口	5.8	1.0		5.9	1.5	100	166	劇団	5.3	1.6	2 <sup>1</sup>	5.4	1.9	1077	8	貯金	6.9	0.3		6.1	0.9	968		
123	他方	5.8	1.2		5.5	1.2	198	167	初步	5.3	2.0	3 <sup>1</sup>	5.3	1.6	74	9	免税	6.9	0.3		5.9	1.5	77		
124	陽気	5.8	1.5		5.4	1.2	47	168	口紅	5.3	1.5		5.2	2.2	69	10	作詞	6.9	0.3		5.8	1.7	177		
125	刑法	5.8	1.5		5.3	1.4	215	169	会場	5.2	1.62		6.8	0.6	3140	11	登山	6.9	0.3		5.4	1.7	635		
126	税関	5.8	1.9		4.6	2.2	417	170	職場	5.2	1.7	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.4	1.4	1471	12	乗車	6.9	0.3		5.2	1.6	251		
127	天気	5.7	1.6		6.7	0.5	421	171	手帳	5.2	2.2	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.3	1.1	274	13	防火	6.9	0.3		5.1	2.3	167		
128	祝日	5.7	1.8	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.3	1.1	255	172	助言	5.2	1.9	2 <sup>2</sup>	6.2	1.1	383	14	発声	6.9	0.3		4.7	1.4	62		
129	校長	5.7	1.4		6.1	1.7	2034	173	戦後	5.1	2.0		6.6	1.0	3449	15	退会	6.9	0.3		4.5	1.9	29		
130	電球	5.7	1.2		6.1	1.7	75	174	女優	5.1	1.7		6.4	1.1	739	16	増税	6.9	0.3		4.2	2.1	844		
131	聴衆	5.7	1.6	2 <sup>1</sup>	5.8	1.2	261	175	舞台	5.1	1.8	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.2	1.5	3453	17	観劇	6.9	0.3		3.4	1.8	43		
132	地図	5.7	1.4		5.8	0.8	742	176	都内	5.1	1.8		5.9	1.3	1760	18	上陸	6.8	0.4		5.8	1.1	655		
133	笑顔	5.7	1.6	2 <sup>1</sup>	5.8	1.0	865	177	教材	5.1	1.8	2 <sup>1</sup>	5.6	1.7	370	19	入社	6.8	0.6		5.8	1.1	1070		
134	来月	5.7	1.6	2 <sup>1</sup>	5.5	1.2	1503	178	大勢	5.1	2.3	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.6	1.4	867	20	投球	6.8	0.4		5.7	1.3	627		
135	品質	5.7	1.9	5 <sup>1</sup>	5.5	1.1	675	179	外観	5.1	1.8	3 <sup>1</sup>	5.5	1.4	129	21	防犯	6.8	0.4		5.4	1.6	295		
136	国籍	5.7	1.4		5.5	1.7	1084	180	和風	5.0	2.4	4 <sup>2</sup>	6.6	0.8	53	22	作曲	6.8	0.6		5.4	1.7	483		
137	財界	5.7	1.6		5.1	1.9	1088	181	青年	5.0	2.1		6.3	1.1	1337	23	点火	6.8	0.6		5.2	1.8	63		
138	半島	5.7	1.6	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.0	1.7	1301	182	林業	5.0	2.0	2 <sup>1</sup>	4.5	2.2	262	24	消火	6.8	0.4		5.1	1.5	193		
139	深謝	5.7	2.0	3 <sup>2</sup>	2.1	1.9	1	183	月賦	5.0	1.9	3 <sup>1</sup>	3.3	1.7	8	25	下車	6.8	0.6		4.8	2.0	260		
140	論文	5.6	1.8	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.7	0.7	636	184	母親	4.9	2.2	5 <sup>1</sup>	6.6	1.3	2191	26	絶縁	6.8	0.4		4.6	1.8	71		
141	用紙	5.6	1.4		6.6	0.8	624	185	野菜	4.9	1.7		6.3	1.3	1268	27	護身	6.8	0.6		4.2	1.8	26		
142	製品	5.6	1.3		6.4	0.8	3380	186	気温	4.9	2.1	3 <sup>1</sup>	6.3	1.1	881	28	改心	6.8	0.4		4.2	1.9	9		
143	犯人	5.6	1.3		6.1	1.5	1031	187	略称	4.9	1.7	3 <sup>1</sup>	4.2	1.4	207	29	提案	6.7	0.5		6.5	1.1	4116		
144	楽器	5.6	1.5		5.8	1.7	658	188	病院	4.5	1.8	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.6	1.0	8899	30	転勤	6.7	0.5		6.4	1.4	407		
145	商社	5.6	1.3		5.6	1.8	966	189	列席	4.5	2.1	2 <sup>3</sup>	2.4	1.5	19	31	録画	6.7	0.9		6.3	1.1	180		
146	正式	5.6	1.9	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.4	1.0	906	190	定義	4.1	2.3	2 <sup>4</sup>	6.3	1.1	280	32	休戦	6.7	0.9		6.2	1.2	88		
147	週末	5.5	1.7	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.9	0.3	509	191	資金	4.1	2.2	5 <sup>4</sup>	5.2	1.4	7651	33	帰宅	6.7	0.7		6.0	0.7	680		
148	常識	5.5	1.6	3 <sup>1</sup>	6.5	0.9	803	192	付記	4.1	2.5	2 <sup>3</sup>	4.7	2.0	33	34	帰国	6.7	0.9		6.0	0.8	3271		
149	朝刊	5.5	2.1	3 <sup>2</sup>	6.2	1.0	80369	193	余白	4	2.4	5 <sup>3</sup>	6.2	1.0	42	35	充電	6.7	0.5		5.9	1.1	159		
150	主役	5.5	1.8	2 <sup>1</sup>	5.6	1.4	703	194	要旨	3.6	2.4	5 <sup>3</sup>	5.6	1.2	656	36	納税	6.7	0.5		5.8	1.3	378		
151	墓地	5.5	1.3		4.8	1.9	245	195	道具	3.5	1.9	4 <sup>2</sup>	6.3	1.1	490	37	停電	6.7	0.5		5.8	1.1	319		
152	移民	5.5	1.8	2 <sup>1</sup>	4.2	2.0	467	196	婚約	3.5	2.5	3 <sup>3</sup>	5.7	1.3	496	38	接客	6.7	0.7		5.7	1.8	55		
153	劣等	5.5	1.7	4 <sup>1</sup>	4.0	2.4	5	197	午前	3.4	2.3	4 <sup>3</sup>	6.2	1.1	13548	39	保温	6.7	0.7		5.6	1.3	43		
154	優位	5.4	1.8		6.3	1.3	247	198	兼業	3.4	2.55	2 <sup>4</sup>	4.6	1.3	182	40	被害	6.7	0.7		5.6	0.8	3728		
155	建物	5.4	1.5	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.2	1.0	2069	199	中間	2.4	1.8	5 <sup>7</sup>	5.7	1.2	2610	41	出場	6.7	0.7		5.6	1.4	3847		
156	友情	5.4	1.4		6.2	1.3	189	200	決心	2.0	1.8	2 <sup>9</sup>	6.5	1.1	189	42	殺人	6.7	0.5		5.5	1.3	1915		
157	賞金	5.4	1.3		6.1	1.0	901	Verb + complement compounds										43	殺菌	6.7	0.5		5.4	1.6	80
158	原稿	5.4	1.3		5.5	1.2	607	1	飲酒	7.0	0		6.5	0.9	249	44	入国	6.7	0.5		5.2	1.8	725		
159	名簿	5.4	1.9	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.5	1.0	998	2	開店	7.0	0		5.9	1.5	461	45	閉会	6.7	0.9		5.2	1.6	164		
160	豊作	5.4	1.9	3 <sup>1</sup>	5.1	1.9	135	3	出港	7.0	0		5.5	1.4	241	46	脱衣	6.7	0.5		5.1	1.4	11		
161	山脈	5.4	2.0	3 <sup>1</sup>	4.8	2.0	148	4	変形	7.0	0		5.5	2.0	146	47	造船	6.7	0.5		4.0	2.1	746		
162	議題	5.4	1.4		4.4	0.7	514	5	辞職	7.0	0		5.3	1.3	1430	48	養蚕	6.7	0.5		3.3	1.7	38		
163	片端	5.4	1.4		4.3	1.9	7									49	配水	6.7	0.7		3.2	1.6	9		

	CS			FS	NFC		CS			FS	NFC		CS			FS	NFC			
	E	SD	A				E	SD	A				E	SD	A			E	SD	A
50 下船	6.7	0.5		2.9	1.7	13	94 録音	6.4	1.3	6.2	1.2	493	138 受験	5.9	1.7	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.4	0.8	1474	
51 預金	6.6	0.5		6.6	0.7	1580	95 断念	6.4	0.9	6.2	1.3	891	139 営業	5.9	1.4	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.2	1.3	3657	
52 棄権	6.6	0.9		6.3	1.1	454	96 創刊	6.4	0.9	6.1	1.7	498	140 入院	5.9	1.6		6.2	1.6	1910	
53 送信	6.6	0.7		6.1	0.7	174	97 伝言	6.4	0.9	6.1	1.0	38	141 通信	5.9	1.5	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.1	1.7	4418	
54 育児	6.6	0.5		6.0	1.1	764	98 失業	6.4	0.7	5.6	2.2	1177	142 退学	5.9	1.1		5.7	2.3	156	
55 休学	6.6	1.3		5.9	1.5	22	99 退院	6.4	0.7	5.6	1.4	466	143 演劇	5.9	1.3		5.6	1.4	1215	
56 拳手	6.6	0.5		5.7	1.3	14	100 製菓	6.4	1.3	5.5	1.8	602	144 倒産	5.9	1.4		5.2	1.3	1286	
57 徹夜	6.6	0.7		5.6	1.4	167	101 発電	6.4	0.7	5.5	1.6	971	145 匿名	5.9	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	4.3	1.9	267	
58 脱毛	6.6	1.3		5.6	1.2	66	102 握手	6.4	0.9	5.4	1.6	329	146 争議	5.9	1.5	4 <sup>1</sup>	3.0	1.8	80	
59 来日	6.6	0.5		5.5	1.3	2650	103 聴講	6.4	1.3	5.2	1.8	80	147 冷房	5.8	1.4		6.5	0.7	96	
60 延期	6.6	0.9		5.5	1.4	1134	104 離陸	6.4	0.7	4.8	1.2	198	148 読書	5.8	1.8	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.1	0.9	334	
61 消毒	6.6	0.5		5.3	1.5	120	105 積雪	6.4	1.9	1 <sup>1</sup>	3.9	1.8	139	149 負担	5.8	1.6		6.0	1.5	4189
62 停車	6.6	0.7		5.3	1.6	401	106 看病	6.3	0.7	5.8	1.3	83	150 有望	5.8	2.1		5.8	1.3	97	
63 防音	6.6	0.7		5.2	1.2	101	107 離婚	6.3	0.9	5.6	1.5	570	151 在宅	5.8	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.3	1.3	571	
64 渡米	6.6	0.7		5.2	1.6	196	108 受信	6.3	0.9	5.1	1.7	325	152 減収	5.8	1.9	1 <sup>1</sup>	4.2	1.8	794	
65 開花	6.6	0.5		5.2	1.6	203	109 開廷	6.3	1.6	3 <sup>1</sup>	4.7	1.9	27	153 分類	5.7	1.9		6.4	1.0	365
66 処罰	6.6	1.3		4.9	1.7	168	110 噴火	6.3	0.7	4.6	2.1	532	154 入浴	5.7	1.3		6.1	1.3	255	
67 敗戦	6.6	0.7		4.7	2.0	654	111 漏水	6.3	1.5	4.6	1.4	23	155 着衣	5.7	1.6	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.0	1.9	38	
68 救命	6.6	0.5		4.3	1.6	276	112 解約	6.3	1.2	4.4	1.8	232	156 還元	5.7	1.9	5 <sup>1</sup>	5.0	1.3	1054	
69 耐寒	6.6	0.8		4.1	1.8	10	113 終演	6.3	0.7	3.7	2.2	13	157 補欠	5.7	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	4.9	1.5	197	
70 植林	6.6	0.5		3.4	1.4	156	114 就職	6.2	1.0	6.5	0.9	2006	158 記事	5.6	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.4	0.5	2911	
71 越年	6.6	0.5		3.3	1.8	182	115 評価	6.2	0.8	6.4	1.0	5525	159 航空	5.6	2.0	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.0	1.4	3238	
72 防疫	6.6	0.9		3.2	2.0	77	116 発熱	6.2	1.0	5.8	1.2	135	160 拍手	5.6	0.9		5.5	1.3	620	
73 克己	6.6	0.7		3.1	1.8	247	117 出題	6.2	1.0	5.6	1.2	146	161 収益	5.6	1.3		4.5	1.9	1112	
74 離任	6.6	0.9		2.5	1.4	39	118 給食	6.2	1.5	3 <sup>1</sup>	5.5	1.4	540	162 改善	5.5	2.1		5.7	1.3	3096
75 募金	6.5	0.5		6.1	1.5	584	119 停学	6.2	0.8	5.2	1.5	17	163 化石	5.5	2.0	1 <sup>2</sup>	5.0	1.9	669	
76 編曲	6.5	0.5		6.0	1.3	89	120 着陸	6.2	0.9	4.8	1.8	519	164 断罪	5.5	1.2		2.5	1.3	22	
77 喫茶	6.5	0.8		5.9	1.3	67	121 耐震	6.2	1.0	4.7	1.5	31	165 失望	5.4	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.2	1.1	322	
78 闘病	6.5	0.7		5.6	1.5	112	122 落馬	6.2	0.8	3.7	1.9	26	166 出勤	5.4	2.5	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.2	1.0	452	
79 占領	6.5	0.9		5.6	1.4	432	123 脱穀	6.2	0.8	3.3	1.8	13	167 休館	5.3	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.5	1.1	248	
80 避暑	6.5	1.3		5.5	1.3	15	124 試食	6.1	1.3	5.5	1.7	101	168 解雇	5.3	1.8	4 <sup>1</sup>	4.9	1.1	958	
81 脱臭	6.5	1.3		5.4	1.7	54	125 待機	6.1	1.4	4.9	1.8	428	169 勧業	5.3	1.9	4 <sup>1</sup>	2.9	1.8	217	
82 入園	6.5	0.5		5.3	1.4	96	126 遭難	6.1	1.3	4.8	2.3	248	170 唱歌	5.3	2.3	5 <sup>1</sup>	2.6	1.8	58	
83 減速	6.5	0.5		5.3	1.5	144	127 立法	6.1	1.2	4.6	2.2	740	171 進学	5.2	1.6	3 <sup>1</sup>	6.6	0.5	791	
84 乗船	6.5	0.5		5.1	2.0	132	128 製氷	6.1	0.7	4	2.1	12	172 遺産	5.2	2.4	1 <sup>2</sup>	5.7	1.2	574	
85 禁酒	6.5	0.5		4.5	1.7	28	129 耐火	6.1	1.1	4	1.9	46	173 下校	5.1	1.8		5.7	1.4	73	
86 昇級	6.5	0.7		3.8	1.9	3	130 結論	6.0	1.9	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.3	1.0	1701	174 節水	5.1	2.1	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.4	1.4	91
87 助命	6.5	0.5		3.5	1.4	8	131 写真	6.0	0.9	6.3	0.7	6180	175 復元	5.0	1.5	4 <sup>1</sup>	4.6	1.7	565	
88 製紙	6.5	1.1		2.6	1.0	940	132 想像	6.0	1.4	6.1	1.3	658	176 罷業	5.0	1.8		1.1	0	6	
89 作文	6.4	0.7		6.6	1.3	221	133 休業	6.0	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.9	1.3	498	177 登録	4.9	1.9	5 <sup>1</sup>	5.3	1.1	2076
90 犯罪	6.4	0.5		6.6	0.8	1252	134 司会	6.0	1.1	5.8	1.6	556	178 有能	4.8	2.2	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.3	1.1	6	
91 駐車	6.4	1.1		6.4	1.4	420	135 輸血	6.0	0.9	5.2	1.7	178	179 有名	4.8	2.3	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.2	1.1	369	
92 入学	6.4	0.8		6.4	1.0	1596	136 写真	6.0	1.0	4.2	1.8	31	180 保健	4.8	2.1	4 <sup>2</sup>	5.7	1.6	1101	
93 禁煙	6.4	0.5		6.4	0.8	302	137 参会	6.0	0.8	2.2	1.1	14	181 計量	4.8	2.6	5 <sup>3</sup>	5.6	1.4	56	

	CS			FS		NFC
	E	SD	A	E	SD	
182 感謝	4.7	1.8		6.5	0.7	833
183 成人	4.5	2.0	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.3	1.0	445
184 有料	4.4	1.8	1 <sup>2</sup>	6.3	0.8	560
185 問題	4.2	1.9	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.7	0.7	30564
186 画策	4.1	2.5	4 <sup>1</sup>	2.9	1.5	26
187 向上	4.0	1.9	5 <sup>3</sup>	6.0	1.3	1437
188 出演	4.0	2.2	3 <sup>2</sup>	5.8	1.3	2402
189 加工	4.0	1.7	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.2	1.6	1288
190 廃物	4.0	2.3	1 <sup>4</sup>	4.2	2.0	18
191 携帯	3.9	1.9	5 <sup>2</sup>	6.5	0.9	508
192 癡狂	3.9	1.6	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.1	1.7	0
193 言明	3.9	2.6	4 <sup>2</sup>	4.4	1.9	189
194 版画	3.6	2.2	4 <sup>2</sup>	5.5	1.1	228
195 許可	3.5	2.2	5 <sup>3</sup>	5.8	1.4	1834
196 交互	3.4	1.9	5 <sup>4</sup>	5.9	1.1	119
197 分担	3.4	2.5	3 <sup>2</sup>	5.2	0.9	569
198 表明	2.8	1.8	5 <sup>6</sup>	5.9	1.9	5857
199 革新	2.3	1.5	5 <sup>4</sup>	5.0	1.8	411
200 更新	2.0	1.6	3 <sup>3</sup>	5.4	1.2	1280
Complement + verb compounds						
1 直進	6.9	0.3		6.3	1.5	55
2 水洗	6.9	0.3		6.3	1.3	54
3 夜勤	6.9	0.3		6.2	1.3	120
4 右折	6.9	0.3		5.7	1.6	49
5 家出	6.9	0.3		5.2	2.0	92
6 全焼	6.9	0.3		5.0	1.8	614
7 逆流	6.9	0.3		3.9	1.7	93
8 予防	6.8	0.4		6.6	0.8	881
9 公認	6.8	0.4		6.1	1.0	1715
10 予告	6.8	0.4		6.0	1.2	151
11 再建	6.8	0.4		5.8	0.9	1752
12 再開	6.8	0.4		5.8	1.0	2616
13 仮眠	6.8	0.4		5.8	1.4	50
14 等分	6.8	0.4		5.7	1.6	73
15 予備	6.8	0.4		5.7	1.5	458
16 傍観	6.8	0.4		5.6	2.0	50
17 未知	6.8	0.4		5.4	1.0	153
18 公報	6.8	0.4		5.1	1.3	136
19 図示	6.8	0.4		5.1	1.7	9
20 倍增	6.8	0.4		5.1	1.5	400
21 急進	6.8	0.4		5.0	1.6	272
22 再起	6.8	0.4		4.9	1.8	85
23 全壊	6.8	0.4		4.9	2.1	102
24 冬眠	6.8	0.6		4.8	1.9	27
25 公営	6.8	0.4		4.8	1.9	265
26 例示	6.8	0.4		4.1	1.6	61
27 自信	6.7	0.5		6.7	0.7	1870
28 予習	6.7	0.5		6.4	1.1	13
29 特定	6.7	0.5		5.9	0.9	1931
30 先着	6.7	0.5		5.8	1.1	155
31 必勝	6.7	0.5		5.5	1.4	114
32 明記	6.7	0.7		5.4	1.6	755
33 再現	6.7	0.5		5.4	1.4	515
34 半減	6.7	0.7		5.3	1.7	438
35 速記	6.7	0.5		4.8	1.7	25
36 再婚	6.7	0.5		4.6	1.9	119
37 即決	6.7	0.5		4.5	1.5	18
38 詳述	6.7	0.5		4.1	2.2	12
39 細分	6.7	0.5		3.7	1.4	62
40 外遊	6.7	0.7		2.7	1.1	82
41 内勤	6.7	0.5		2.1	1.4	15
42 別居	6.6	0.5		6.1	1.0	129
43 再会	6.6	0.7		5.8	0.9	298
44 改築	6.6	0.9		5.7	1.3	289
45 独学	6.6	0.5		5.6	1.4	51
46 潜在	6.6	0.7		5.5	1.4	269
47 即死	6.6	0.7		5.3	1.4	226
48 先攻	6.6	0.7		5.1	1.9	14
49 共存	6.6	0.8		5.0	1.5	473
50 死別	6.6	0.7		5.0	1.6	40
51 後述	6.6	0.7		4.5	1.3	0
52 続行	6.6	0.9		4.4	1.0	162
53 即応	6.6	0.7		4.3	1.6	59
54 直売	6.6	0.7		4.2	2.4	28
55 米食	6.6	0.9		3.5	1.6	9
56 外食	6.5	0.7		6.3	1.1	294
57 逆転	6.5	0.9		6.3	1.2	1834
58 肉食	6.5	0.9		6.2	1.5	80
59 輕視	6.5	0.7		6.0	1.5	254
60 未婚	6.5	0.9		6.0	1.4	82
61 毒殺	6.5	0.9		5.8	1.4	5
62 共用	6.5	0.7		5.4	1.6	82
63 誤訳	6.5	0.9		5.4	1.5	13
64 全勝	6.5	0.7		5.2	1.8	394
65 清書	6.5	0.8		5.0	1.6	20
66 田植	6.5	0.7		4.7	1.6	6
67 独唱	6.5	0.8		3.8	2.4	35
68 大勝	6.5	0.7		3.8	2.1	156
69 併発	6.5	0.9		2.8	1.6	29
70 分納	6.5	0.9		2.0	1.7	1
71 共感	6.4	0.8		5.9	1.7	396
72 広告	6.4	1.3		5.9	0.9	2692
73 仮設	6.4	0.8		5.8	1.6	285
74 予測	6.4	0.7		5.7	1.7	1617
75 花見	6.4	0.9		5.5	1.7	158
76 自衛	6.4	1.1		5.0	1.3	336
77 暗殺	6.4	0.8		4.8	1.9	480
78 既婚	6.4	0.9		4.8	1.7	69
79 口述	6.4	0.8		4.7	1.9	15
80 月見	6.4	0.9		4.4	1.7	14
81 先進	6.4	0.7		3.9	2.3	531
82 独裁	6.4	0.8		3.7	2.1	317
83 昼寝	6.3	0.8		6.2	1.0	48
84 密輸	6.3	0.8		6	1.2	411
85 自殺	6.3	1.2		5.9	1.2	1022
86 実用	6.3	1.1		5.8	1.4	177
87 日記	6.3	1.2		5.7	1.6	650
88 上記	6.3	0.8		5.6	1.5	26
89 下着	6.3	1.6	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.6	1.7	234
90 激励	6.3	0.7		5.5	1.4	313
91 病死	6.3	1.2		5.1	1.7	176
92 空輸	6.3	1.2		5	1.8	178
93 猛攻	6.3	0.8		3.9	2.1	73
94 急造	6.3	0.7		3.6	1.9	22
95 上着	6.2	1.5	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.7	0.5	128
96 専用	6.2	1.1		6.5	0.7	854
97 地震	6.2	1.2		6.4	0.8	3659
98 公立	6.2	1.1		6.2	1.5	823
99 誤算	6.2	1.1		6.1	1.2	157
100 歓迎	6.2	1.3		5.8	0.8	1795
101 伴奏	6.2	1.9		5.7	1.6	155
102 和訳	6.2	1.9	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.7	1.0	12
103 共著	6.2	1.3		5.4	2.3	72
104 自覚	6.2	1.0		5.2	1.7	445
105 黙読	6.2	1.0		3.9	1.7	3
106 国防	6.2	1.3		3.5	1.9	1278
107 互助	6.2	0.8		2.7	1.7	17
108 私立	6.1	1.1		5.6	1.7	1057
109 子守	6.1	1.3		5.4	1.6	53
110 前略	6.1	1.6		5.0	1.7	5
111 下落	6.1	1.6	4 <sup>1</sup>	4.0	2.3	979

	CS			FS		NFC		CS			FS		NFC		CS			FS		NFC	
	E	SD	A	E	SD			E	SD	A	E	SD			E	SD	A	E	SD		
112 人選	6.1	1.2		3.7	1.6	230	156 反響	5.5	2.0	5 <sup>1</sup>	5.5	1.4	448	200 代役	2.3	1.9	1 <sup>5</sup>	5.3	1.1	68	
113 墓参	6.1	1.4		3.5	1.7	80	157 代弁	5.5	1.6	2 <sup>1</sup>	4.5	1.7	168	Associative pair compounds							
114 水泳	6.0	1.0		6.4	1.0	524	158 博学	5.5	2.2	1 <sup>1</sup>	4.1	1.6	2		1 左右	6.9	0.3		6.9	0.3	1047
115 中立	6.0	1.1		6.1	1.3	467	159 粗製	5.5	1.4	1 <sup>1</sup>	3.5	1.5	8		2 上下	6.9	0.3		6.8	0.4	618
116 同居	6.0	0.8		5.8	1.2	436	160 必要	5.4	2.2	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.6	0.7	8911		3 親子	6.9	0.3		6.7	0.7	778
117 口答	6.0	1.1		5.6	1.5	0	161 合唱	5.4	1.9	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.5	1.3	840		4 出欠	6.9	0.3		6.6	1.3	35
118 旧知	6.0	0.9		5.4	1.7	30	162 躍進	5.4	2.1	5 <sup>1</sup>	5.3	1.3	400		5 優劣	6.9	0.3		6.4	1.1	57
119 既知	6.0	1.9	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.2	2.0	5	163 個展	5.4	2.1	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.0	1.8	250		6 男女	6.9	0.3		6.4	0.8	2084
120 永続	6.0	1.6	4 <sup>1</sup>	4.7	1.9	58	164 実現	5.2	2.1		6.3	1.1	5892		7 前後	6.9	0.3		6.3	1.2	3598
121 木造	6.0	1.3		4.5	1.7	752	165 合成	5.2	1.8	4 <sup>2</sup>	6.1	1.1	329		8 多少	6.9	0.3		6.3	1.1	502
122 人造	6.0	1.3		4.2	2.3	11	166 頭痛	5.2	1.7		5.7	1.1	135		9 勝敗	6.9	0.3		6.2	0.8	406
123 筆答	6.0	1.7	1 <sup>1</sup>	2.4	1.7	0	167 安定	5.2	1.7	5 <sup>1</sup>	5.4	1.7	3369	10 勝負	6.9	0.3		6.2	1.0	1523	
124 完走	5.9	1.8	2 <sup>1</sup>	5.9	1.2	148	168 光輝	5.2	2.3	5 <sup>2</sup>	1.9	1.3	10	11 進退	6.9	0.3		6.1	1.1	178	
125 中断	5.9	1.3		5.5	1.4	795	169 必死	5.1	1.9		6.5	0.9	140	12 難易	6.9	0.3		6.0	1.5	22	
126 共犯	5.9	1.6	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.1	1.8	316	170 飛行	5.1	1.7		6.0	1.3	1047	13 大小	6.9	0.3		5.9	1.0	144	
127 黙認	5.9	1.5	4 <sup>1</sup>	4.0	2.3	143	171 規制	5.1	2.2	5 <sup>1</sup>	5.2	1.6	6626	14 往復	6.9	0.3		5.9	1.1	818	
128 電送	5.9	1.9		3.2	1.8	18	172 精製	5.1	1.9	1 <sup>1</sup>	4.1	1.2	118	15 高低	6.9	0.3		5.9	1.5	30	
129 強盗	5.8	1.6		6.5	1.1	1259	173 精進	5.1	2.3	5 <sup>1</sup>	3.5	1.7	63	16 生死	6.9	0.3		5.9	1.4	92	
130 誤解	5.8	1.5		6.3	1.0	608	174 実験	5.0	1.5	5 <sup>1</sup>	6.7	0.7	2428	17 兇着	6.9	0.3		5.8	1.3	344	
131 体育	5.8	1.5		6.1	1.0	1011	175 凍死	5.0	1.9	4 <sup>2</sup>	4.5	1.8	32	18 東西	6.9	0.3		5.8	1.2	1019	
132 週刊	5.8	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.1	1.0	354	176 総合	4.9	2.7	5 <sup>2</sup>	6.8	0.4	5051	19 増減	6.9	0.3		5.8	1.3	208	
133 相談	5.8	1.5		5.8	1.6	3077	177 統計	4.8	2.1	5 <sup>1</sup>	6.2	0.9	1134	20 遠近	6.9	0.3		5.7	1.2	134	
134 国立	5.8	1.4		5.7	1.4	2923	178 強調	4.8	2.5	1 <sup>2</sup>	5.4	1.1	4788	21 加減	6.9	0.3		5.6	1.3	94	
135 公用	5.8	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.4	1.6	60	179 刺殺	4.7	2.1	4 <sup>3</sup>	4.3	1.8	77	22 緩急	6.9	0.3		5.6	1.5	69	
136 鉄製	5.8	1.7	2 <sup>1</sup>	4.3	1.7	111	180 協議	4.6	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	4.7	1.5	9083	23 天地	6.9	0.3		5.6	1.6	31	
137 反撃	5.8	1.1		4.2	1.3	413	181 分譲	4.6	2.4	4 <sup>3</sup>	4.5	2.0	483	24 強弱	6.9	0.3		5.5	1.6	38	
138 手話	5.8	2.1	1 <sup>1</sup>	4.2	2.1	280	182 悲鳴	4.5	1.9	1 <sup>1</sup>	4.4	2.1	215	25 伸縮	6.9	0.3		5.5	1.7	24	
139 乱発	5.8	1.5	4 <sup>1</sup>	3.7	1.9	57	183 反応	4.4	2.4	4 <sup>2</sup>	6.3	1.1	1538	26 貧富	6.9	0.3		5.5	1.8	102	
140 力泳	5.8	1.1		2.2	1.8	3	184 期限	4.4	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.2	1.0	1517	27 朝夕	6.9	0.3		5.5	1.6	90	
141 復習	5.7	1.8	2 <sup>1</sup>	5.9	1.6	15	185 豆腐	4.3	2.4	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.6	0.7	301	28 朝晩	6.9	0.3		5.5	1.6	18	
142 未定	5.7	1.8		5.8	1.5	1175	186 位置	4.3	2.2	5 <sup>2</sup>	6.2	1.0	1004	29 真偽	6.9	0.3		5.4	1.4	52	
143 新婚	5.7	1.9	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.7	1.6	137	187 強欲	4.3	2.9	1 <sup>1</sup>	4.4	1.8	1	30 善悪	6.9	0.3		5.4	1.2	29	
144 並行	5.7	1.6	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.6	1.4	393	188 区別	4.2	2.4	5 <sup>2</sup>	6.4	1.1	505	31 母子	6.9	0.3		5.4	1.4	286	
145 予算	5.7	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.4	1.7	6038	189 友愛	4.2	2.6	5 <sup>1</sup>	3.9	1.5	111	32 紅白	6.9	0.3		5.3	1.8	127	
146 確保	5.7	1.5	4 <sup>1</sup>	4.7	1.2	3476	190 俸給	4.2	2.0	5 <sup>1</sup>	2.2	1.7	13	33 自他	6.9	0.3		5.3	1.3	37	
147 戦死	5.7	1.1		4.0	2.5	269	191 留学	4.1	1.6	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.0	1.1	1013	34 有無	6.9	0.3		5.3	1.4	486	
148 乱伐	5.7	1.6	4 <sup>1</sup>	1.7	1.0	11	192 正解	4.0	2.4	1 <sup>4</sup>	6.4	1.4	129	35 内外	6.9	0.3		5.3	2.0	1186	
149 平行	5.6	2.0	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.4	1.6	61	193 対抗	4.0	2.2	5 <sup>2</sup>	5.0	1.8	1378	36 開閉	6.9	0.3		5.2	1.6	157	
150 間接	5.6	0.9		5.0	1.2	317	194 改組	4.0	2.4	2 <sup>4</sup>	3.2	1.8	120	37 黑白	6.9	0.3		5.2	1.8	22	
151 手製	5.6	1.5	1 <sup>1</sup>	3.9	1.7	26	195 責任	3.9	2.2	2 <sup>2</sup>	6.9	0.3	7620	38 南北	6.9	0.3		5.2	2.1	1147	
152 速達	5.5	1.9	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.1	1.0	36	196 感動	3.7	2.3	4 <sup>3</sup>	5.8	1.3	646	39 売買	6.9	0.3		5.2	1.8	1296	
153 宿泊	5.5	2.5	5 <sup>1</sup>	5.9	1.1	730	197 検定	3.5	1.8	4 <sup>2</sup>	6.4	1.1	736	40 功罪	6.9	0.3		5.1	1.7	48	
154 郵送	5.5	2.2	5 <sup>1</sup>	5.8	1.6	488	198 情熱	3.0	1.8	1 <sup>2</sup>	5.4	1.5	347	41 裏表	6.9	0.3		5.1	1.4	27	
155 前提	5.5	0.9		5.6	1.4	1659	199 送別	2.8	2.1	4 <sup>4</sup>	5.3	2.0	41								

	CS			FS		NFC		CS			FS		NFC		CS			FS		NFC		
	E	SD	A	E	SD			E	SD	A	E	SD			E	SD	A	E	SD			
42	寒暖	6.9	0.3	5.1	1.9	10	86	輕重	6.8	0.4	3.9	1.9	18	130	風雨	6.4	1	5.4	1.2	79		
43	利害	6.9	0.3	5.0	1.1	370	87	犬猿	6.8	0.4	3.7	2.1	11	131	勞資	6.4	1.1	2.4	1.5	0		
44	表裏	6.9	0.3	5.0	2.2	47	88	集散	6.8	0.4	3.1	2.2	28	132	草木	6.3	1.6	6.2	1.1	97		
45	可否	6.9	0.3	5.0	2.3	74	89	主客	6.8	0.4	2.8	1.6	4	133	問答	6.3	1.9	5 <sup>1</sup>	4.7	1.8	81	
46	縱橫	6.9	0.3	4.9	1.5	85	90	去來	6.8	0.4	2.4	1.5	11	134	始終	6.3	1.3	4.5	2.1	3		
47	公私	6.9	0.3	4.8	1.5	152	91	老幼	6.8	0.4	2	1.5	0	135	波風	6.3	1.3	4.1	1.9	22		
48	長短	6.9	0.3	4.8	1.5	139	92	歐米	6.7	0.7	6.5	0.9	2080	136	因果	6.3	1.9	2 <sup>1</sup>	4	1.4	261	
49	乘降	6.9	0.3	4.8	1.8	84	93	父母	6.7	0.7	6.1	1.4	663	137	首尾	6.3	1.3	4	1.5	26		
50	晝夜	6.9	0.3	4.8	1.6	120	94	夫婦	6.7	0.7	5.8	1.7	1811	138	主從	6.3	1.9	3.6	2.3	11		
51	新旧	6.9	0.3	4.7	1.8	154	95	父子	6.7	0.7	5.1	2.0	118	139	山水	6.3	1.0	3.3	2.2	45		
52	損得	6.9	0.3	4.6	1	38	96	収支	6.7	0.5	4.9	1.8	1261	140	日月	6.3	1.1	2.9	1.5	9		
53	苦樂	6.9	0.3	4.6	1.6	11	97	山川	6.7	0.7	4.6	2.1	186	141	筆紙	6.3	1.3	2.5	1.8	0		
54	昇降	6.9	0.3	4.6	1.7	35	98	人畜	6.7	0.5	4.5	2.0	2	142	貸借	6.2	1.9	3.6	1.2	37		
55	音訓	6.9	0.3	4.5	1.6	1	99	金銀	6.7	0.7	4.5	1.4	29	143	山野	6.2	0.9	3.6	0.8	86		
56	盛衰	6.9	0.3	4.5	1.8	45	100	甲乙	6.7	0.7	4.2	2.5	6	144	衣食	6.1	1.9	5 <sup>1</sup>	6.2	1.1	16	
57	賞罰	6.9	0.3	4.3	1.2	7	101	集配	6.7	1.5	4.1	1.8	45	145	身命	6.1	1.5	3.7	1.2	0		
58	言行	6.9	0.3	4.3	1.3	11	102	目鼻	6.7	0.5	4	1.8	8	146	木石	6.1	1.4	1.8	1.3	3		
59	吉凶	6.9	0.3	4.3	2.0	1	103	取捨	6.7	0.7	3.9	1.5	3	147	父兄	5.9	1.9	5 <sup>1</sup>	6.1	1.1	19	
60	攻防	6.9	0.3	4.1	1.9	436	104	弓矢	6.7	0.5	3.7	2.2	30	148	土木	5.9	2.0	5 <sup>1</sup>	5.1	1.7	1048	
61	雄雌	6.9	0.3	4.0	1.9	0	105	筋骨	6.7	0.5	3.0	1.8	0	149	書画	5.9	1.9	5 <sup>1</sup>	4.6	1.6	29	
62	需給	6.9	0.3	3.8	2.4	381	106	長幼	6.7	0.5	2.0	1.3	0	150	見聞	5.9	1.3	4.6	1.8	51		
63	攻守	6.9	0.3	3.7	1.8	204	107	手足	6.6	0.7	6.1	1.5	323	151	斷続	5.9	2.0	2 <sup>1</sup>	4.5	2.0	241	
64	異同	6.9	0.3	3.7	1.6	2	108	和英	6.6	0.7	5.7	1.7	26	152	飲食	5.8	2.0	5 <sup>1</sup>	6.6	0.8	663	
65	死活	6.9	0.3	3.6	1.8	82	109	兄弟	6.6	0.7	5.6	1.4	799	153	山林	5.8	1.8	5 <sup>1</sup>	5.5	1.3	324	
66	寒暑	6.9	0.3	3.6	2.0	0	110	呼吸	6.6	1.0	5 <sup>1</sup>	5.6	1.6	513	154	経緯	5.8	1.8	5 <sup>1</sup>	4.8	1.7	717
67	晴雨	6.9	0.3	3.5	2.5	3	111	終始	6.6	1.0	5.5	1.4	379	155	春秋	5.8	2.3	5 <sup>2</sup>	4.1	2.2	382	
68	出納	6.9	0.3	3.3	1.5	91	112	英和	6.6	0.7	4.9	1.4	99	156	風波	5.7	2.1	1 <sup>1</sup>	3	1.3	3	
69	文武	6.9	0.3	3.1	1.2	7	113	山河	6.6	0.7	4.6	1.6	19	157	明滅	5.6	1.7	3 <sup>1</sup>	3.2	1.6	5	
70	禍福	6.9	0.3	3.0	1.9	1	114	名実	6.6	0.7	4.6	1.7	58	158	孫子	5.5	1.8	5 <sup>1</sup>	3.2	1.7	5	
71	深淺	6.9	0.3	3	1.3	3	115	今昔	6.6	1.0	3.5	1.8	22	159	傷病	5.5	2.2	5 <sup>2</sup>	2.9	1.6	41	
72	陰陽	6.9	0.3	2.7	1.4	7	116	後先	6.6	0.7	3.0	2.5	3	160	冷靜	5.4	2.3	5 <sup>2</sup>	6.3	1.0	113	
73	清濁	6.9	0.3	2.3	1.5	7	117	胃腸	6.5	1.0	5.7	1.3	48	161	始末	5.4	1.5	5	1.7	155		
74	海陸	6.9	0.3	2.3	1.1	6	118	言動	6.5	0.7	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.4	1.6	258	162	年月	5.3	2.2	5 <sup>2</sup>	5.7	1.3	130
75	明暗	6.8	0.4	6.6	0.7	184	119	姉妹	6.5	0.9	5.4	1.2	371	163	農林	5.2	2.4	1 <sup>2</sup>	5.6	1.7	590	
76	正誤	6.8	0.4	6	1.3	3	120	漠和	6.5	0.9	5.2	1.6	17	164	点滅	5.1	2.9	3 <sup>3</sup>	5.1	1.6	65	
77	心身	6.8	0.4	5.9	1.3	267	121	雷雨	6.5	0.9	4.7	1.8	28	165	土砂	5	2.5	5 <sup>1</sup>	6.4	1.3	604	
78	日夜	6.8	0.4	5.6	1.7	277	122	事物	6.5	1.0	4.6	1.8	29	166	図表	5.0	2.5	5 <sup>1</sup>	5.8	1.5	25	
79	夫妻	6.8	0.4	5.5	1.4	944	123	是非	6.5	0.7	4.6	1.1	598	167	家庭	5.0	1.9	5.8	1.2	3194		
80	妻子	6.8	0.4	5.1	2.1	145	124	勞使	6.5	1.0	4.4	1.9	601	168	金品	5.0	2.1	5.7	1.3	52		
81	雌雄	6.8	0.4	4.8	1.6	29	125	商工	6.5	0.7	4.2	1.6	866	169	子孫	5.0	2.1	5 <sup>2</sup>	4.8	2.1	188	
82	和漢	6.8	0.4	4.2	2.5	6	126	風雪	6.5	1.0	3.8	2.0	23	170	安靜	4.8	2.5	5 <sup>3</sup>	6.2	1.0	37	
83	往来	6.8	0.4	4.2	1.6	179	127	鳥獸	6.5	0.9	3.8	1.9	79	171	見学	4.8	2.6	3 <sup>3</sup>	5.6	1.4	622	
84	良否	6.8	0.4	4.2	2.1	0	128	耳目	6.5	1.0	2.1	1.1	13	172	優美	4.6	2.2	5 <sup>2</sup>	5.2	1.4	47	
85	古今	6.8	0.4	4.1	2.0	133	129	質量	6.4	1.6	2 <sup>1</sup>	5.5	1.4	98	173	仁愛	4.6	2.6	5 <sup>3</sup>	3	1.9	14

	CS			FS			NFC
	E	SD	A	E	SD		
174 敬愛	4.3	2.3	5 <sup>3</sup>	4.5	1.3		65
175 粗大	4.3	2.2	5 <sup>3</sup>	4.4	2.2		47
176 子弟	4.3	2.4	5 <sup>3</sup>	4.2	2.0		66
177 弱小	4.2	2.7	5 <sup>4</sup>	5.5	1.7		13
178 仁徳	4.2	2.6	5 <sup>4</sup>	4.0	1.6		22
179 治安	4.1	2.5	2 <sup>4</sup>	5.0	1.5		785
180 田園	4.1	2.7	5 <sup>2</sup>	4.4	1.8		113
181 画像	4.0	2.5	5 <sup>2</sup>	6.3	0.7		436
182 保育	4.0	1.9	3 <sup>2</sup>	5.4	1.6		509
183 軟弱	3.9	2.4	5 <sup>5</sup>	4.7	1.8		25
184 貧弱	3.8	2.3	5 <sup>5</sup>	5.3	1.8		10
185 面目	3.8	2.3	1 <sup>1</sup>	4.4	1.6		69
186 元利	3.8	2.1	1 <sup>3</sup>	3.7	2.2		71
187 民族	3.7	2.3	1 <sup>5</sup>	6.1	0.9		3411
188 劣悪	3.7	2.3	5 <sup>5</sup>	5.4	1.4		10
189 商売	3.6	2.3	5 <sup>4</sup>	6.6	0.8		550
190 明細	3.6	1.8	5 <sup>1</sup>	6.5	1.0		37
191 福利	3.6	1.7	5 <sup>2</sup>	4.6	1.9		63
192 險惡	3.3	1.3	5 <sup>2</sup>	4.9	1.5		11
193 粗悪	3.3	2.6	5 <sup>6</sup>	3.7	1.3		11
194 知恵	3.1	1.9	5 <sup>2</sup>	6.7	0.5		653
195 民衆	3.1	2.3	5 <sup>5</sup>	5.1	1.9		283
196 知能	3.0	2.5	1 <sup>3</sup>	6.3	0.8		79
197 低俗	2.8	1.6	5 <sup>4</sup>	3.3	1.4		6
198 鮮明	2.7	2.0	5 <sup>5</sup>	5.3	1.0		41
199 卑劣	2.6	1.5	5 <sup>6</sup>	4.5	2.3		11
200 品物	1.9	1.9	5 <sup>7</sup>	5.2	1.7		179
Synonymous pair compounds							
1 年齢	6.8	0.4		6.7	0.5		1977
2 河川	6.8	0.4		6.3	1.1		697
3 貯蓄	6.8	0.4		6.1	1.1		511
4 充滿	6.8	0.4		4.5	1.9		92
5 絵画	6.7	0.7		5.8	0.9		897
6 死亡	6.6	0.5		6.6	1.3		4700
7 省略	6.6	0.5		6.3	1.2		149
8 衣服	6.6	0.7		6.1	1.1		155
9 柔軟	6.6	0.7		6.1	1.2		159
10 終了	6.6	0.5		6.1	1.6		1687
11 尊敬	6.6	0.7		6.1	1.2		237
12 変換	6.6	0.7		6	1.1		137
13 戦争	6.6	0.7		5.6	1.4		5564
14 寒冷	6.6	0.7		5.2	1.4		28
15 居住	6.6	0.5		5.1	2.0		457
16 歓喜	6.6	0.7		4.9	1.9		35
17 郷里	6.6	0.5		4.8	1.4		148
18 利益	6.5	0.5		6.5	0.7		3925
19 優秀	6.5	0.7		6.3	1.0		317
20 作製	6.5	0.9		6	1.1		121
21 繁盛	6.5	0.7		5.9	1.3		77
22 児童	6.5	0.7		5.5	1.2		1752
23 守護	6.5	0.7		5.3	1.8		22
24 闘争	6.5	0.9		5.1	1.6		883
25 戦闘	6.5	0.9		4.3	1.8		927
26 製造	6.4	0.8		6.3	1.1		2597
27 破壊	6.4	0.7		6.3	0.7		1473
28 価値	6.4	0.7		6.2	1.0		1081
29 場所	6.4	0.8		6.2	1.2		4267
30 永久	6.4	0.8		6.1	1.1		153
31 停止	6.4	0.8		6.1	1.3		2767
32 分割	6.4	0.8		6.1	1.3		826
33 貧乏	6.4	0.8		6	2.0		107
34 到着	6.4	0.8		5.9	1.2		1274
35 善良	6.4	0.8		5.7	1.2		5
36 超過	6.4	1.1		5.7	1.4		247
37 類似	6.4	1.0		5.6	1.4		157
38 願望	6.4	0.8	2 <sup>1</sup>	5.6	1.4		130
39 合併	6.4	0.7		5.5	1.5		1949
40 勤務	6.4	1.0		5.3	1.3		1648
41 孤独	6.4	1.0		5.3	1.6		152
42 供給	6.4	0.7		5.2	1.7		2032
43 傾斜	6.4	0.8		4.9	2.0		262
44 断絶	6.4	1.0		4.4	1.9		60
45 出発	6.3	0.8		6.7	0.5		1607
46 困難	6.3	0.7		6.5	1.1		747
47 根本	6.3	1.0		6.1	1.3		848
48 出現	6.3	0.8		5.9	1.1		383
49 豊富	6.3	1.0		5.8	1.3		175
50 援助	6.3	0.8		5.8	1.2		3336
51 委託	6.3	0.7	3 <sup>1</sup>	5.8	1.7		1028
52 恋愛	6.3	1.0		5.6	1.5		335
53 解放	6.3	0.8		5.5	1.7		1490
54 損失	6.3	1.1		5.4	0.7		942
55 恐怖	6.3	0.8		5.3	2.0		436
56 清潔	6.3	0.7		5.3	1.1		99
57 溶解	6.3	0.7		4.3	2.2		39
58 皮革	6.3	0.8		3.8	1.6		36
59 伸張	6.3	1.1		3.7	2.1		3
60 奪取	6.3	1.0		3.7	1.3		100
61 屈曲	6.3	0.8		2.9	1.9		7
62 変化	6.2	1.3		6.7	0.7		3530
63 募集	6.2	1.0		6.7	0.5		2134
64 増加	6.2	1.2		6.6	1.0		2402
65 誕生	6.2	1.1		6.2	1.0		1962
66 記録	6.2	0.8		6.2	0.8		7323
67 獲得	6.2	0.9		6	1.3		2069
68 建築	6.2	0.8		5.8	0.8		1664
69 防衛	6.2	0.9		5.7	1.5		2031
70 抵抗	6.2	1.3		5.7	1.1		1440
71 喪失	6.2	1.0		5.5	1.7		150
72 販売	6.2	0.8		5.3	1.3		8814
73 搜索	6.2	1.1		5.1	1.5		1630
74 包囲	6.2	1.1		5.1	1.7		265
75 依頼	6.2	0.8		5	1.3		1592
76 宣告	6.2	0.6		4.3	2.2		218
77 乾燥	6.1	1.1		6.5	1.1		350
78 自己	6.1	1.0		6.3	0.8		1878
79 行為	6.1	1.0		6.3	1.3		2526
80 忍耐	6.1	1.3		5.2	1.8		109
81 養育	6.1	0.6		5	2.5		64
82 基本	6.0	1.3		6.6	0.7		5218
83 睡眠	6.0	1.3		6.6	0.8		158
84 收穫	6.0	1.6	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.4	1.1		712
85 苦痛	6.0	0.8		6.3	1.0		198
86 蓄積	6.0	0.8		6.1	1.5		350
87 削除	6.0	1.6	3 <sup>1</sup>	6	0.8		240
88 均等	6.0	1.1		5.9	1.1		157
89 皮膚	6.0	1.4		5.9	1.3		444
90 起源	6.0	1.3	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.6	1.4		165
91 逃避	6.0	1.1		5.3	1.6		52
92 温暖	6.0	1.6	4 <sup>1</sup>	4.9	1.2		264
93 歴史	5.9	1.1		6.4	1.0		3811
94 詳細	5.9	1.3		6.2	0.9		209
95 色彩	5.9	0.7		5.7	1.4		334
96 支援	5.9	1.3		5.3	1.2		7579
97 田畑	5.9	1.9	4 <sup>1</sup>	4.9	2.0		203
98 襲撃	5.9	1.6	1 <sup>1</sup>	4.7	1.8		749
99 陷没	5.9	1.1		4.7	1.5		84
100 別離	5.9	1.7	3 <sup>1</sup>	4.6	2.0		16
101 海洋	5.9	1.4		4.6	2.1		1121
102 樹木	5.9	1.5	4 <sup>1</sup>	4.1	2.0		245
103 陷落	5.9	1.3		4.1	2.0		88



	CS			FS			NFC
	E	SD	A	E	SD		
104 中央	5.8	1.6	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.7	0.7	6472	
105 學習	5.8	1.3		6.6	0.7	1151	
106 勞働	5.8	1.5	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.6	1.0	2958	
107 意志	5.8	1.2		6.3	1.0	194	
108 災難	5.8	0.9		6	0.9	36	
109 思考	5.8	0.9		5.9	0.7	226	
110 需要	5.8	1.2		5.6	1.6	2835	
111 攻擊	5.8	1.6	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.6	1.5	3266	
112 進行	5.8	1.2		5.5	1.4	642	
113 滅亡	5.8	1.7	3 <sup>1</sup>	5.4	1.7	64	
114 改革	5.8	1.5		5.2	1.5	20820	
115 教訓	5.8	1.5	2 <sup>2</sup>	5.0	1.2	383	
116 獎勵	5.8	1.6	4 <sup>1</sup>	4.8	1.2	227	
117 疑問	5.7	1.4	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.6	0.7	2279	
118 生命	5.7	1.6	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.1	1.1	1539	
119 連續	5.7	1.6	3 <sup>1</sup>	5.9	1.4	5539	
120 減少	5.7	1.7	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.8	0.9	2426	
121 悲慘	5.7	1.2		5.6	1.9	106	
122 分解	5.7	1.8	3 <sup>1</sup>	5.4	1.5	301	
123 分別	5.7	1.7	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.2	1.5	183	
124 岩石	5.7	2.1	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.1	1.9	68	
125 保守	5.7	2.1	2 <sup>1</sup>	4.7	1.8	2543	
126 協和	5.7	0.8		4.1	2.0	111	
127 讓渡	5.7	1.5	3 <sup>1</sup>	3.6	1.8	558	
128 転回	5.7	1.3		3.4	2.2	15	
129 選択	5.6	1.2		6.6	0.7	2009	
130 脂肪	5.6	1.1		6.5	0.7	187	
131 演奏	5.6	1.2		6.2	1.0	1781	
132 土地	5.6	1.7	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.8	1.3	4870	
133 興奮	5.6	1.4	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.6	1.4	362	
134 派遣	5.6	1.7		5.4	1.7	4676	
135 承認	5.6	1.3		5.2	1.3	2221	
136 財産	5.6	1.8	3 <sup>1</sup>	5.2	1.6	770	
137 煮沸	5.6	1.7	4 <sup>1</sup>	4	1.7	9	
138 森林	5.5	2.0	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.5	1.0	904	
139 混乱	5.5	1.5		6.1	1.0	2053	
140 開催	5.5	1.5	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.1	1.0	3478	
141 遂行	5.5	1.3		6.0	1.2	197	
142 材料	5.5	1.7	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.0	1.3	1678	
143 発送	5.5	1.2		5.9	1.2	169	
144 療治	5.5	1.7	4 <sup>1</sup>	2.5	1.9	0	
145 免許	5.4	1.8	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.8	0.4	1147	
146 時期	5.4	1.2		6.3	1.1	4228	
147 指示	5.4	2.0	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.2	1.0	2259	
148 医療	5.4	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	6	1.4	3799	
149 節約	5.4	1.5		6	1.1	501	
150 法律	5.4	1.6	3 <sup>1</sup>	5.3	1.1	2033	
151 統制	5.4	1.4		5.0	1.6	306	
152 修了	5.4	1.8	4 <sup>1</sup>	4.7	1.6	180	
153 請願	5.4	1.7	3 <sup>1</sup>	3.2	1.6	200	
154 倒壊	5.4	1.8	4 <sup>2</sup>	3.2	1.9	157	
155 短縮	5.3	1.8	1 <sup>1</sup>	6.7	0.7	692	
156 緩和	5.3	2.0	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.1	0.9	3134	
157 補助	5.3	1.8	3 <sup>1</sup>	5.7	1.3	865	
158 了解	5.3	1.6		4.6	1.7	445	
159 訴訟	5.3	0.8		4.3	2.3	4102	
160 凝固	5.3	2.2	3 <sup>2</sup>	3.3	1.8	41	
161 休暇	5.2	1.9	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.4	1.0	640	
162 裁判	5.2	1.7		6.0	1.3	3864	
163 飼育	5.2	2.2	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.9	1.5	474	
164 採用	5.2	1.9	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.8	1.4	3541	
165 解釈	5.1	1.5		6.4	1.0	851	
166 逮捕	5.1	1.4		5.6	1.4	8524	
167 上昇	5.1	2.2	3 <sup>2</sup>	5.6	1.2	2310	
168 群衆	5.1	2.4	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.5	1.6	117	
169 付加	5.1	2.2	3 <sup>2</sup>	5.3	1.5	35	
170 庭園	5.1	1.9	4 <sup>1</sup>	4.7	1.8	191	
171 分析	5.0	1.1		6.2	1.2	2186	
172 期間	5.0	1.8		6.0	1.5	3651	
173 脅迫	5.0	2.1	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.7	1.6	340	
174 運動	4.9	2.0	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.7	1.0	6113	
175 運営	4.9	1.6	2 <sup>1</sup>	6.1	1.3	2802	
176 妊娠	4.9	1.4		5.6	1.5	427	
177 申請	4.9	2.0	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.3	1.6	3252	
178 契約	4.9	2.2	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.0	1.8	4059	
179 判断	4.8	1.9	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.3	0.8	6858	
180 周囲	4.8	2.4	3 <sup>2</sup>	6.2	1.1	1257	
181 気候	4.8	1.9	1 <sup>1</sup>	5.8	1.4	217	
182 覚悟	4.8	1.7	2 <sup>1</sup>	5.6	1.7	892	
183 弁論	4.8	2.0	2 <sup>1</sup>	5.1	1.6	431	
184 修養	4.8	1.8	4 <sup>1</sup>	2.7	1.5	20	
185 構造	4.7	1.6	4 <sup>2</sup>	6.8	0.4	3285	
186 方法	4.7	2.0	4 <sup>1</sup>	6.7	0.5	4534	
187 暴露	4.7	1.9		5.3	1.6	109	
188 創設	4.7	2.0	4 <sup>1</sup>	5.3	1.6	957	
189 政治	4.6	2.3	3 <sup>2</sup>	6.1	0.9	28003	
190 制約	4.6	1.4	2 <sup>1</sup>	5.2	1.6	478	
191 汚染	4.5	2.4	3 <sup>2</sup>	6.6	1.0	1603	
192 要求	4.5	2.0	3 <sup>1</sup>	5.9	1.1	4970	
193 透明	4.5	2.1	4 <sup>3</sup>	5.5	1.6	599	
194 交替	4.4	2.4	3 <sup>1</sup>	6	1.8	8	
195 担任	3.9	1.9	2 <sup>2</sup>	5.7	1.4	556	
196 配布	3.8	2.0	2 <sup>2</sup>	5.9	1.0	586	
197 討論	3.4	2.5	2 <sup>3</sup>	5.7	1.5	974	
198 代表	3.3	2.2	4 <sup>2</sup>	5.7	1.7	14412	
199 模様	2.9	2.0	2 <sup>2</sup>	5.4	1.8	1558	
200 企業	2.7	1.9	2 <sup>4</sup>	6.8	0.4	19110	